

# Converting Colors

`RYB(214, 225, 153)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(214, 225, 153) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(214, 225, 153)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1C099
RGB	225, 192, 153
RGB Percent	88%, 75%, 60%
CMY	0.1176, 0.2471, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.32, 0.12
HSL	32°, 55%, 74%
HSV	32°, 32%, 88%
XYZ	55.6458, 55.9968, 38.0126
YIQ	197.4210, 32.1870, -5.1330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

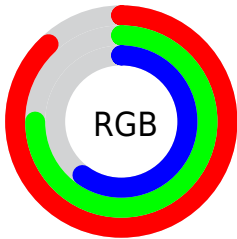
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	214, 225, 153
Decimal	14794905
CIE Lab	79.61, 6.16, 24.02
CIE LCh	80, 24.799, 75.617
Yxy	55.9968, 0.3718, 0.3742
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292984985 (0xFFE1C099)
YUV	197.4210, -21.8996, 24.1868
Hunter-Lab	74.8310, 1.7817, 22.2636

# Details

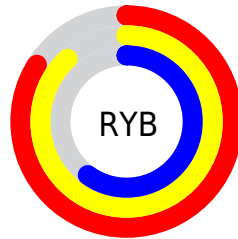
The RYB color **214, 225, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **153, 176, 225**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216, 255, 208**, and **156, 169, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **210, 225, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219, 225, 176**.

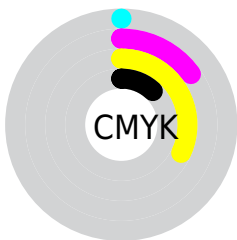
# Distribution



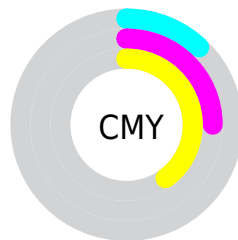
- Red (88%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 214, 225, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 214, 225, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 214, 225, 153

255, 255, 255

 216, 255, 208

 236, 255, 236

 214, 225, 153

 186, 197, 127

 156, 169, 102

 127, 141, 77

 99, 115, 54

 73, 89, 32

 47, 65, 10

 32, 41, 0

 12, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 214, 225, 153


 214, 225, 153

 210, 225, 131

 219, 225, 176

 208, 225, 108

 220, 225, 198

 205, 225, 86


 223, 225, 220

 199, 225, 63

 225, 231, 243

 199, 225, 41

 225, 237, 255

 194, 225, 18

 225, 240, 255

 190, 225, 0

 225, 240, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



240, 192, 165



214, 225, 153



155, 202, 153

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 225, 153



134, 172, 210



216, 187, 230

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 225, 153



153, 176, 225

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186, 194, 242



214, 225, 153



135, 176, 229

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214, 225, 153



151, 188, 210



156, 186, 241



237, 182, 209

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 225, 153



159, 204, 178



156, 186, 241



207, 190, 235

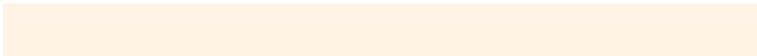


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 225, 153



253, 255, 230



225, 153, 187



128, 128, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 225, 153



239, 255, 158



153, 225, 155



110, 112, 101



150, 176, 0



41, 48, 0

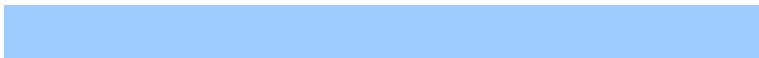


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 176, 225



158, 189, 255



155, 153, 225



101, 104, 112



0, 55, 176



0, 15, 48



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 214, 225, 153 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

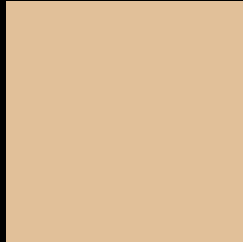
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 214, 225, 153 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

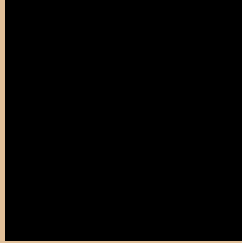
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 214, 225, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 225, 153.

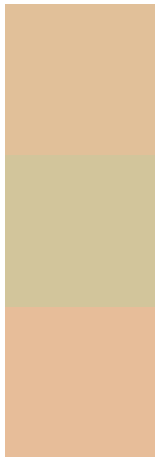


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 214, 225, 153.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
214, 225, 153

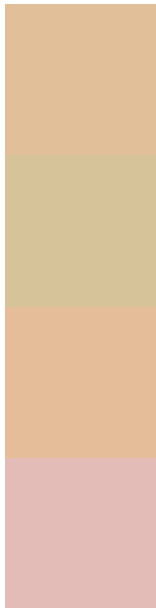
**Protanopia**  
172, 210, 155

**Deuteranopia**  
231, 220, 153



**Tritanopia**  
230, 186, 200

# Trichromacy



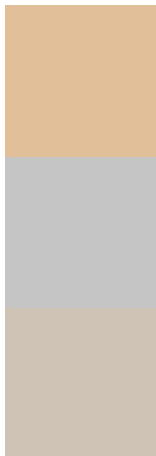
**Original Color**  
214, 225, 153

**Protanomaly**  
184, 215, 154

**Deuteranomaly**  
229, 225, 153

**Tritanomaly**  
228, 189, 183

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
214, 225, 153

**Achromatopsia**  
197, 197, 197

**Achromatomaly**  
203, 207, 181

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 214, 225, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 192, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 192, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 192, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 192, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 214, 225, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 192, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 192, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 192, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 192, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 192, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 192,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 225, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 192, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
192, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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