

Converting Colors

`RYB(217, 206, 228)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(217, 206, 228) contains.

RYB(217, 206, 228)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(217, 206, 228)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9CEE4
RGB	217, 206, 228
RGB Percent	85%, 81%, 89%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1922, 0.1059
CMYK	0.05, 0.10, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	270°, 29%, 85%
HSV	270°, 10%, 89%
XYZ	64.6902, 64.4958, 82.4382
YIQ	211.7970, -0.5060, 9.1740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

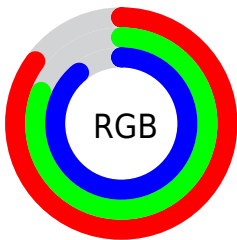
Format	Color
R _{YB}	217, 206, 228
Decimal	14274276
CIE Lab	84.22, 7.82, -9.49
CIE LCh	84, 12.293, 309.492
Yxy	64.4958, 0.3057, 0.3048
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292464356 (0xFFD9CEE4)
YUV	211.7970, 7.9881, 4.5630
Hunter-Lab	80.3093, 3.2429, -4.6452

Details

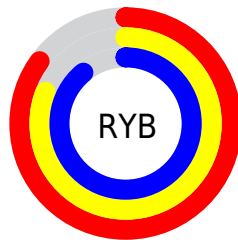
The RYB color **217, 206, 228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **206, 228, 217**, and the grayscale version is **212, 212, 212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **162, 152, 173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206, 183, 228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **228, 229, 229**.

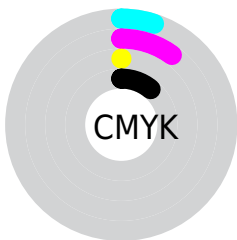
Distribution



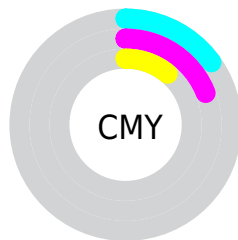
- Red (85%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 217, 206, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 217, 206, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 217, 206, 228

255, 255, 255

■ 217, 206, 228

■ 189, 179, 200

■ 162, 152, 173

■ 136, 126, 146

■ 110, 101, 120

■ 86, 77, 96

■ 63, 54, 72

■ 41, 33, 49

■ 21, 10, 29

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 217, 206, 228

■ 217, 206, 228

■ 206, 183, 228

■ 228, 229, 229

■ 194, 160, 228

■ 228, 252, 240

■ 183, 138, 228

■ 228, 255, 232

■ 171, 115, 228

■ 228, 255, 228

■ 160, 92, 228

■ 149, 69, 228

■ 137, 46, 228

■ 126, 24, 228

■ 114, 1, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 209, 233



217, 206, 228



229, 203, 218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 206, 228



227, 223, 189



182, 201, 217

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 206, 228



206, 228, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 208, 216



217, 206, 228



195, 216, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 206, 228



234, 206, 196



192, 214, 204



182, 201, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 206, 228



233, 202, 211



192, 214, 204



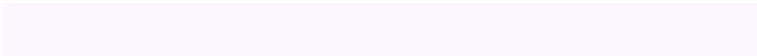
184, 203, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 206, 228



251, 247, 255



206, 213, 228



125, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 206, 228



240, 224, 255



228, 206, 228



109, 103, 115



89, 0, 179



25, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 206, 217



255, 224, 240



206, 228, 228



115, 103, 109



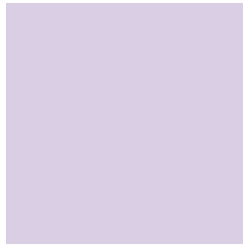
179, 0, 89



51, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 217, 206, 228 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

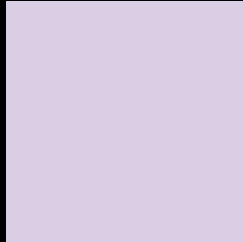
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 217, 206, 228 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

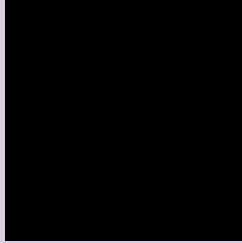
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

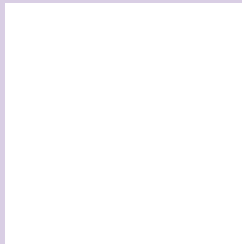
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 217, 206, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 217, 206, 228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 217, 206, 228.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
217, 206, 228

Protanopia
208, 209, 230

Deuteranopia
222, 204, 228



Tritanopia
216, 207, 223

Trichromacy



Original Color

217, 206, 228

Protanomaly

211, 208, 229

Deuteranomaly

220, 205, 228

Tritanomaly

216, 207, 225

Monochromacy



Original Color

217, 206, 228

Achromatopsia

212, 212, 212

Achromatomaly

214, 210, 218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 217, 206, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 206, 228) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 206, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 206, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 206, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 217, 206, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 206, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 206, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 206, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 206, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 206, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 206,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 217, 206, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 206, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
206, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor