

Converting Colors

`RYB(212, 148, 85)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(212, 148, 85) contains.

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Color

R_YB(212, 148, 85)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D47F55
RGB	212, 127, 85
RGB Percent	83%, 50%, 33%
CMY	0.1686, 0.5015, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.60, 0.17
HSL	20°, 60%, 58%
HSV	20°, 60%, 83%
XYZ	36.3947, 29.8602, 12.4397
YIQ	147.6270, 64.1420, 4.9580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

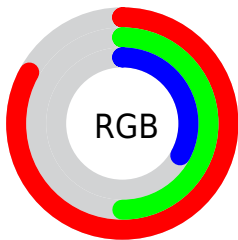
Format	Color
R_{YB}	212, 148, 85
Decimal	13926229
CIE _{Lab}	61.53, 28.88, 36.63
CIE _{LCh}	62, 46.650, 51.743
Yxy	29.8602, 0.4625, 0.3794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292116309 (0xFFD47F55)
YUV	147.6270, -30.8751, 56.4551
Hunter-Lab	54.6445, 23.2579, 24.7539

Details

The RYB color **212, 148, 85** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **85, 136, 212**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 206, 136**, and **153, 97, 38** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212, 137, 64**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 158, 106**.

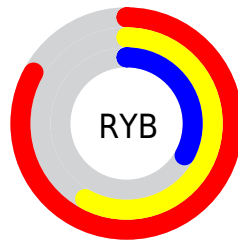
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (50%)

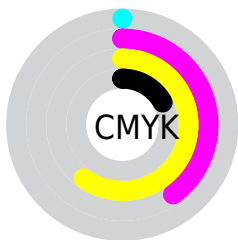
Blue (33%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (33%)

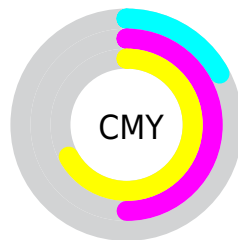


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 212, 148, 85 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 212, 148, 85 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 212, 148, 85  212, 148, 85

255, 255, 255  182, 123, 61

 255, 208, 136  153, 97, 38

 255, 253, 162  124, 73, 15

 214, 255, 189  97, 41, 0

 217, 255, 217  68, 5, 0

 246, 255, 246  44, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0


 212, 148, 85  212, 148, 85


 212, 137, 64  212, 158, 106

 212, 127, 43

 212, 169, 127

 212, 117, 21

 212, 181, 149

 212, 105, 0

 212, 191, 170

 212, 202, 191

 212, 212, 212

 212, 220, 233

 212, 229, 255

 212, 234, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226, 115, 120



212, 148, 85



128, 183, 65

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



212, 148, 85



0, 94, 169



133, 141, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



212, 148, 85



85, 136, 212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28, 106, 230



212, 148, 85



0, 87, 178

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



212, 148, 85



94, 162, 164



0, 93, 212



189, 126, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



212, 148, 85



69, 157, 64



0, 93, 212



108, 137, 229

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



212, 148, 85



255, 231, 209



212, 85, 172



128, 114, 99



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



212, 148, 85



255, 162, 71



113, 212, 85



107, 102, 96



171, 86, 0



43, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 136, 212



71, 145, 255



85, 104, 212



96, 101, 107



0, 68, 171



0, 17, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 212, 148, 85 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

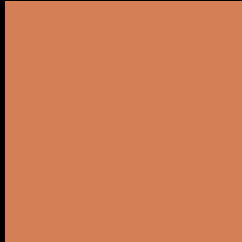
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 212, 148, 85 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

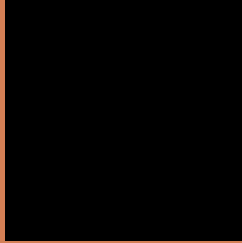
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 212, 148, 85 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 212, 148, 85.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 212, 148, 85.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
212, 148, 85

Protanopia
111, 163, 93

Deuteranopia
149, 182, 82



Tritanopia
215, 121, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color

212, 148, 85

Protanomaly

161, 181, 90

Deuteranomaly

193, 189, 83

Tritanomaly

214, 124, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

212, 148, 85

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

171, 147, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 212, 148, 85 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 127, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 127, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 127, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 127, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 212, 148, 85 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 127, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 127, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 127, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 127, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 127, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 127,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 212, 127, 85 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 127, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
127, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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