

Converting Colors

`RYB(213, 236, 251)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(213, 236, 251) contains.

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Color

R_YB(213, 236, 251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | D5FBEE |
| RGB | 213, 251, 238 |
| RGB Percent | 84%, 98%, 93% |
| CMY | 0.1647, 0.0157, 0.0675 |
| CMYK | 0.15, 0.00, 0.05, 0.02 |
| HSL | 159°, 83%, 91% |
| HSV | 159°, 15%, 98% |
| XYZ | 77.3384, 89.3008, 93.8822 |
| YIQ | 238.1560, -18.4750, -12.0990 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

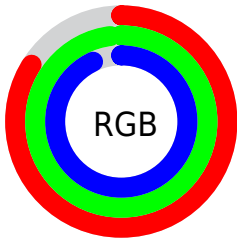
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 213, 236, 251 |
| Decimal | 14023662 |
| CIE Lab | 95.71, -14.70, 2.24 |
| CIE LCh | 96, 14.870, 171.342 |
| Yxy | 89.3008, 0.2969, 0.3428 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292213742 (0xFFD5FBEE) |
| YUV | 238.1560, -0.0769, -22.0618 |
| Hunter-Lab | 94.4991, -19.2883, 7.2464 |

Details

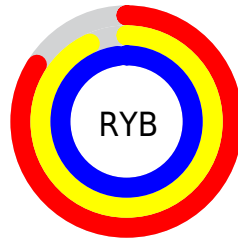
The RYB color **213, 236, 251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **251, 213, 226**, and the grayscale version is **238, 238, 238**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **158, 180, 194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **188, 226, 251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238, 246, 251**.

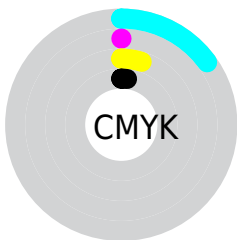
Distribution



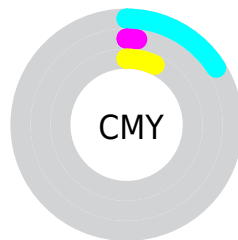
- Red (84%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 213, 236, 251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 213, 236, 251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 213, 236, 251

255, 255, 255

■ 213, 236, 251

■ 185, 207, 222

■ 158, 180, 194

■ 132, 153, 167

■ 106, 127, 141

■ 81, 101, 115

■ 57, 76, 90

■ 35, 54, 67

■ 12, 31, 45

■ 0, 16, 25

 213, 236, 251

 213, 236, 251


 188, 226, 251


 238, 246, 251


 163, 216, 251


 255, 251, 255


 138, 206, 251


 113, 197, 251

 88, 187, 251

 62, 176, 251

 37, 166, 251

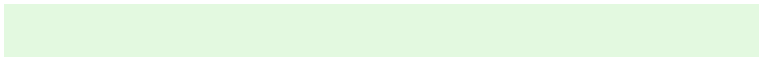
 12, 157, 251

 0, 152, 251

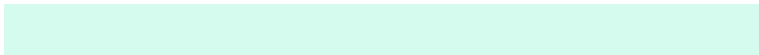
Harmonies

Analogous

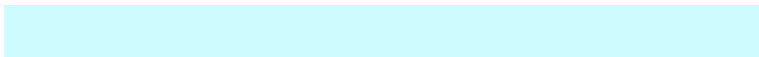
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



224, 249, 246



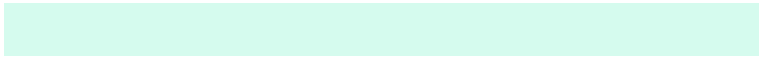
213, 236, 251



206, 229, 253

Triad

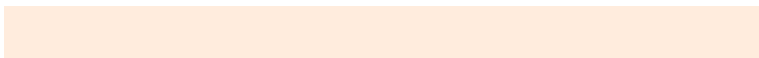
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 236, 251



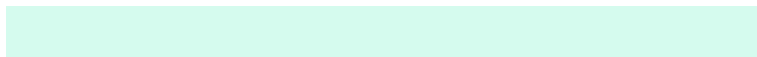
240, 240, 255



255, 248, 221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



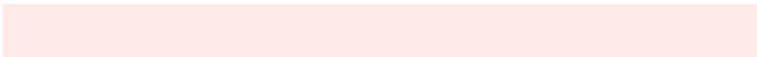
213, 236, 251



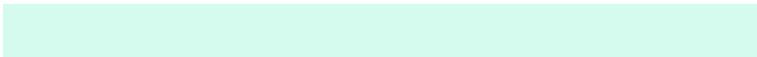
251, 213, 226

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 233, 233



213, 236, 251



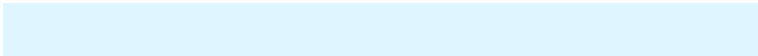
255, 236, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 236, 251



