

Converting Colors

`RYB(205, 132, 139)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(205, 132, 139) contains.

RYB(205, 132, 139)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(205, 132, 139)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD848B
RGB	205, 132, 139
RGB Percent	80%, 52%, 55%
CMY	0.1961, 0.4824, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.32, 0.20
HSL	354°, 42%, 66%
HSV	354°, 36%, 80%
XYZ	38.0883, 31.3457, 28.4690
YIQ	154.6250, 41.2610, 17.6530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

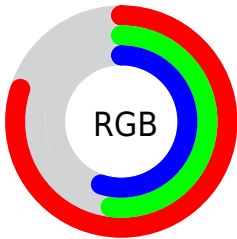
Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 132, 139
Decimal	13468811
CIE Lab	62.80, 28.98, 7.97
CIE LCh	63, 30.055, 15.378
Yxy	31.3457, 0.3890, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291658891 (0xFFCD848B)
YUV	154.6250, -7.7031, 44.1789
Hunter-Lab	55.9873, 23.4563, 9.0427

Details

The RYB color **205, 132, 139** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **132, 170, 205**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 186, 192**, and **149, 81, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 112, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 153, 158**.

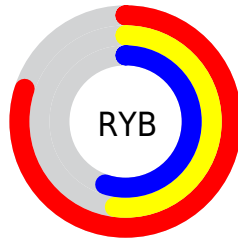
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (52%)

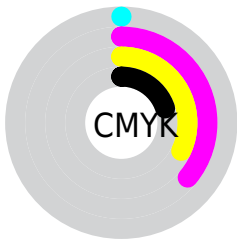
Blue (55%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (55%)

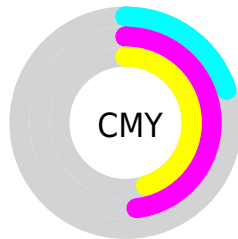


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 205, 132, 139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 205, 132, 139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 205, 132, 139

255, 255, 255

 255, 186, 192

 255, 214, 220

 255, 242, 249

 205, 132, 139

 177, 106, 114

 149, 81, 89

 122, 57, 66

 95, 34, 44

 69, 9, 23

 47, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 205, 132, 139

 205, 112, 120

 205, 132, 139

 205, 153, 158

 205, 91, 102

 205, 173, 176

 205, 70, 83

 205, 194, 195

 205, 50, 65

 205, 210, 214

 205, 30, 46

 205, 221, 235

 205, 9, 28

 205, 231, 255

 205, 0, 20

 205, 230, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196, 133, 166



205, 132, 139



199, 145, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 132, 139



114, 162, 150



96, 135, 203

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 132, 139



132, 170, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64, 120, 189



205, 132, 139



94, 139, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 132, 139



101, 156, 100



66, 117, 167



137, 148, 203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 132, 139



189, 176, 104



66, 117, 167



83, 130, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 132, 139



255, 227, 230



198, 132, 205



128, 111, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 132, 139



255, 145, 156



205, 180, 132



102, 92, 93



166, 0, 16



38, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205, 132, 139



255, 145, 156



132, 159, 205



102, 92, 93



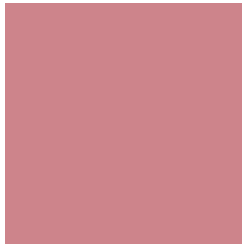
166, 0, 16



38, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 205, 132, 139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 205, 132, 139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 205, 132, 139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 205, 132, 139.

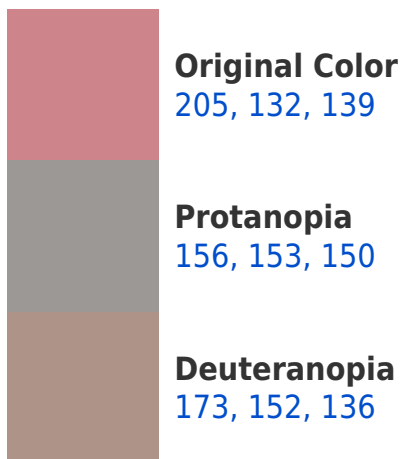



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 205, 132, 139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
205, 132, 141

Trichromacy



Original Color
205, 132, 139

Protanomaly
174, 145, 146

Deuteranomaly
185, 143, 137

Tritanomaly
205, 132, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
205, 132, 139

Achromatopsia
155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly
173, 147, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 205, 132, 139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 132, 139) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 132, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 132, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 132, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 205, 132, 139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 132, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 132, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 132, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 132, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 132, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 132,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 132, 139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 132, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
132, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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