

# Converting Colors

`RYB(214, 0, 141)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(214, 0, 141) contains.

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# Color

**`RYB(214, 0, 141)`**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D6008D
RGB	214, 0, 141
RGB Percent	84%, 0%, 55%
CMY	0.1608, 1.0000, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.34, 0.16
HSL	320°, 100%, 42%
HSV	320°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	32.5393, 16.2192, 26.6149
YIQ	80.0600, 82.2830, 89.2190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

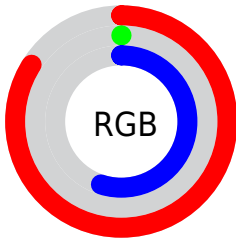
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	214, 0, 141
Decimal	14024845
CIELab	47.26, 77.10, -15.98
CIELCh	47, 78.741, 348.291
Yxy	16.2192, 0.4317, 0.2152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292214925 (0xFFD6008D)
YUV	80.0600, 30.0434, 117.4654
Hunter-Lab	40.2731, 73.7439, -10.9913

# Details

The RYB color **214, 0, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **0, 160, 214**, and the grayscale version is **80, 80, 80**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 92, 195**, and **154, 0, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 0, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214, 21, 148**.

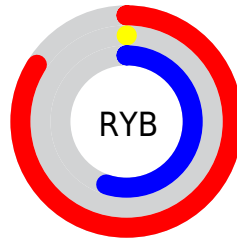
# Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (0%)

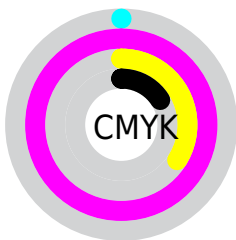
Blue (55%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (55%)

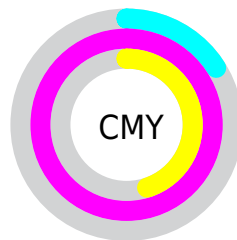


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 214, 0, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 214, 0, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 214, 0, 141

 214, 0, 141

255, 255, 255

 184, 0, 115

 255, 92, 195

 154, 0, 91

 255, 122, 223

 124, 0, 67

 255, 152, 251

 94, 0, 45

 255, 182, 255

 67, 0, 24

 255, 212, 255

 36, 0, 1

 255, 242, 255

 0, 0, 0

 214, 0, 141

 214, 21, 148

■ 214, 43, 156

■ 214, 64, 163

■ 214, 86, 170

■ 214, 107, 178

■ 214, 128, 185

■ 214, 150, 192

■ 214, 171, 199

■ 214, 193, 207

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 69, 202



214, 0, 141



224, 0, 75

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 0, 141



0, 121, 22



0, 83, 211

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 0, 141



0, 160, 214

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 73, 152



214, 0, 141



0, 133, 133

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214, 0, 141



92, 158, 0



0, 86, 138



0, 84, 244

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 0, 141



212, 50, 32



0, 86, 138



0, 81, 194



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 0, 141



255, 179, 229



71, 0, 214



128, 82, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 0, 141



255, 0, 168



214, 0, 36



107, 96, 103



171, 0, 113



43, 0, 29



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 0, 141



255, 0, 168



0, 117, 214



107, 96, 103



171, 0, 113



43, 0, 29



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 214, 0, 141 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

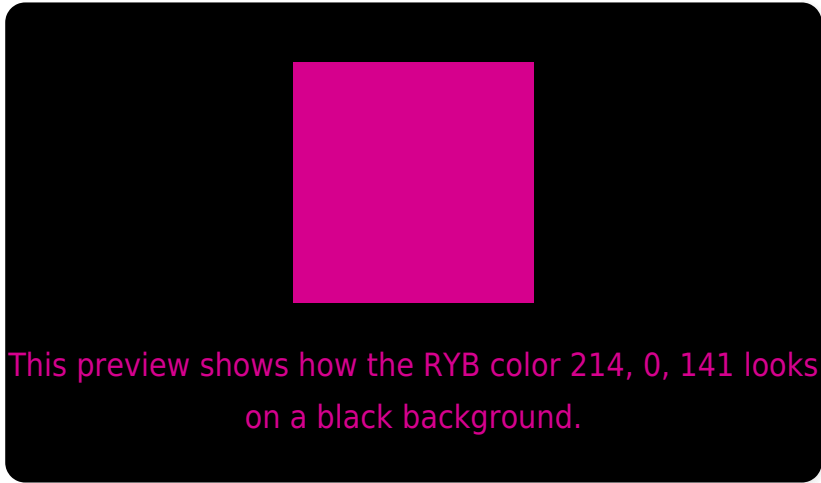
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 214, 0, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 0, 141.

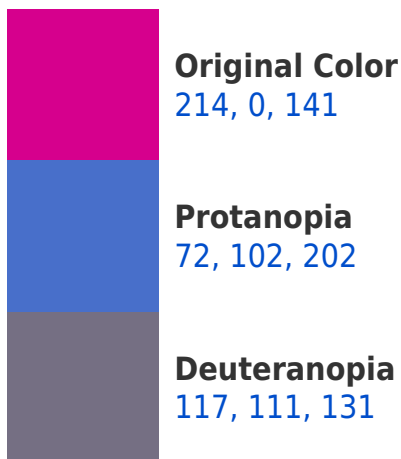


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 0, 141.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
209, 56, 58

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

214, 0, 141



**Protanomaly**

124, 71, 180



**Deuteranomaly**

152, 71, 135



**Tritanomaly**

211, 36, 88

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

214, 0, 141



**Achromatopsia**

80, 80, 80



**Achromatomaly**

129, 51, 102

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 214, 0, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 0, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 0, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 0, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 214, 0, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 0, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 0, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 0, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 0, 141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 0, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214, 0,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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