223, 236, 255



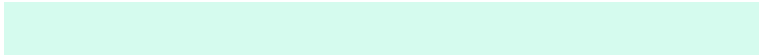
255, 233, 247



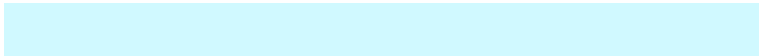
238, 255, 214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



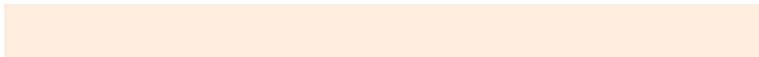
213, 236, 251



208, 230, 255



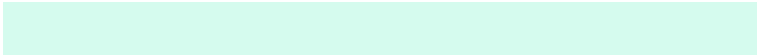
255, 233, 247



255, 241, 224

Sweetspot

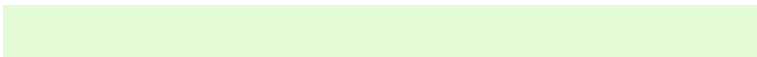
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 236, 251



242, 250, 255



213, 251, 238



120, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



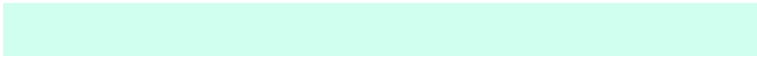
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

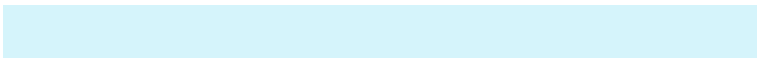
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 236, 251



209, 237, 255



213, 230, 251



112, 120, 125



0, 114, 189



0, 37, 61

Inverse Universe

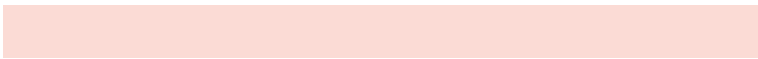
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 213, 226



255, 209, 225



251, 220, 213



125, 112, 117



189, 0, 66



61, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 213, 236, 251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

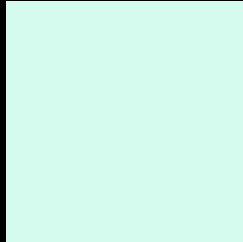
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 213, 236, 251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

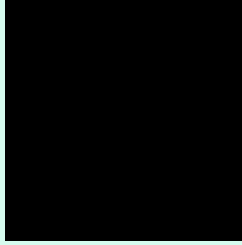
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

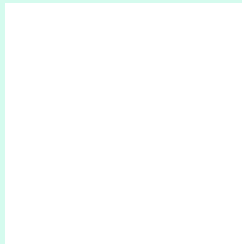
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 213, 236, 251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 213, 236, 251.

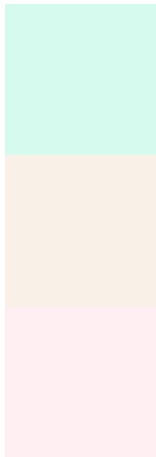


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 213, 236, 251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
213, 236, 251

Protanopia
247, 249, 232

Deuteranopia
255, 238, 242



Tritanopia

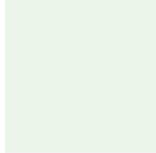
230, 239, 255

Trichromacy



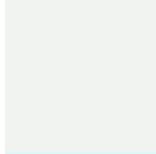
Original Color

213, 236, 251



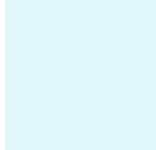
Protanomaly

234, 245, 243



Deuteranomaly

240, 243, 243



Tritanomaly

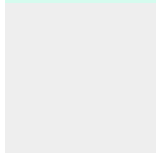
224, 236, 249

Monochromacy



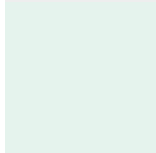
Original Color

213, 236, 251



Achromatopsia

238, 238, 238



Achromatomaly

229, 238, 243

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 213, 236, 251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 251, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 251, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 251, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 251, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 213, 236, 251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 251, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 251, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 251, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 251, 238); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 251, 238); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 251, 238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 236, 251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 251, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
251, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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