

Converting Colors

`RYB(207, 213, 134)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(207, 213, 134) contains.

RYB(207, 213, 134)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(207, 213, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5AF86
RGB	213, 175, 134
RGB Percent	84%, 69%, 53%
CMY	0.1647, 0.3135, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.37, 0.16
HSL	31°, 48%, 68%
HSV	31°, 37%, 84%
XYZ	47.0851, 46.5504, 29.0577
YIQ	181.6880, 35.8090, -4.6950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

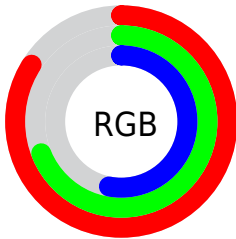
Format	Color
R _Y B	207, 213, 134
Decimal	14004102
CIE Lab	73.90, 8.12, 26.24
CIE LCh	74, 27.465, 72.802
Yxy	46.5504, 0.3838, 0.3794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292194182 (0xFFD5AF86)
YUV	181.6880, -23.5102, 27.4606
Hunter-Lab	68.2278, 3.7871, 22.5083

Details

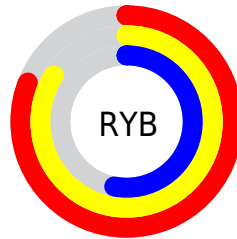
The RYB color **207, 213, 134** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **134, 160, 213**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 255, 187**, and **148, 157, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 213, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 213, 155**.

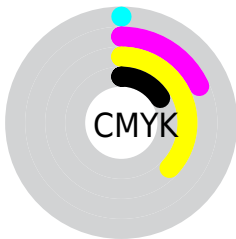
Distribution



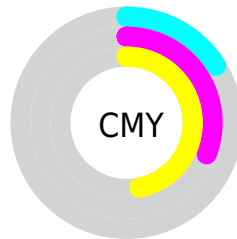
- Red (84%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 207, 213, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 207, 213, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 207, 213, 134

255, 255, 255


 224, 255, 187

 215, 255, 215


 244, 255, 244


 207, 213, 134

 179, 185, 108

 148, 157, 84

 119, 130, 60

 93, 104, 38

 61, 78, 16

 43, 54, 0

 30, 9, 0


 0, 0, 0

 207, 213, 134


 207, 213, 134

 205, 213, 113


 209, 213, 155

 202, 213, 91


 209, 213, 177

 203, 213, 70

 211, 213, 198

 201, 213, 49

 213, 215, 219

 198, 213, 27

 213, 222, 241

 196, 213, 6

 213, 228, 255

 196, 213, 0

 213, 232, 255

 213, 234, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229, 173, 148



207, 213, 134



139, 189, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207, 213, 134



110, 154, 196



199, 172, 219

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207, 213, 134



134, 160, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166, 177, 230



207, 213, 134



108, 156, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207, 213, 134



132, 173, 195



131, 167, 229



223, 165, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207, 213, 134



139, 188, 157



131, 167, 229



189, 174, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207, 213, 134



251, 255, 227



213, 134, 172



126, 128, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207, 213, 134



245, 255, 140



134, 213, 135



105, 107, 96



158, 171, 0



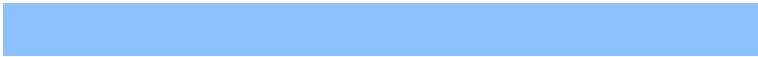
37, 43, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 160, 213



140, 177, 255



135, 134, 213



96, 100, 107



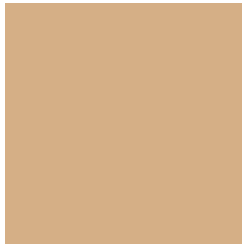
0, 55, 171



0, 14, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 207, 213, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 207, 213, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

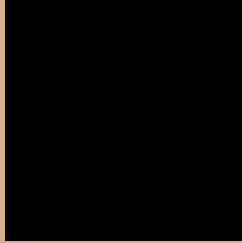
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 207, 213, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 207, 213, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 207, 213, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
207, 213, 134

Protanopia
154, 195, 137

Deuteranopia
215, 213, 134

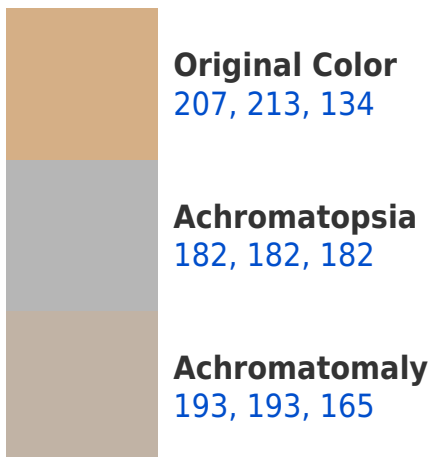


Tritanopia
218, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 207, 213, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 175, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 175, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 175, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 175, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 207, 213, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 175, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 175, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 175, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 175, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 175, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 175,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 207, 213, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 175, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
175, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor