

Converting Colors

`RYB(218, 212, 221)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(218, 212, 221) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(218, 212, 221)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAD4DD
RGB	218, 212, 221
RGB Percent	85%, 83%, 87%
CMY	0.1451, 0.1686, 0.1333
CMYK	0.01, 0.04, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	280°, 12%, 85%
HSV	280°, 4%, 87%
XYZ	65.5081, 67.2129, 77.9273
YIQ	214.8200, 0.6870, 4.0710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

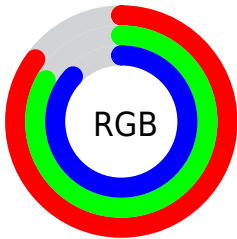
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 212, 221
Decimal	14341341
CIE Lab	85.61, 3.68, -3.71
CIE LCh	86, 5.224, 314.801
Yxy	67.2129, 0.3110, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292531421 (0xFFDAD4DD)
YUV	214.8200, 3.0467, 2.7889
Hunter-Lab	81.9834, -0.8423, 1.0318

Details

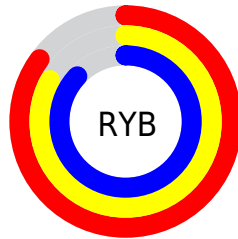
The RYB color **218, 212, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **212, 221, 218**, and the grayscale version is **215, 215, 215**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **163, 157, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **211, 190, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 234, 230**.

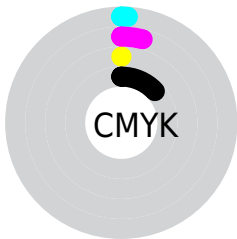
Distribution



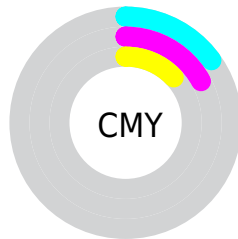
- Red (85%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 218, 212, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 218, 212, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 218, 212, 221

255, 255, 255

■ 218, 212, 221

■ 190, 184, 193

■ 163, 157, 166

■ 137, 131, 140

■ 111, 106, 114

■ 87, 82, 90

■ 64, 59, 66


■ 42, 37, 44


■ 22, 17, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

 218, 212, 221

 218, 212, 221

 211, 190, 221

 221, 234, 230

 203, 168, 221


 221, 255, 243

 196, 146, 221


 221, 255, 236

 189, 124, 221


 221, 255, 229

 181, 102, 221

 221, 255, 221

 174, 79, 221

 166, 57, 221

 159, 35, 221

 152, 13, 221

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 214, 223



218, 212, 221



223, 211, 217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 212, 221



221, 221, 205



202, 210, 217

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 212, 221



212, 221, 218

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205, 213, 217



218, 212, 221



206, 216, 204

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 212, 221



224, 212, 207



207, 216, 213



203, 211, 221

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 212, 221



225, 211, 213



207, 216, 213



203, 211, 217

Sweetspot

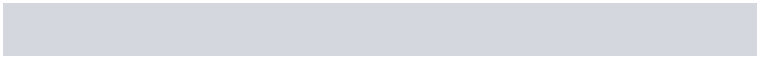
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 212, 221



254, 252, 255



212, 214, 221



127, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 212, 221



251, 242, 255



221, 212, 220



107, 103, 110



116, 0, 173



31, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 212, 215



255, 242, 247



212, 220, 221



110, 103, 105



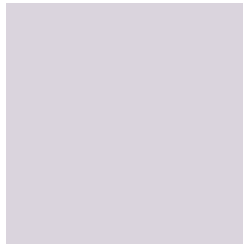
173, 0, 58



46, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 218, 212, 221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

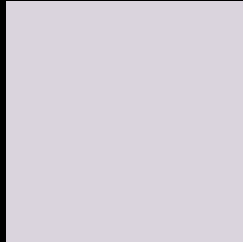
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 218, 212, 221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

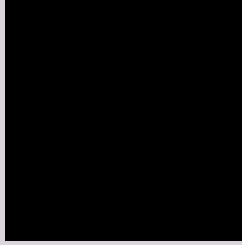
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

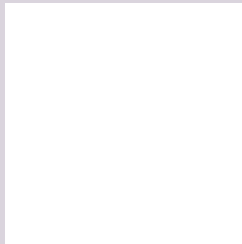
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 218, 212, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 218, 212, 221.

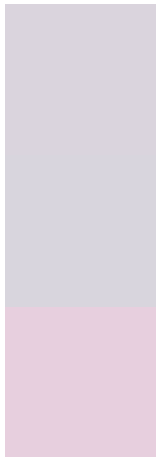


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 218, 212, 221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
218, 212, 221

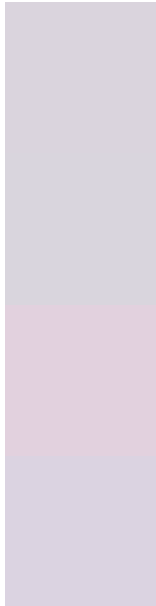
Protanopia
216, 213, 221

Deuteranopia
231, 207, 222



Tritanopia
219, 211, 228

Trichromacy



Original Color

218, 212, 221

Protanomaly

217, 213, 221

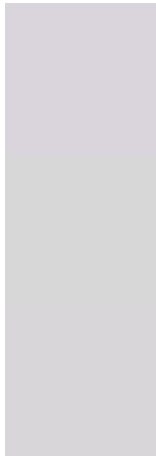
Deuteranomaly

226, 209, 222

Tritanomaly

219, 211, 225

Monochromacy



Original Color

218, 212, 221

Achromatopsia

215, 215, 215

Achromatomaly

216, 214, 217

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 218, 212, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(218, 212, 221) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 212, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 212, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 212, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 218, 212, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 212, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 212, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 212, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 212, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 212, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 212,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 218, 212, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 212, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
212, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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