

Converting Colors

`RYB(216, 180, 233)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(216, 180, 233) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(216, 180, 233)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8B4E9
RGB	216, 180, 233
RGB Percent	85%, 71%, 91%
CMY	0.1529, 0.2941, 0.0863
CMYK	0.07, 0.23, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	281°, 55%, 81%
HSV	281°, 23%, 91%
XYZ	59.3481, 53.1246, 84.2169
YIQ	196.8060, 4.4430, 24.1150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

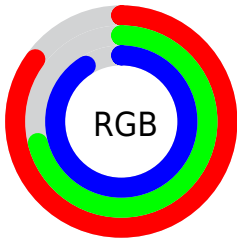
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 180, 233
Decimal	14202089
CIE Lab	77.95, 22.41, -21.61
CIE LCh	78, 31.129, 316.043
Yxy	53.1246, 0.3017, 0.2701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292392169 (0xFFD8B4E9)
YUV	196.8060, 17.8436, 16.8331
Hunter-Lab	72.8867, 17.7924, -17.4860

Details

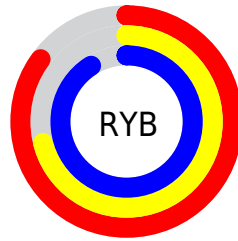
The RYB color **216, 180, 233** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **180, 233, 216**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 236, 255**, and **161, 127, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 157, 233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 203, 233**.

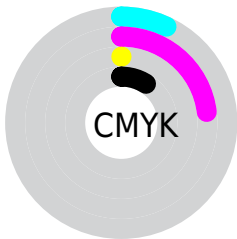
Distribution



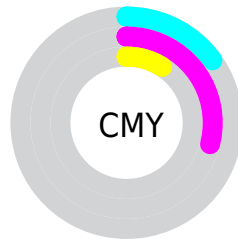
- Red (85%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 216, 180, 233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 216, 180, 233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 216, 180, 233

255, 255, 255

 255, 236, 255

 216, 180, 233

 188, 153, 205

 161, 127, 177


 134, 102, 150

 109, 77, 124

 84, 54, 99

 60, 32, 75

 37, 11, 52

 14, 0, 31


 0, 0, 2


 216, 180, 233


 216, 180, 233

 209, 157, 233

 223, 203, 233

 201, 133, 233


 231, 227, 233

 194, 110, 233


 233, 250, 245

 186, 87, 233

 233, 255, 242

 179, 64, 233

 233, 255, 235

 171, 40, 233

 233, 255, 233

 164, 17, 233

 158, 0, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178, 188, 248



216, 180, 233



241, 173, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216, 180, 233



210, 226, 137



107, 158, 209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216, 180, 233



180, 233, 216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132, 179, 208



216, 180, 233



138, 197, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216, 180, 233



245, 186, 152



152, 203, 190



107, 162, 233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216, 180, 233



250, 171, 188



152, 203, 190



113, 164, 209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216, 180, 233



249, 237, 255



180, 193, 233



124, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216, 180, 233



233, 186, 255



233, 180, 224



114, 106, 117



123, 0, 181



36, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233, 180, 197



255, 186, 208



180, 225, 233



117, 106, 109



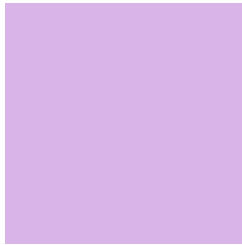
181, 0, 58



54, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 216, 180, 233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

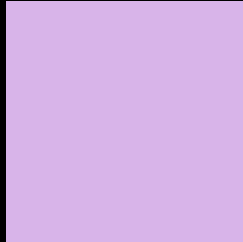
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 216, 180, 233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

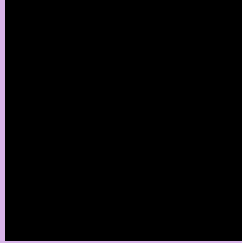
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 216, 180, 233 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 216, 180, 233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 216, 180, 233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
216, 180, 233

Protanopia
181, 190, 241

Deuteranopia
193, 189, 231



Tritanopia
211, 186, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color
216, 180, 233

Protanomaly
194, 187, 238

Deuteranomaly
201, 186, 232

Tritanomaly
213, 184, 212

Monochromacy



Original Color
216, 180, 233

Achromatopsia
197, 197, 197

Achromatomaly
204, 191, 210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 216, 180, 233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(216, 180, 233) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 180, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 180, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 180, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 216, 180, 233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 180, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 180, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 180, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 180, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 180, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 180,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 216, 180, 233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 180, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
180, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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