

Converting Colors

`RYB(215, 167, 170)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(215, 167, 170) contains.

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Color

R_YB(215, 167, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7A7AA
RGB	215, 167, 170
RGB Percent	84%, 65%, 67%
CMY	0.1569, 0.3451, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.21, 0.16
HSL	356°, 38%, 75%
HSV	356°, 22%, 84%
XYZ	49.0987, 44.9868, 44.1257
YIQ	181.6940, 27.6450, 11.1090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

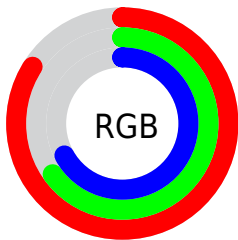
Format	Color
RYB	215, 167, 170
Decimal	14133162
CIELab	72.88, 18.07, 5.24
CIELCh	73, 18.815, 16.179
Yxy	44.9868, 0.3552, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292323242 (0xFFD7A7AA)
YUV	181.6940, -5.7651, 29.2094
Hunter-Lab	67.0722, 13.2907, 7.9446

Details

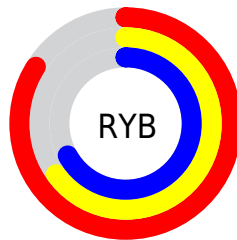
The RYB color **215, 167, 170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **167, 192, 215**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 222, 225**, and **159, 115, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 146, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 189, 190**.

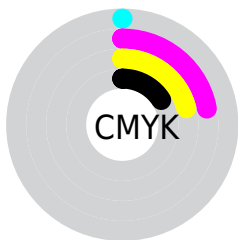
Distribution



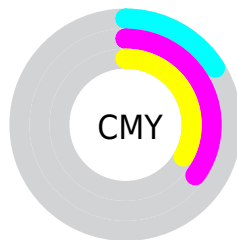
- Red (84%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 215, 167, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 215, 167, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 215, 167, 170

 215, 167, 170

255, 255, 255

 187, 140, 144

 255, 222, 225

 159, 115, 118

 255, 251, 254

 133, 90, 93

 107, 66, 70


 82, 44, 47

 58, 22, 27

 38, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 215, 167, 170


 215, 167, 170

 215, 146, 150


 215, 189, 190

 215, 124, 130


 215, 210, 210

 215, 103, 110


 215, 224, 232


 215, 81, 89


 215, 235, 253

 215, 60, 69

 215, 235, 255

 215, 38, 49

 215, 17, 29

 215, 0, 13

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 168, 188



215, 167, 170



212, 175, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 167, 170



155, 185, 177



150, 172, 212

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 167, 170



167, 192, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135, 164, 203



215, 167, 170



145, 172, 188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 167, 170



147, 182, 146



134, 162, 189



172, 176, 212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 167, 170



205, 193, 148



134, 162, 189



144, 169, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 167, 170



255, 237, 238



212, 167, 215



128, 117, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 167, 170



255, 186, 190



215, 204, 167



107, 96, 97



171, 0, 11



43, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 167, 170



255, 186, 190



167, 184, 215



107, 96, 97



171, 0, 11



43, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 215, 167, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

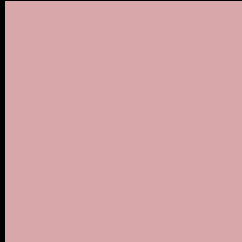
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 215, 167, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 215, 167, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 215, 167, 170.

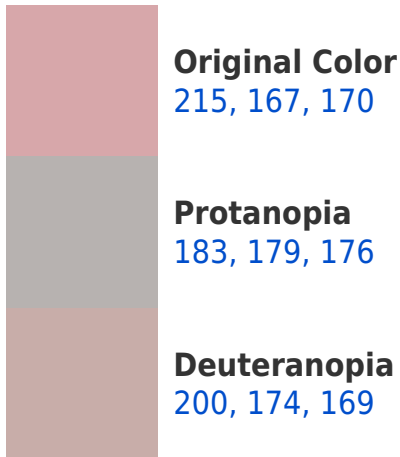



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 215, 167, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
216, 166, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color

215, 167, 170

Protanomaly

195, 174, 174

Deuteranomaly

205, 171, 169

Tritanomaly

216, 166, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color

215, 167, 170

Achromatopsia

182, 182, 182

Achromatomaly

194, 177, 178

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 215, 167, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(215, 167, 170) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 167, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 167, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 167, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 215, 167, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

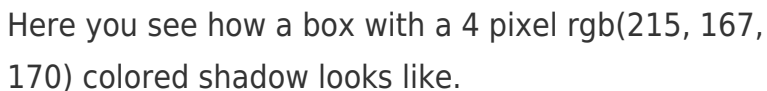
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 167, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 167, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 167, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 167, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 167, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 167,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 167, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 167, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
167, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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