

Converting Colors

`RYB(213, 106, 214)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(213, 106, 214) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(213, 106, 214)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D56AD6
RGB	213, 106, 214
RGB Percent	84%, 42%, 84%
CMY	0.1647, 0.5843, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	299°, 57%, 63%
HSV	299°, 50%, 84%
XYZ	44.7322, 29.3092, 66.9179
YIQ	150.3050, 29.1040, 56.2720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

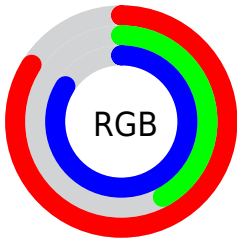
Format	Color
R _Y B	213, 106, 214
Decimal	13986518
CIE Lab	61.05, 56.80, -37.19
CIE LCh	61, 67.889, 326.782
Yxy	29.3092, 0.3173, 0.2079
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292176598 (0xFFD56AD6)
YUV	150.3050, 31.4016, 54.9835
Hunter-Lab	54.1380, 52.7463, -35.3895

Details

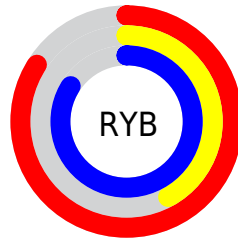
The RYB color **213, 106, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **106, 214, 213**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 161, 255**, and **156, 51, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **213, 85, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 127, 214**.

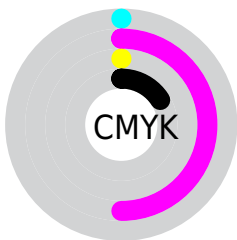
Distribution



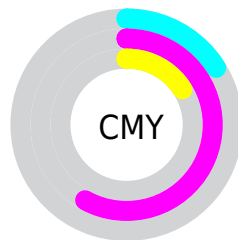
- Red (84%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 213, 106, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 213, 106, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 213, 106, 214

255, 255, 255

 255, 161, 255


 255, 189, 255


 255, 218, 255


 255, 247, 255

 213, 106, 214


 184, 79, 186

 156, 51, 159

 128, 17, 132

 101, 0, 107

 74, 0, 82

 51, 0, 59

 18, 0, 36

 0, 0, 11

 0, 0, 0


 213, 106, 214

 213, 106, 214

 213, 85, 214


 213, 127, 214


 213, 63, 214

 213, 149, 214

 212, 42, 214

 214, 170, 214

 212, 20, 214

 214, 192, 214

 212, 0, 214

 214, 213, 214

 214, 234, 234

 214, 255, 255

 214, 255, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133, 134, 255



213, 106, 214



250, 86, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 106, 214



51, 182, 0



0, 93, 200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 106, 214



106, 214, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 97, 174



213, 106, 214



18, 160, 55

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 106, 214



226, 169, 44



14, 125, 170



0, 100, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 106, 214



254, 88, 116



14, 125, 170



0, 89, 180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 106, 214



255, 217, 255



106, 108, 214



127, 105, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 106, 214



254, 99, 255



214, 106, 162



107, 96, 107



169, 0, 171



43, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 106, 107



255, 99, 101



106, 179, 214



107, 96, 96



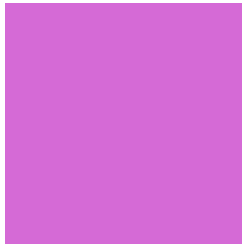
171, 0, 2



43, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 213, 106, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

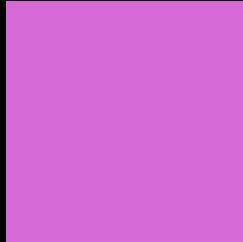
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 213, 106, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

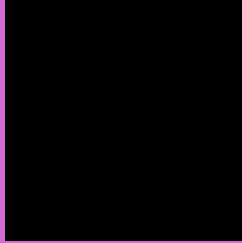
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 213, 106, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 213, 106, 214.

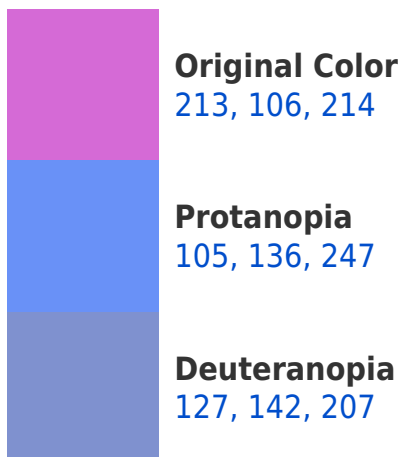


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 213, 106, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
203, 125, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

213, 106, 214



Protanomaly

144, 130, 235



Deuteranomaly

158, 131, 210



Tritanomaly

207, 118, 164

Monochromacy



Original Color

213, 106, 214



Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150



Achromatomaly

173, 134, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 213, 106, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(213, 106, 214) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 106, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 106, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 106, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 213, 106, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 106, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 106, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 106, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 106, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 106, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 106,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 106, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 106, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
106, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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