

Converting Colors

`RYB(214, 0, 168)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(214, 0, 168) contains.

RYB(214, 0, 168)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(214, 0, 168)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D600A8
RGB	214, 0, 168
RGB Percent	84%, 0%, 66%
CMY	0.1608, 1.0000, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.21, 0.16
HSL	313°, 100%, 42%
HSV	313°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	34.7994, 17.1233, 38.5168
YIQ	83.1380, 73.6160, 97.6160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

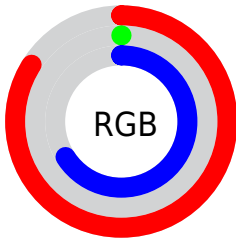
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 0, 168
Decimal	14024872
CIE _{Lab}	48.42, 80.05, -30.39
CIE _{LCh}	48, 85.619, 339.212
Yxy	17.1233, 0.3848, 0.1893
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292214952 (0xFFD600A8)
YUV	83.1380, 41.8370, 114.7660
Hunter-Lab	41.3803, 77.6969, -26.2209

Details

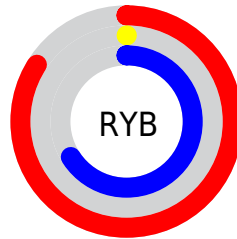
The RYB color **214, 0, 168** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **0, 176, 214**, and the grayscale version is **83, 83, 83**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 93, 224**, and **154, 0, 116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 0, 168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214, 21, 173**.

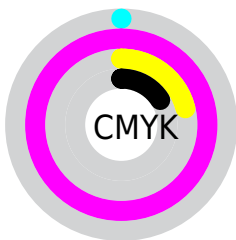
Distribution



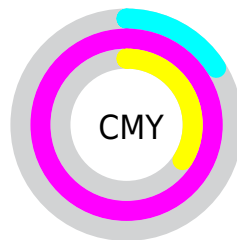
- Red (84%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 214, 0, 168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 214, 0, 168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 214, 0, 168

 214, 0, 168

255, 255, 255

 184, 0, 141

 255, 93, 224

 154, 0, 116

 255, 124, 252

 125, 0, 91

 255, 154, 255

 96, 0, 67

 255, 184, 255

 69, 0, 44

 255, 214, 255

 39, 0, 22

 255, 244, 255

 0, 0, 0

 214, 0, 168

 214, 21, 173

■ 214, 43, 177

■ 214, 64, 182

■ 214, 86, 186

■ 214, 107, 191

■ 214, 128, 196

■ 214, 150, 200

■ 214, 171, 205

■ 214, 193, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 82, 229



214, 0, 168



237, 0, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 0, 168



2, 121, 0



0, 85, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 0, 168



0, 176, 214

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 74, 144



214, 0, 168



0, 134, 116

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214, 0, 168



172, 180, 0



0, 99, 141



0, 89, 252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 0, 168



230, 2, 50



0, 99, 141



0, 81, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 0, 168



255, 179, 239



43, 0, 214



128, 82, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 0, 168



255, 0, 200



214, 0, 64



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 134



43, 0, 34

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 0, 168



255, 0, 200



0, 126, 214



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 134



43, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 214, 0, 168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

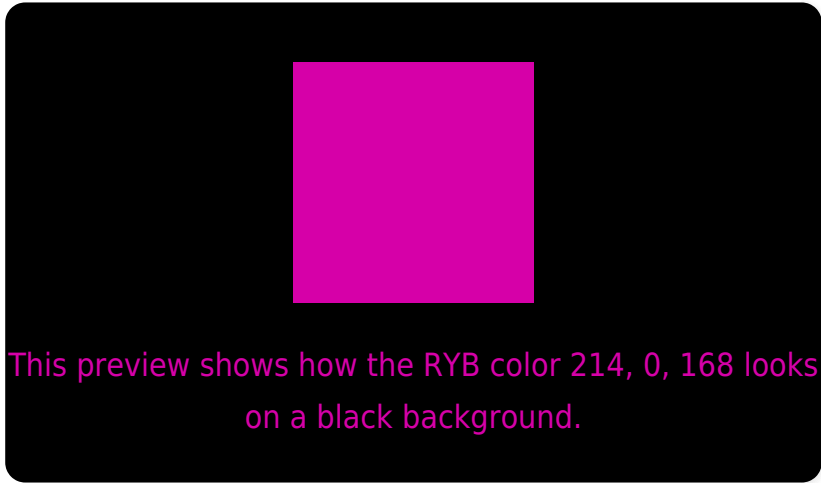
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 214, 0, 168 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 0, 168.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 0, 168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


214, 0, 168

Protanopia

19, 85, 238

Deuteranopia

106, 114, 157



Tritanopia
206, 66, 70

Trichromacy



Original Color

214, 0, 168



Protanomaly

90, 72, 213



Deuteranomaly

145, 73, 161



Tritanomaly

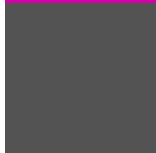
209, 42, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

214, 0, 168



Achromatopsia

83, 83, 83



Achromatomaly

131, 53, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 214, 0, 168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 0, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 0, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 0, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 214, 0, 168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 0, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 0, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 0, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 0, 168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 0, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214, 0,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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