

# Converting Colors

`RYB(207, 6, 156)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(207, 6, 156) contains.

<b>RYB(207, 6, 156)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(207, 6, 156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CF069C
RGB	207, 6, 156
RGB Percent	81%, 2%, 61%
CMY	0.1882, 0.9765, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.25, 0.19
HSL	315°, 94%, 42%
HSV	315°, 97%, 81%
XYZ	31.7980, 15.7959, 32.8255
YIQ	83.1990, 71.6460, 89.2620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

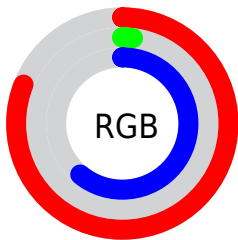
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 6, 156
Decimal	13567644
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.71, 76.82, -25.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 81.097, 341.306
Yxy	15.7959, 0.3954, 0.1964
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291757724 (0xFFCF069C)
YUV	83.1990, 35.8909, 108.5735
Hunter-Lab	39.7441, 73.2600, -21.1479

# Details

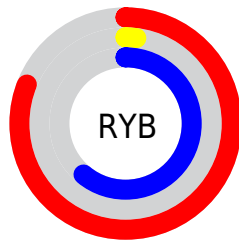
The RYB color **207, 6, 156** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **6, 166, 207**, and the grayscale version is **83, 83, 83**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 92, 211**, and **147, 0, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **207, 0, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 27, 161**.

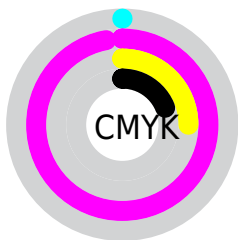
# Distribution



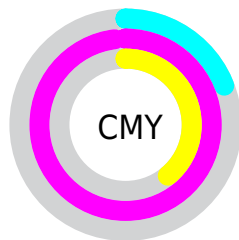
- Red (81%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 207, 6, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 207, 6, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





207, 6, 156



207, 6, 156

255, 255, 255



177, 0, 130



255, 92, 211



147, 0, 104



255, 123, 239



118, 0, 80



255, 152, 255



90, 0, 57



255, 182, 255



62, 0, 35



255, 212, 255



32, 0, 8



255, 242, 255



0, 0, 0



207, 6, 156



207, 6, 156



207, 0, 154



207, 27, 161

■ 207, 47, 167

■ 207, 68, 172

■ 207, 89, 177

■ 207, 110, 182

■ 207, 130, 188

■ 207, 151, 193

■ 207, 172, 198

■ 207, 192, 203

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141, 77, 215



207, 6, 156



226, 0, 88

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207, 6, 156



0, 116, 4



0, 82, 200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207, 6, 156



6, 166, 207

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 70, 138



207, 6, 156



0, 130, 127

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207, 6, 156



145, 169, 0



0, 92, 136



0, 85, 242

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207, 6, 156



218, 25, 44



0, 92, 136



0, 78, 180



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207, 6, 156



255, 181, 236



56, 6, 207



128, 83, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207, 6, 156



255, 0, 190



207, 6, 56



105, 94, 102



168, 0, 126



41, 0, 30



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 6, 156



255, 0, 190



6, 121, 207



105, 94, 102



168, 0, 126



41, 0, 30



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 207, 6, 156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

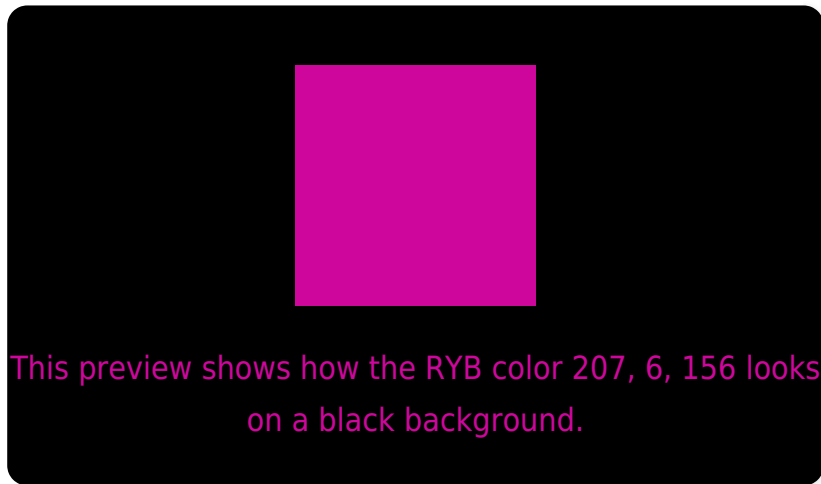
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 207, 6, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 207, 6, 156.

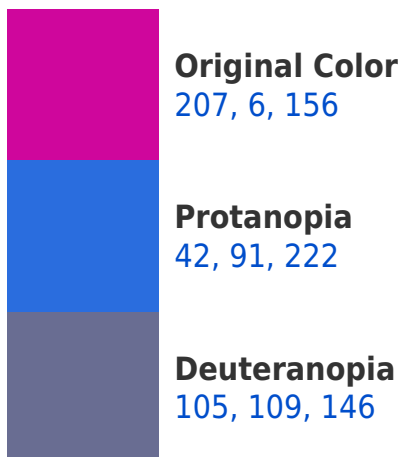


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 207, 6, 156.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
200, 62, 65

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

207, 6, 156



**Protanomaly**

102, 72, 198



**Deuteranomaly**

142, 72, 150



**Tritanomaly**

203, 42, 98

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

207, 6, 156



**Achromatopsia**

83, 83, 83



**Achromatomaly**

128, 55, 110

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 207, 6, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 6, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 6, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 6, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 6, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 207, 6, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 6, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 6, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 6, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 6, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 6, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 6,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 207, 6, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 6, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207, 6,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor