

Converting Colors

`RYB(212, 140, 164)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(212, 140, 164) contains.

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Color

R_YB(212, 140, 164)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D48CA4
RGB	212, 140, 164
RGB Percent	83%, 55%, 64%
CMY	0.1686, 0.4510, 0.3569
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.23, 0.17
HSL	340°, 46%, 69%
HSV	340°, 34%, 83%
XYZ	43.2303, 35.4336, 39.6828
YIQ	164.2640, 35.2080, 22.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

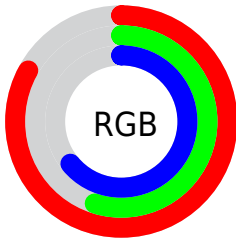
Format	Color
R _Y B	212, 140, 164
Decimal	13929636
CIE Lab	66.08, 30.71, -1.33
CIE LCh	66, 30.736, 357.512
Yxy	35.4336, 0.3653, 0.2994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292119716 (0xFFD48CA4)
YUV	164.2640, -0.1302, 41.8645
Hunter-Lab	59.5261, 25.4634, 2.1428

Details

The RYB color **212, 140, 164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **140, 183, 212**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 194, 219**, and **156, 89, 112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212, 119, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 161, 178**.

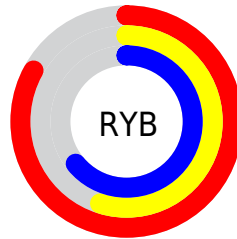
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (55%)

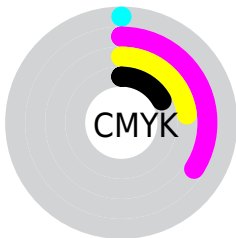
Blue (64%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (64%)

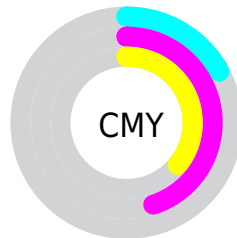


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 212, 140, 164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 212, 140, 164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 212, 140, 164

 212, 140, 164

255, 255, 255

 184, 114, 138

 255, 194, 219

 156, 89, 112

 255, 223, 247

 129, 64, 88

 255, 251, 255

 103, 40, 65


 77, 16, 43

 52, 0, 22

 27, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 212, 140, 164

 212, 140, 164

■ 212, 119, 150

■ 212, 161, 178

■ 212, 98, 136

■ 212, 182, 192

■ 212, 76, 122

■ 212, 204, 206

■ 212, 55, 107

■ 212, 220, 225

■ 212, 34, 93

■ 212, 232, 246

■ 212, 13, 79

■ 212, 235, 255

■ 212, 0, 71

■ 212, 234, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194, 145, 191



212, 140, 164



215, 142, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



212, 140, 164



111, 167, 125



81, 133, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



212, 140, 164



140, 183, 212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68, 124, 185



212, 140, 164



121, 165, 173

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



212, 140, 164



140, 182, 105



89, 138, 176



120, 150, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



212, 140, 164



209, 156, 121



89, 138, 176



72, 128, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



212, 140, 164



255, 230, 238



188, 140, 212



128, 112, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



212, 140, 164



255, 150, 185



212, 154, 140



107, 96, 100



171, 0, 57



43, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 140, 164



255, 150, 185



140, 173, 212



107, 96, 100



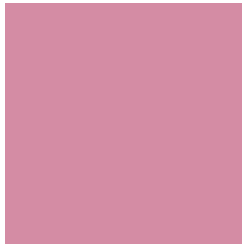
171, 0, 57



43, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 212, 140, 164 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

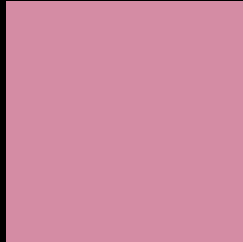
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 212, 140, 164 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 212, 140, 164 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 212, 140, 164.

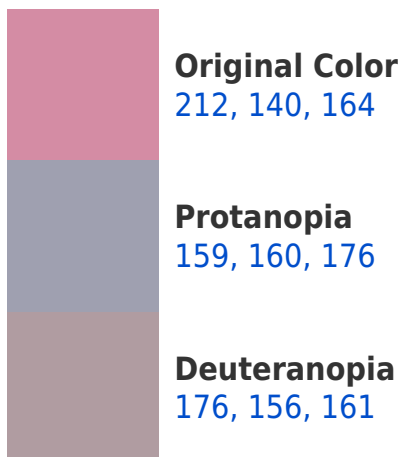



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 212, 140, 164.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
211, 142, 153

Trichromacy



Original Color

212, 140, 164

Protanomaly

178, 153, 172

Deuteranomaly

189, 150, 162

Tritanomaly

211, 141, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color

212, 140, 164

Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164

Achromatomaly

181, 155, 164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 212, 140, 164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(212, 140, 164) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 140, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 140, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 140, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 212, 140, 164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 140, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 140, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 140, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 140, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 140, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 140,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 212, 140, 164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 140, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
140, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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