

Converting Colors

`RYB(215, 218, 241)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(215, 218, 241) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(215, 218, 241)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7DAF1
RGB	215, 218, 241
RGB Percent	84%, 85%, 95%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1436, 0.0549
CMYK	0.11, 0.09, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	232°, 48%, 89%
HSV	232°, 11%, 95%
XYZ	69.0745, 71.1439, 93.3106
YIQ	219.7250, -9.1710, 6.5170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

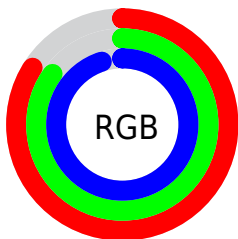
Format	Color
R _{YB}	215, 218, 241
Decimal	14146289
CIE Lab	87.55, 3.18, -11.43
CIE LCh	88, 11.861, 285.538
Yxy	71.1439, 0.2958, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292336369 (0xFFD7DAF1)
YUV	219.7250, 10.4886, -4.1438
Hunter-Lab	84.3469, -1.4273, -6.5481

Details

The RYB color **215, 218, 241** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **218, 241, 215**, and the grayscale version is **220, 220, 220**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **160, 163, 185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 196, 241**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 239, 241**.

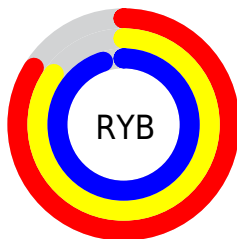
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (85%)

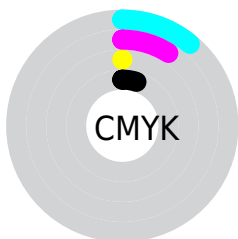
Blue (95%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (95%)

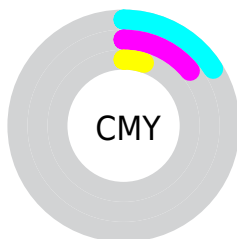


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 215, 218, 241 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 215, 218, 241 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 215, 218, 241

255, 255, 255

■ 215, 218, 241

■ 187, 190, 213

■ 160, 163, 185

■ 134, 137, 158

■ 108, 111, 132

■ 84, 87, 107

■ 61, 64, 82

■ 38, 41, 59

■ 18, 21, 38

■ 0, 1, 16

■ 215, 218, 241

■ 215, 218, 241

■ 191, 196, 241

■ 239, 239, 241

■ 167, 175, 241

■ 241, 255, 241

■ 143, 154, 241

■ 119, 133, 241

■ 95, 112, 241

■ 70, 90, 241

■ 46, 69, 241

■ 22, 48, 241

■ 0, 27, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 215, 241



215, 218, 241



229, 215, 235

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 218, 241



242, 218, 204



198, 216, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



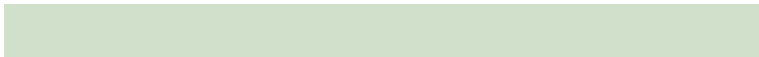
215, 218, 241



218, 241, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 224, 218



215, 218, 241



230, 234, 198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 218, 241



244, 212, 214



200, 223, 198



192, 209, 226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 218, 241



236, 213, 229



200, 223, 198



201, 218, 225

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 218, 241



247, 248, 255



215, 229, 241



122, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 218, 241



222, 226, 255



225, 215, 241



108, 109, 120



0, 21, 184



0, 6, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



241, 215, 218



255, 222, 226



215, 241, 225



120, 108, 109



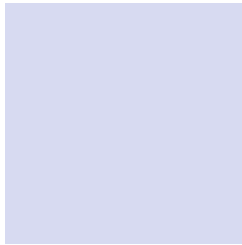
184, 0, 24



56, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 215, 218, 241 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

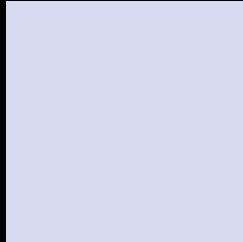
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 215, 218, 241 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

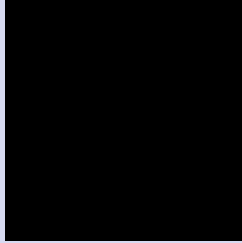
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 215, 218, 241 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 215, 218, 241.

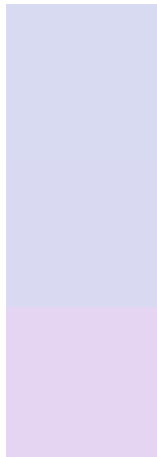


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 215, 218, 241.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
215, 218, 241

Protanopia
217, 218, 241

Deuteranopia
230, 213, 242



Tritanopia
214, 218, 236

Trichromacy



Original Color
215, 218, 241

Protanomaly
216, 218, 241

Deuteranomaly
225, 215, 242

Tritanomaly
214, 218, 238

Monochromacy



Original Color
215, 218, 241

Achromatopsia
220, 220, 220

Achromatomaly
218, 219, 228

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 215, 218, 241 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 218, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 218, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 218, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 218, 241) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 215, 218, 241 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

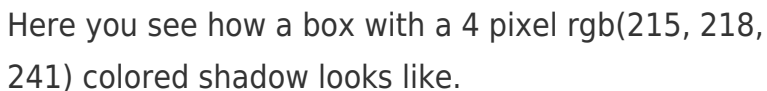
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 218, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 218, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 218, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 218, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 218, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 218,  
241) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 215, 218, 241 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 218, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
218, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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