

Converting Colors

`RYB(217, 113, 158)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(217, 113, 158) contains.

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Color

R_YB(217, 113, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9719E
RGB	217, 113, 158
RGB Percent	85%, 44%, 62%
CMY	0.1490, 0.5569, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.27, 0.15
HSL	334°, 58%, 65%
HSV	334°, 48%, 85%
XYZ	40.6920, 29.0306, 35.8065
YIQ	149.2260, 47.5390, 36.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

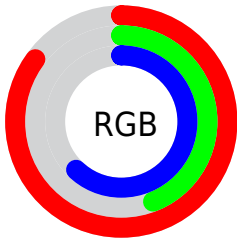
Format	Color
R_{YB}	217, 113, 158
Decimal	14250398
CIE _{Lab}	60.81, 45.77, -5.62
CIE _{LCh}	61, 46.115, 353.001
Yxy	29.0306, 0.3856, 0.2751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292440478 (0xFFD9719E)
YUV	149.2260, 4.3256, 59.4378
Hunter-Lab	53.8800, 40.5189, -1.6857

Details

The RYB color **217, 113, 158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **113, 179, 217**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 167, 213**, and **159, 60, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217, 91, 146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 135, 170**.

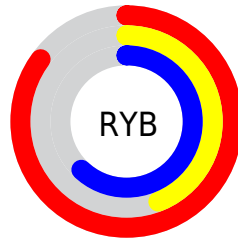
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (44%)

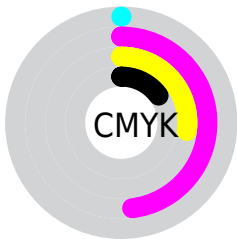
Blue (62%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (62%)

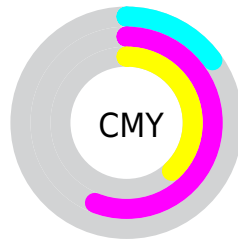


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)


Magenta (56%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 217, 113, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 217, 113, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 217, 113, 158

255, 255, 255

 255, 167, 213

 255, 195, 241

 255, 224, 255

 255, 253, 255

 217, 113, 158

 188, 87, 132

 159, 60, 107

 132, 33, 83


 104, 0, 60


 77, 0, 38

 54, 0, 17

 15, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 217, 113, 158

 217, 113, 158

■ 217, 91, 146

■ 217, 135, 170

■ 217, 70, 133

■ 217, 156, 183

■ 217, 48, 121

■ 217, 178, 195

■ 217, 26, 109

■ 217, 200, 207

■ 217, 4, 96

■ 217, 220, 222

■ 217, 0, 94

■ 217, 233, 243

■ 217, 239, 255

■ 217, 236, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188, 124, 196



217, 113, 158



223, 114, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 113, 158



68, 154, 82



0, 92, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 113, 158



113, 179, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 86, 177



217, 113, 158



91, 157, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 113, 158



121, 179, 64



0, 92, 167



38, 110, 227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 113, 158



215, 129, 93



0, 92, 167



0, 91, 201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 113, 158



255, 219, 235



172, 113, 217



128, 106, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 113, 158



255, 107, 171



217, 121, 113



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 75



46, 0, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217, 113, 158



255, 107, 171



113, 163, 217



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 75



46, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 217, 113, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

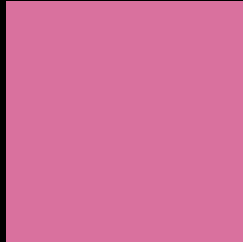
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 217, 113, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 217, 113, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 217, 113, 158.

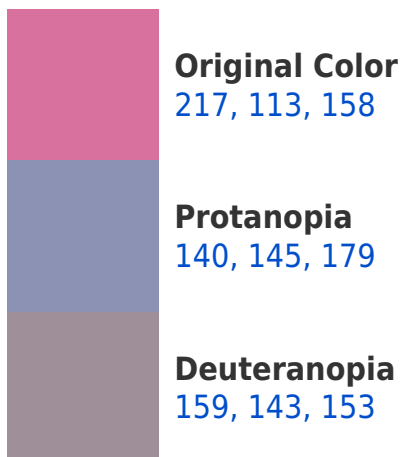



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 217, 113, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
214, 119, 128

Trichromacy



Original Color

217, 113, 158



Protanomaly

168, 134, 171



Deuteranomaly

180, 132, 155



Tritanomaly

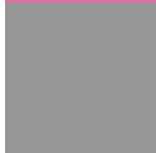
215, 117, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

217, 113, 158



Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149



Achromatomaly

174, 136, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 217, 113, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 113, 158) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 113, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 113, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 113, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 217, 113, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 113, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 113, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 113, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 113, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 113, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 113,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 113, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 113, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
113, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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