

Converting Colors

`RYB(213, 111, 193)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(213, 111, 193) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(213, 111, 193)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D56FC1
RGB	213, 111, 193
RGB Percent	84%, 44%, 76%
CMY	0.1647, 0.5647, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.09, 0.16
HSL	312°, 55%, 64%
HSV	312°, 48%, 84%
XYZ	42.7507, 29.3653, 53.8669
YIQ	150.8460, 34.4700, 47.1260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

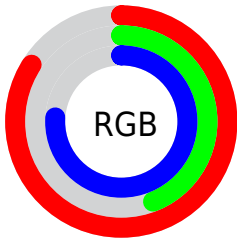
Format	Color
R _Y B	213, 111, 193
Decimal	13987777
CIE Lab	61.10, 50.75, -25.24
CIE LCh	61, 56.686, 333.555
Yxy	29.3653, 0.3393, 0.2331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292177857 (0xFFD56FC1)
YUV	150.8460, 20.7819, 54.5091
Hunter-Lab	54.1897, 45.9878, -21.0040

Details

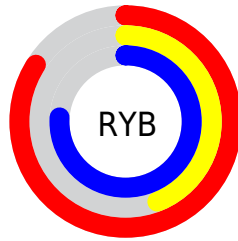
The RYB color **213, 111, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **111, 196, 213**, and the grayscale version is **151, 151, 151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 166, 250**, and **156, 58, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **213, 90, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 132, 197**.

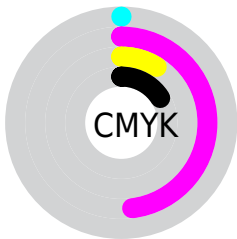
Distribution



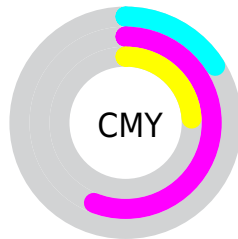
- Red (84%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 213, 111, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 213, 111, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 213, 111, 193

255, 255, 255

 255, 166, 250

 255, 194, 255

 255, 222, 255

 255, 252, 255

 213, 111, 193

 184, 84, 166


 156, 58, 139

 129, 29, 114

 102, 0, 89

 75, 0, 65

 52, 0, 43

 19, 0, 21

 0, 0, 0

 213, 111, 193

 213, 111, 193

■ 213, 90, 189

■ 213, 132, 197

■ 213, 68, 185

■ 213, 154, 201

■ 213, 47, 180

■ 213, 175, 206

■ 213, 26, 176

■ 213, 196, 210

■ 213, 4, 172

■ 213, 217, 218

■ 213, 0, 171

■ 213, 235, 239

■ 213, 248, 255

■ 213, 245, 255

■ 213, 242, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157, 132, 231



213, 111, 193



238, 101, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 111, 193



64, 169, 38



0, 93, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 111, 193



111, 196, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 91, 172



213, 111, 193



58, 160, 101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 111, 193



209, 192, 56



31, 122, 168



0, 97, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 111, 193



238, 105, 110



31, 122, 168



0, 89, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 111, 193



255, 219, 248



130, 111, 213



128, 106, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 111, 193



255, 110, 227



213, 111, 143



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 137



43, 0, 35

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213, 111, 193



255, 110, 227



111, 171, 213



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 137



43, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 213, 111, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

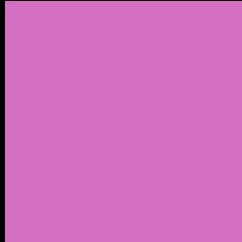
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 213, 111, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

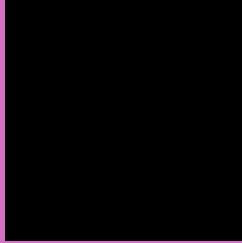
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 213, 111, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 213, 111, 193.

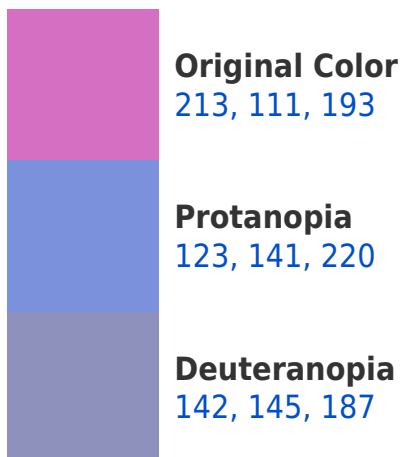



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 213, 111, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
206, 124, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

213, 111, 193



Protanomaly

156, 133, 210



Deuteranomaly

168, 133, 189



Tritanomaly

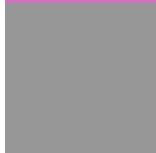
209, 119, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color

213, 111, 193



Achromatopsia

151, 151, 151



Achromatomaly

174, 136, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 213, 111, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 111, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 111, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 111, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 111, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 213, 111, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 111, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 111, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 111, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 111, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 111, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 111,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 213, 111, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 111, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
111, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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