

Converting Colors

`RYB(216, 52, 159)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(216, 52, 159) contains.

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Color

R_YB(216, 52, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8349F
RGB	216, 52, 159
RGB Percent	85%, 20%, 62%
CMY	0.1529, 0.7961, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.26, 0.15
HSL	321°, 68%, 53%
HSV	321°, 76%, 85%
XYZ	35.8049, 19.5581, 34.6889
YIQ	113.2340, 63.3970, 68.0450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

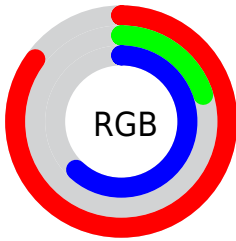
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 52, 159
Decimal	14169247
CIE _{Lab}	51.33, 70.88, -20.50
CIE _{LCh}	51, 73.783, 343.865
Yxy	19.5581, 0.3976, 0.2172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292359327 (0xFFD8349F)
YUV	113.2340, 22.5626, 90.1258
Hunter-Lab	44.2246, 67.1234, -15.5487

Details

The RYB color **216, 52, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **52, 174, 216**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 114, 214**, and **157, 0, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **216, 30, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 74, 167**.

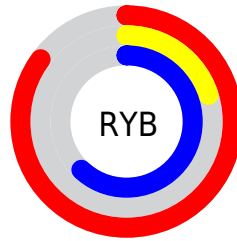
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (20%)

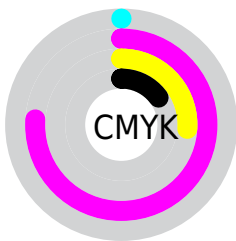
Blue (62%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (62%)

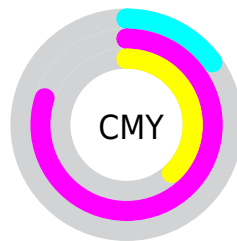


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 216, 52, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 216, 52, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 216, 52, 159

 216, 52, 159

255, 255, 255

 186, 0, 133

 255, 114, 214

 157, 0, 107

 255, 144, 242

 128, 0, 83

 255, 173, 255

 99, 0, 60

 255, 202, 255

 72, 0, 38

 255, 232, 255

 43, 0, 14

 0, 0, 0

 216, 52, 159

 216, 52, 159

 216, 30, 151

 216, 74, 167

■ 216, 9, 144

■ 216, 95, 174

■ 216, 0, 141

■ 216, 117, 182

■ 216, 138, 189

■ 216, 160, 197

■ 216, 182, 204

■ 216, 203, 212

■ 216, 223, 225

■ 216, 238, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 90, 214



216, 52, 159



231, 42, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216, 52, 159



0, 129, 8



0, 87, 209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216, 52, 159



52, 174, 216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 75, 151



216, 52, 159



6, 141, 109

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216, 52, 159



113, 176, 0



0, 94, 148



0, 89, 244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216, 52, 159



223, 63, 56



0, 94, 148



0, 84, 192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216, 52, 159



255, 196, 235



107, 52, 216



128, 92, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216, 52, 159



255, 23, 174



216, 52, 79



107, 96, 103



171, 0, 111



43, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216, 52, 159



255, 23, 174



52, 141, 216



107, 96, 103



171, 0, 111



43, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 216, 52, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

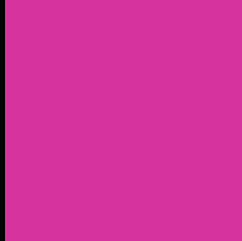
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 216, 52, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 216, 52, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 216, 52, 159.

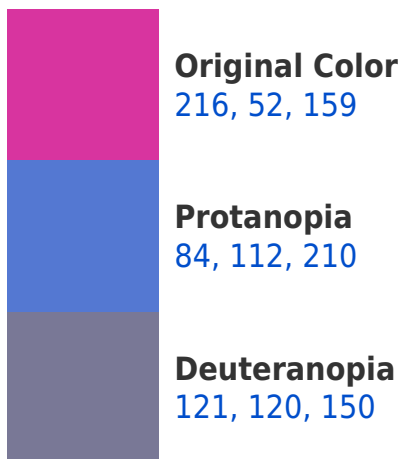


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 216, 52, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
210, 77, 81

Trichromacy



Original Color

216, 52, 159



Protanomaly

132, 95, 191



Deuteranomaly

156, 95, 153



Tritanomaly

212, 68, 109

Monochromacy



Original Color

216, 52, 159



Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113



Achromatomaly

150, 91, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 216, 52, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(216, 52, 159) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 52, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 52, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 52, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 216, 52, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

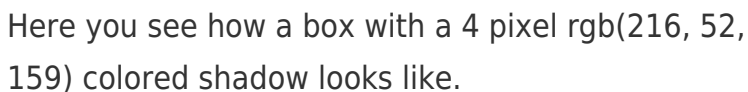
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 52, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 52, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 52, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 52, 159); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 52, 159); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 52, 159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 216, 52, 159 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 52, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216, 52,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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