

Converting Colors

`RYB(208, 47, 47)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(208, 47, 47) contains.

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Color

RYB(208, 47, 47)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D02F2F
RGB	208, 47, 47
RGB Percent	82%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.1843, 0.8157, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.77, 0.18
HSL	0°, 63%, 50%
HSV	0°, 77%, 82%
XYZ	27.5420, 15.6482, 4.2581
YIQ	95.1390, 95.9560, 34.1320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

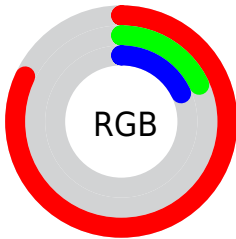
Format	Color
RYB	208, 47, 47
Decimal	13643567
CIELab	46.51, 61.43, 39.89
CIELCh	47, 73.246, 32.996
Yxy	15.6482, 0.5805, 0.3298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291833647 (0xFFD02F2F)
YUV	95.1390, -23.7325, 98.9791
Hunter-Lab	39.5578, 55.0543, 21.3083

Details

The RYB color **208, 47, 47** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **47, 128, 208**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 108, 94**, and **145, 0, 2** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 26, 26**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 68, 68**.

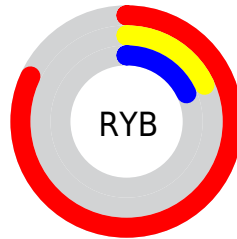
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (18%)

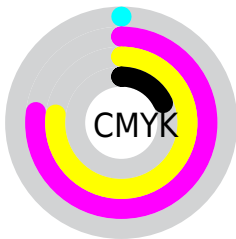
Blue (18%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)

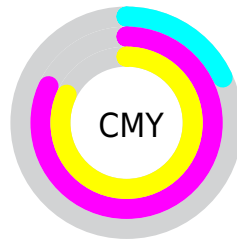


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (77%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 208, 47, 47 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 208, 47, 47 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



208, 47, 47



208, 47, 47

255, 255, 255



176, 0, 25



255, 108, 94



145, 0, 2



255, 137, 119



114, 0, 0



255, 168, 145



83, 0, 1



255, 201, 171



55, 0, 2



255, 238, 199



9, 0, 0



232, 255, 227



0, 0, 0



208, 47, 47



208, 47, 47



208, 26, 26




208, 68, 68

 208, 5, 5


 208, 89, 89

 208, 0, 0

 208, 109, 109

 208, 130, 130

 208, 151, 151

 208, 172, 172

 208, 193, 193

 208, 211, 213

 208, 221, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214, 12, 107



208, 47, 47



177, 160, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 47, 47



0, 97, 133



0, 78, 235

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 47, 47



47, 128, 208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 82, 220



208, 47, 47



0, 74, 136

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 47, 47



0, 125, 61



0, 77, 176



111, 90, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 47, 47



61, 146, 0



0, 77, 176



0, 81, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 47, 47



255, 196, 196



208, 47, 208



128, 92, 92



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 47, 47



255, 18, 18



208, 206, 47



105, 94, 94



168, 0, 0



41, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 128, 208



18, 137, 255



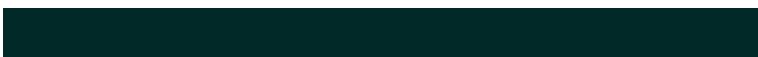
47, 100, 208



94, 100, 105



0, 84, 168



0, 21, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 208, 47, 47 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

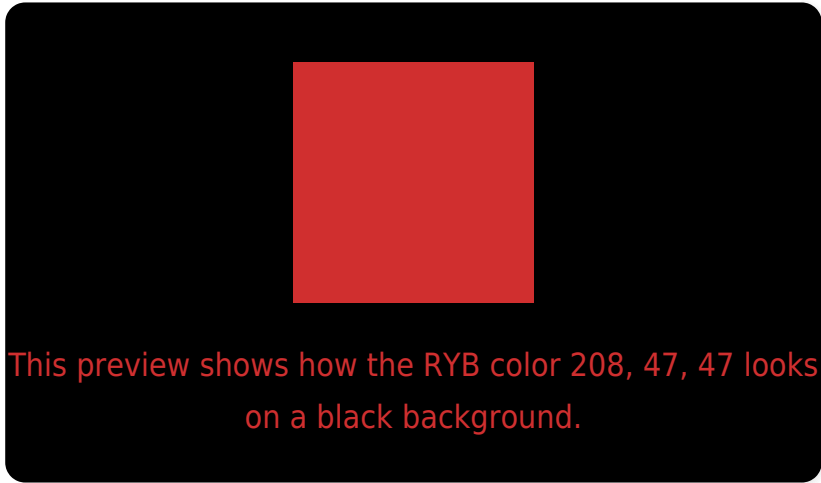
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 208, 47, 47 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 208, 47, 47.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 208, 47, 47.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

208, 47, 47

Protanopia

80, 122, 66

Deuteranopia

86, 139, 35



Tritanopia
208, 47, 48

Trichromacy



Original Color

208, 47, 47

Protanomaly

153, 101, 59

Deuteranomaly

164, 109, 39

Tritanomaly

208, 47, 48

Monochromacy



Original Color

208, 47, 47

Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly

136, 78, 78

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 208, 47, 47 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 47, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 47, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 47, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 47, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 208, 47, 47 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 47, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 47, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 47, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 47, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 47, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 47,  
47) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 47, 47 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 47, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208, 47,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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