

Converting Colors

`RYB(214, 0, 216)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(214, 0, 216) contains.

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Color

`RYB(214, 0, 216)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D600D8
RGB	214, 0, 216
RGB Percent	84%, 0%, 85%
CMY	0.1608, 1.0000, 0.1529
CMYK	0.01, 1.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	299°, 100%, 42%
HSV	299°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	40.1262, 19.2540, 66.5673
YIQ	88.6100, 58.2080, 112.5440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

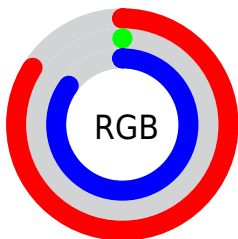
Format	Color
RYB	214, 0, 216
Decimal	14024920
CIELab	50.98, 86.37, -54.26
CIElCh	51, 101.996, 327.863
Yxy	19.2540, 0.3186, 0.1529
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292215000 (0xFFD600D8)
YUV	88.6100, 62.8033, 109.9670
Hunter-Lab	43.8794, 86.4433, -59.2304

Details

The RYB color **214, 0, 216** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **0, 216, 214**, and the grayscale version is **88, 88, 88**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 96, 255**, and **154, 0, 160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 0, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214, 22, 216**.

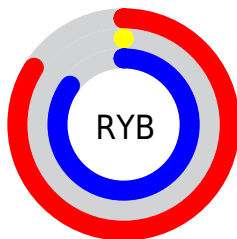
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (0%)

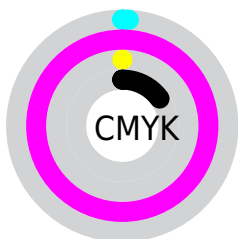
Blue (85%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (85%)

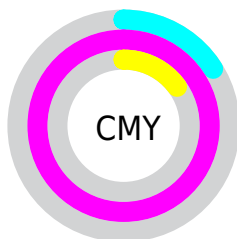


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 214, 0, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 214, 0, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



214, 0, 216



214, 0, 216

255, 255, 255



184, 0, 188



255, 96, 255



154, 0, 160



255, 127, 255



125, 0, 133



255, 157, 255



96, 0, 107



255, 188, 255



69, 0, 82



255, 218, 255



38, 0, 58



255, 249, 255



0, 0, 35



0, 0, 10



0, 0, 0

■ 214, 0, 216

■ 214, 22, 216

■ 214, 43, 216

■ 215, 65, 216

■ 215, 86, 216

■ 215, 108, 216

■ 215, 130, 216

■ 215, 151, 216

■ 216, 173, 216

■ 216, 194, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64, 95, 255



214, 0, 216



255, 0, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 0, 216



47, 153, 0



0, 88, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 0, 216



0, 216, 214

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 89, 154



214, 0, 216



0, 139, 76

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



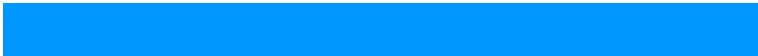
214, 0, 216



218, 108, 0



0, 149, 149



0, 95, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 0, 216



255, 0, 75



0, 149, 149



0, 82, 173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 0, 216



254, 179, 255



0, 4, 216



127, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 0, 216



253, 0, 255



216, 0, 112



107, 96, 107



169, 0, 171



43, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216, 0, 2



255, 0, 2



0, 146, 216



107, 96, 96



171, 0, 2



43, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 214, 0, 216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

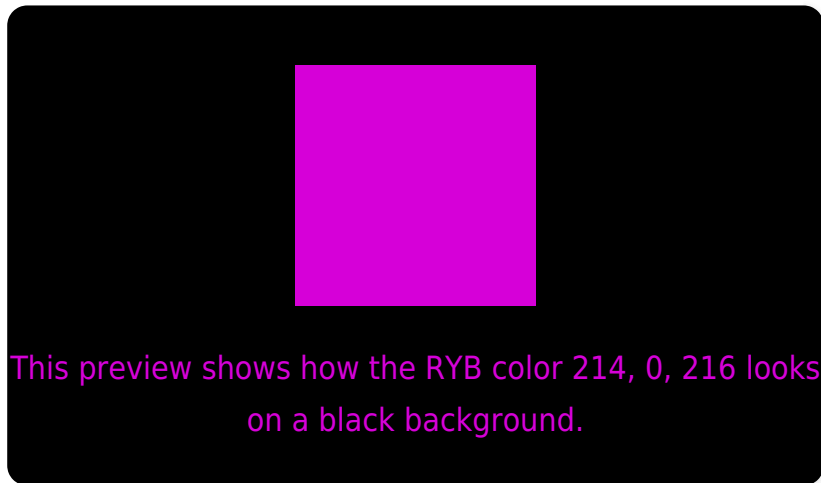
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

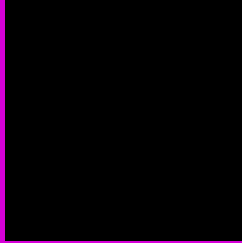
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 214, 0, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 0, 216.

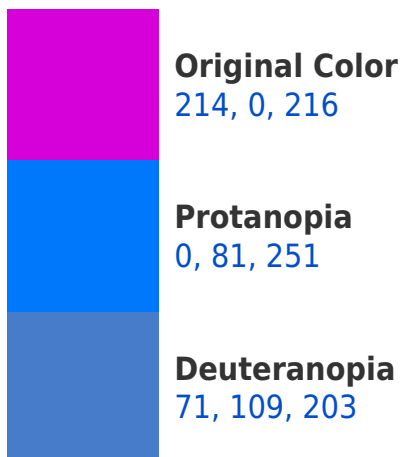


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 0, 216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
200, 85, 90

Trichromacy



Original Color

214, 0, 216



Protanomaly

78, 76, 238



Deuteranomaly

123, 79, 208



Tritanomaly

205, 54, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

214, 0, 216



Achromatopsia

89, 89, 89



Achromatomaly

134, 57, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 214, 0, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 0, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 0, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 0, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 214, 0, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 0, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 0, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 0, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 0, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 0,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 0, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 0, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214, 0,  
216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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