

Converting Colors

`RYB(206, 132, 131)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(206, 132, 131) contains.

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Color

R_YB(206, 132, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CE8483
RGB	206, 132, 131
RGB Percent	81%, 52%, 51%
CMY	0.1922, 0.4824, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.36, 0.19
HSL	1°, 43%, 66%
HSV	1°, 36%, 81%
XYZ	37.7998, 31.2595, 25.5141
YIQ	154.0120, 44.4250, 15.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

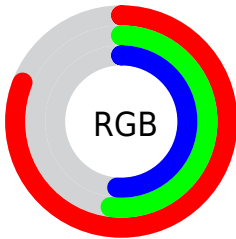
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 132, 131
Decimal	13534339
CIE Lab	62.73, 28.36, 12.43
CIE LCh	63, 30.964, 23.673
Yxy	31.2595, 0.3997, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291724419 (0xFFCE8483)
YUV	154.0120, -11.3449, 45.5935
Hunter-Lab	55.9102, 22.8377, 12.0806

Details

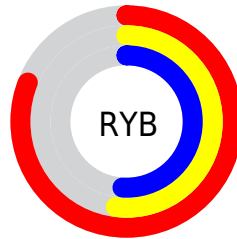
The RYB color **206, 132, 131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **131, 168, 206**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 186, 184**, and **149, 81, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206, 112, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206, 152, 152**.

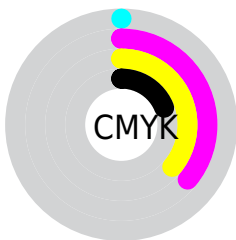
Distribution



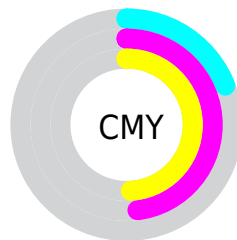
- Red (81%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 206, 132, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 206, 132, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 206, 132, 131


255, 255, 255

 255, 186, 184

 255, 214, 212

 255, 242, 240

 206, 132, 131

 177, 106, 106

 149, 81, 82

 122, 57, 59

 95, 34, 37

 69, 9, 17


 46, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 206, 132, 131

 206, 112, 110

 206, 132, 131

 206, 152, 152

■ 206, 91, 90

■ 206, 173, 172

■ 206, 71, 69

■ 206, 193, 193

■ 206, 51, 49

■ 206, 210, 213

■ 206, 30, 28

■ 206, 220, 234

■ 206, 10, 7

■ 206, 230, 255

■ 206, 3, 0

■ 206, 231, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201, 131, 159



206, 132, 131



196, 156, 108

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206, 132, 131



116, 161, 163



105, 139, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206, 132, 131



131, 168, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65, 121, 195



206, 132, 131



83, 131, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206, 132, 131



101, 157, 110



56, 113, 173



147, 147, 202

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206, 132, 131



171, 184, 99



56, 113, 173



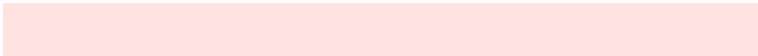
90, 133, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206, 132, 131



255, 227, 227



206, 131, 206



128, 111, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206, 132, 131



255, 144, 143



204, 206, 131



102, 92, 92



166, 2, 0



38, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 168, 206



143, 199, 255



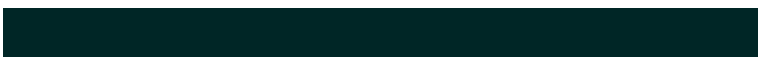
131, 156, 206



92, 97, 102



0, 82, 166



0, 19, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 206, 132, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

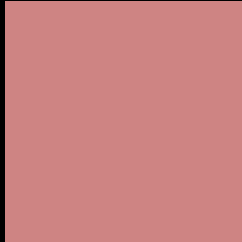
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 206, 132, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 206, 132, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 206, 132, 131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 206, 132, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
206, 132, 131

Protanopia
148, 157, 141

Deuteranopia
175, 157, 128



Tritanopia
207, 131, 140

Trichromacy



Original Color

206, 132, 131

Protanomaly

175, 147, 137

Deuteranomaly

186, 144, 129

Tritanomaly

207, 131, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

206, 132, 131

Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly

173, 146, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 206, 132, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 132, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 132, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 132, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 132, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 206, 132, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 132, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 132, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 132, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 132, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 132, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 132,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 206, 132, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 132, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
132, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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