

Converting Colors

`RYB(211, 101, 112)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(211, 101, 112) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(211, 101, 112)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D36570
RGB	211, 101, 112
RGB Percent	83%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.1725, 0.6039, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.47, 0.17
HSL	354°, 56%, 61%
HSV	354°, 52%, 83%
XYZ	34.4423, 24.3261, 18.2093
YIQ	135.1440, 62.0290, 26.7410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

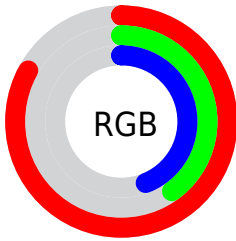
Format	Color
R_{YB}	211, 101, 112
Decimal	13854064
CIE _{Lab}	56.41, 44.34, 14.66
CIE _{LCh}	56, 46.705, 18.294
Yxy	24.3261, 0.4474, 0.3160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292044144 (0xFFD36570)
YUV	135.1440, -11.4100, 66.5257
Hunter-Lab	49.3215, 38.3378, 12.6354

Details

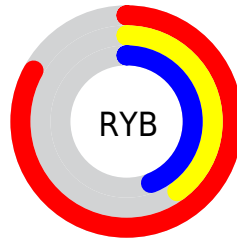
The RYB color **211, 101, 112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **101, 159, 211**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 155, 164**, and **152, 48, 64** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **211, 80, 93**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **211, 122, 131**.

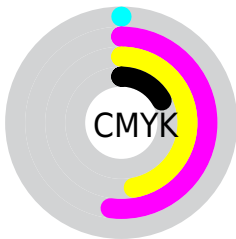
Distribution



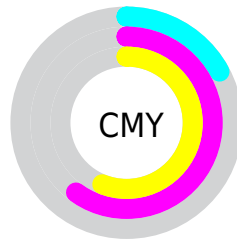
- Red (83%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 211, 101, 112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 211, 101, 112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 211, 101, 112


255, 255, 255


 255, 155, 164

 255, 182, 191

 255, 211, 218

 255, 240, 247

 211, 101, 112

 181, 75, 88

 152, 48, 64

 124, 19, 43

 95, 0, 22


 68, 0, 0


 42, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 211, 101, 112


 211, 80, 93


 211, 101, 112


 211, 122, 131


 211, 59, 74


 211, 143, 150


 211, 38, 55

 211, 164, 169

 211, 17, 36

 211, 185, 188

 211, 0, 21

 211, 207, 207

 211, 220, 228

 211, 231, 249

 211, 233, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 102, 153



211, 101, 112



199, 127, 76

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



211, 101, 112



79, 150, 142



0, 86, 215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



211, 101, 112



101, 159, 211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 85, 195



211, 101, 112



0, 88, 155

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



211, 101, 112



54, 141, 61



0, 79, 160



110, 127, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



211, 101, 112



176, 182, 59



0, 79, 160



0, 87, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



211, 101, 112



255, 214, 218



200, 101, 211



128, 103, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



211, 101, 112



255, 94, 110



211, 174, 101



105, 94, 95



168, 0, 17



41, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 101, 112



255, 94, 110



101, 142, 211



105, 94, 95



168, 0, 17



41, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 211, 101, 112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

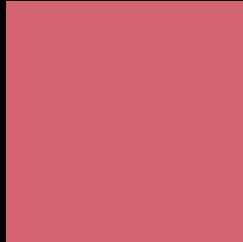
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 211, 101, 112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 211, 101, 112 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 211, 101, 112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 211, 101, 112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
211, 101, 112

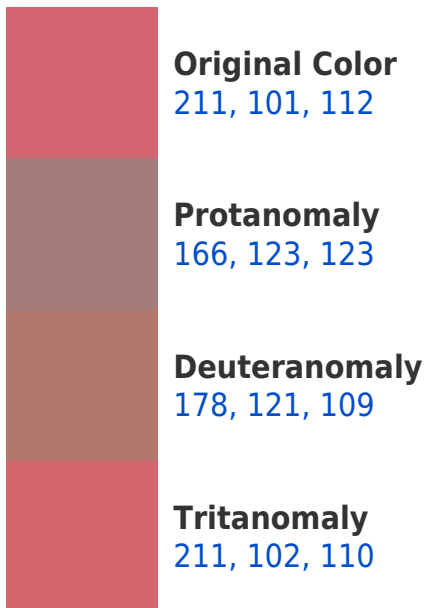
Protanopia
138, 140, 129

Deuteranopia
159, 148, 107

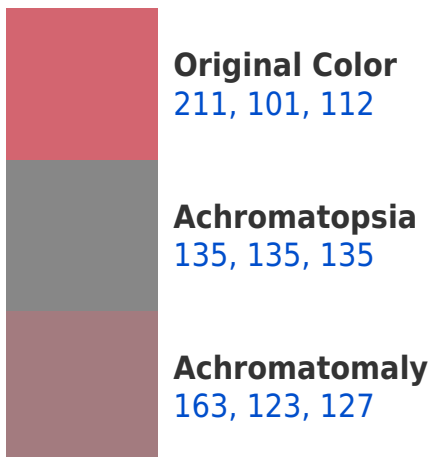


Tritanopia
211, 102, 109

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 211, 101, 112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 101, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 101, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 101, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 101, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 211, 101, 112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

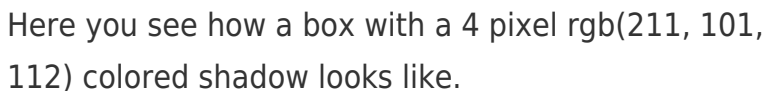
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 101, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 101, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 101, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 101, 112); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 101, 112); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 101, 112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 211, 101, 112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 101, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
101, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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