

Converting Colors

`RYB(206, 61, 117)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(206, 61, 117) contains.

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Color

R_YB(206, 61, 117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CE3D75
RGB	206, 61, 117
RGB Percent	81%, 24%, 46%
CMY	0.1922, 0.7608, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.43, 0.19
HSL	337°, 60%, 52%
HSV	337°, 70%, 81%
XYZ	30.3332, 17.7437, 18.6558
YIQ	110.7390, 68.4440, 48.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

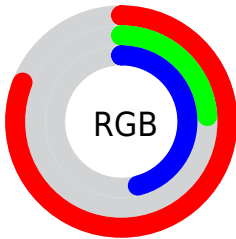
Format	Color
R_{YB}	206, 61, 117
Decimal	13516149
CIE _{Lab}	49.18, 60.72, 1.30
CIE _{LCh}	49, 60.738, 1.229
Yxy	17.7437, 0.4545, 0.2659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291706229 (0xFFCE3D75)
YUV	110.7390, 3.0867, 83.5439
Hunter-Lab	42.1232, 54.8235, 3.2276

Details

The RYB color **206, 61, 117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **61, 151, 206**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 119, 169**, and **146, 0, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206, 40, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206, 82, 130**.

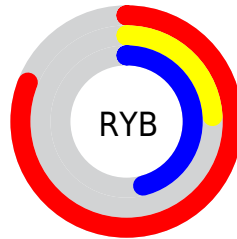
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (24%)

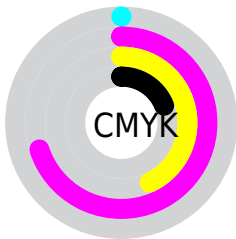
Blue (46%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (46%)

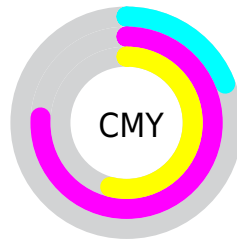


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 206, 61, 117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 206, 61, 117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



206, 61, 117



206, 61, 117

255, 255, 255



176, 26, 92



255, 119, 169



146, 0, 69



255, 147, 196



117, 0, 47



255, 175, 224



88, 0, 27



255, 204, 253



63, 0, 3



255, 234, 255



27, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



206, 61, 117



206, 61, 117



206, 40, 104




206, 82, 130

 206, 20, 92


 206, 102, 142

 206, 0, 80

 206, 123, 155

 206, 143, 168

 206, 164, 180

 206, 185, 193

 206, 205, 206

 206, 219, 226

 206, 231, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180, 77, 167



206, 61, 117



203, 72, 67

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206, 61, 117



7, 129, 49



0, 82, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206, 61, 117



61, 151, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 77, 169



206, 61, 117



0, 93, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206, 61, 117



29, 139, 0



0, 76, 140



0, 79, 221

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206, 61, 117



189, 114, 35



0, 76, 140



0, 81, 197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206, 61, 117



255, 201, 222



148, 61, 206



128, 96, 108



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206, 61, 117



255, 41, 124



206, 78, 61



102, 92, 96



166, 0, 64



38, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 61, 117



255, 41, 124



61, 130, 206



102, 92, 96



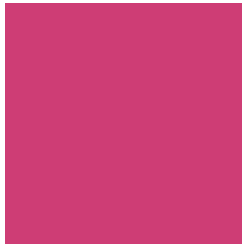
166, 0, 64



38, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 206, 61, 117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

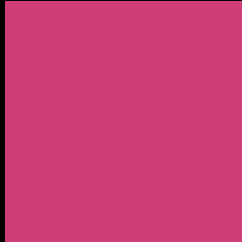
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 206, 61, 117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 206, 61, 117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 206, 61, 117.

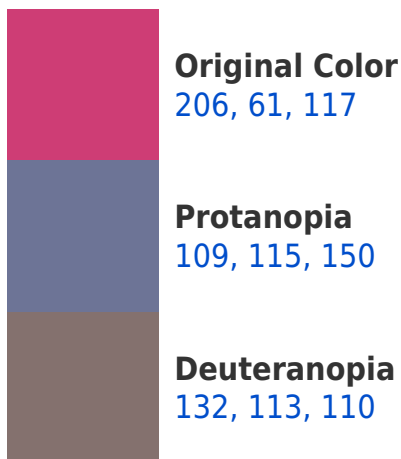


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 206, 61, 117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

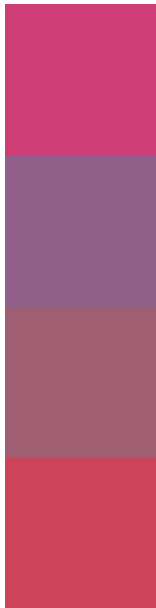
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
203, 71, 75

Trichromacy



Original Color

206, 61, 117

Protanomaly

144, 96, 138

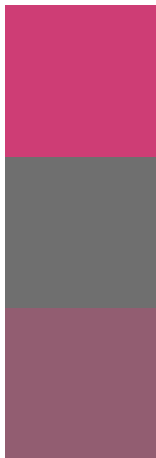
Deuteranomaly

159, 94, 113

Tritanomaly

204, 67, 90

Monochromacy



Original Color

206, 61, 117

Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly

146, 93, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 206, 61, 117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 61, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 61, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 61, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 61, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 206, 61, 117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 61, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 61, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 61, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 61, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 61, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 61,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 206, 61, 117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 61, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206, 61,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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