

Converting Colors

`RYB(216, 161, 138)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(216, 161, 138) contains.

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Color

R_YB(216, 161, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D89C8A
RGB	216, 156, 138
RGB Percent	85%, 61%, 54%
CMY	0.1529, 0.3892, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.36, 0.15
HSL	14°, 50%, 69%
HSV	14°, 36%, 85%
XYZ	44.7550, 40.1312, 29.4320
YIQ	171.8880, 41.5380, 7.1220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

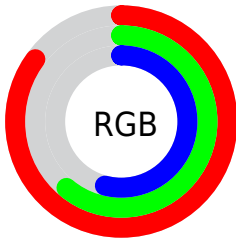
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 161, 138
Decimal	14195850
CIE Lab	69.56, 20.18, 18.21
CIE LCh	70, 27.182, 42.052
Yxy	40.1312, 0.3915, 0.3510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292385930 (0xFFD89C8A)
YUV	171.8880, -16.7068, 38.6862
Hunter-Lab	63.3492, 15.2458, 16.7983

Details

The RYB color **216, 161, 138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **138, 172, 216**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 220, 191**, and **159, 109, 88** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **216, 146, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 175, 160**.

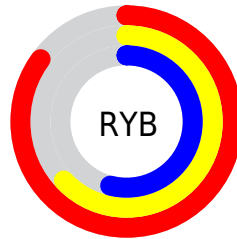
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (61%)

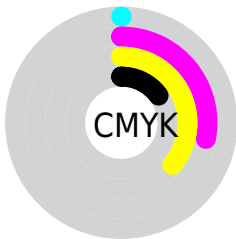
Blue (54%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (54%)

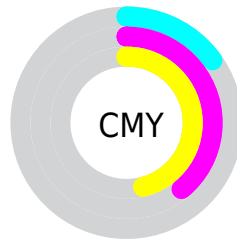


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (39%)


Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 216, 161, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 216, 161, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 216, 161, 138

 216, 161, 138

255, 255, 255

 187, 135, 113

 255, 220, 191

 159, 109, 88

 248, 255, 219

 132, 84, 65

 248, 255, 248

 105, 60, 42


 79, 37, 22

 55, 15, 0

 32, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 216, 161, 138

 216, 161, 138

 216, 146, 116

 216, 175, 160

 216, 130, 95


 216, 191, 181

 216, 116, 73


 216, 207, 203

 216, 100, 52


 216, 219, 224

 216, 84, 30

 216, 229, 246

 216, 70, 8

 216, 236, 255

 216, 63, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 152, 161



216, 161, 138



199, 201, 124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216, 161, 138



122, 162, 183



153, 166, 218

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216, 161, 138



138, 172, 216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 155, 216



216, 161, 138



100, 143, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216, 161, 138



133, 178, 161



96, 143, 202



186, 160, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216, 161, 138



144, 186, 121



96, 143, 202



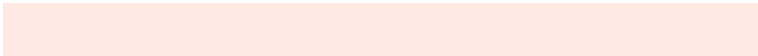
141, 163, 219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216, 161, 138



255, 235, 227



216, 138, 199



128, 116, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216, 161, 138



255, 177, 145



169, 216, 138



107, 100, 96



171, 51, 0



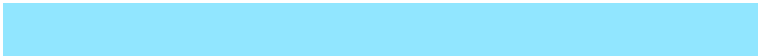
43, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138, 172, 216



145, 193, 255



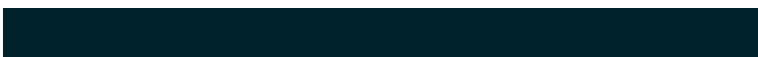
138, 155, 216



96, 101, 107



0, 74, 171



0, 19, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 216, 161, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

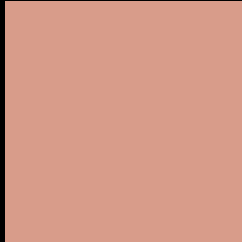
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 216, 161, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 216, 161, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 216, 161, 138.

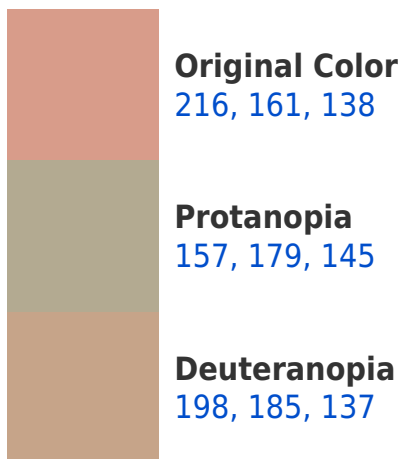



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 216, 161, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
219, 152, 164

Trichromacy



Original Color
216, 161, 138

Protanomaly
192, 185, 142

Deuteranomaly
205, 174, 137

Tritanomaly
218, 153, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color
216, 161, 138

Achromatopsia
172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly
188, 168, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 216, 161, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(216, 156, 138) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 156, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 156, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 156, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 216, 161, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

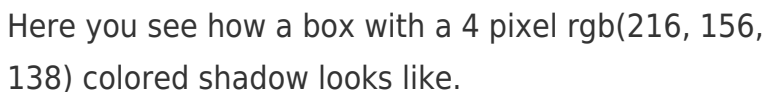
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 156, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 156, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 156, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 156, 138); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 156, 138); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 156, 138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 216, 161, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 156, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
156, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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