

Converting Colors

`RYB(212, 137, 131)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(212, 137, 131) contains.

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Color

R_YB(212, 137, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D48983
RGB	212, 137, 131
RGB Percent	83%, 54%, 51%
CMY	0.1686, 0.4644, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.38, 0.17
HSL	4°, 49%, 67%
HSV	4°, 38%, 83%
XYZ	40.1351, 33.4096, 25.8061
YIQ	158.7410, 46.6260, 14.0340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

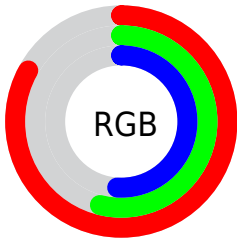
Format	Color
R_{YB}	212, 137, 131
Decimal	13928835
CIE _{Lab}	64.49, 28.17, 15.01
CIE _{LCh}	64, 31.919, 28.046
Yxy	33.4096, 0.4040, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292118915 (0xFFD48983)
YUV	158.7410, -13.6763, 46.7081
Hunter-Lab	57.8011, 22.7923, 13.9899

Details

The RYB color **212, 137, 131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **131, 170, 212**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 192, 184**, and **155, 86, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212, 118, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 156, 152**.

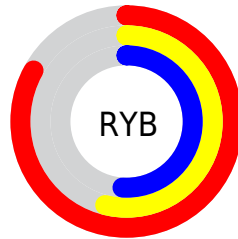
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (54%)

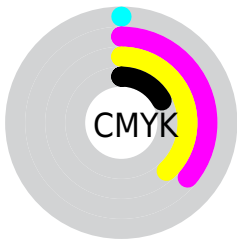
Blue (51%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (51%)

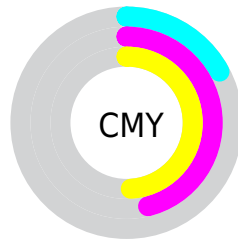


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)


Magenta (46%)


Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 212, 137, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 212, 137, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 212, 137, 131

 212, 137, 131

255, 255, 255

 183, 111, 106

 255, 192, 184

 155, 86, 82

 255, 220, 212

 127, 61, 59

 255, 253, 240


 100, 38, 37


 74, 14, 16

 50, 0, 0

 11, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 212, 137, 131


 212, 137, 131

 212, 118, 110


 212, 156, 152

 212, 98, 89


 212, 176, 173

 212, 78, 67


 212, 196, 195

 212, 59, 46

 212, 214, 216

 212, 39, 25

 212, 224, 237

 212, 19, 4

 212, 234, 255

 212, 16, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 135, 159



212, 137, 131



200, 166, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



212, 137, 131



115, 161, 169



114, 145, 213

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



212, 137, 131



131, 170, 212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71, 127, 204



212, 137, 131



80, 131, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



212, 137, 131



105, 163, 120



55, 116, 182



157, 150, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



212, 137, 131



161, 186, 101



55, 116, 182



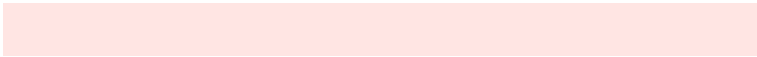
99, 140, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



212, 137, 131



255, 229, 227



212, 131, 207



128, 112, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



212, 137, 131



255, 147, 138



193, 212, 131



107, 97, 96



171, 13, 0



43, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 170, 212



138, 194, 255



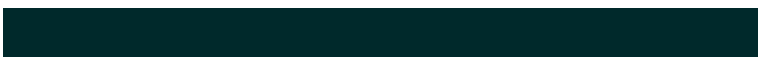
131, 155, 212



96, 101, 107



0, 82, 171



0, 21, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 212, 137, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

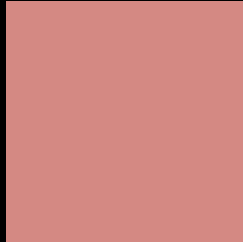
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 212, 137, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 212, 137, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 212, 137, 131.

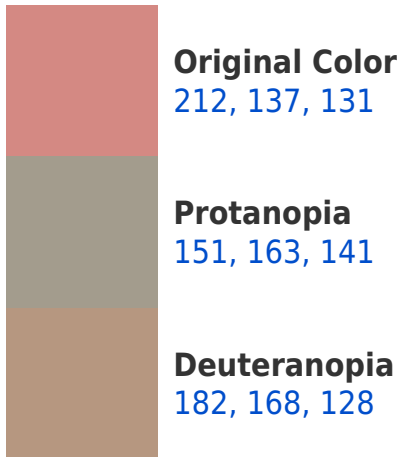


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 212, 137, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
213, 135, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color
212, 137, 131

Protanomaly
181, 154, 137

Deuteranomaly
193, 152, 129

Tritanomaly
213, 136, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
212, 137, 131

Achromatopsia
158, 158, 158

Achromatomaly
178, 150, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 212, 137, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 137, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 137, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 137, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 137, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 212, 137, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 137, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 137, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 137, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 137, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 137, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 137,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 212, 137, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 137, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
137, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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