

# Converting Colors

`RYB(219, 171, 214)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(219, 171, 214) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(219, 171, 214)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBABD6
RGB	219, 171, 214
RGB Percent	86%, 67%, 84%
CMY	0.1412, 0.3294, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.02, 0.14
HSL	306°, 40%, 76%
HSV	306°, 22%, 86%
XYZ	55.9139, 49.0409, 70.1372
YIQ	190.2540, 14.8050, 23.5490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

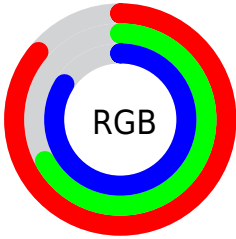
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 171, 214
Decimal	14396374
CIE Lab	75.48, 24.66, -15.01
CIE LCh	75, 28.864, 328.670
Yxy	49.0409, 0.3193, 0.2801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292586454 (0xFFDBABD6)
YUV	190.2540, 11.7068, 25.2102
Hunter-Lab	70.0292, 19.9699, -10.3609

# Details

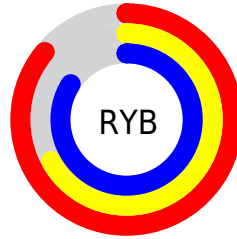
The RYB color **219, 171, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **171, 214, 219**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 227, 255**, and **164, 118, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **219, 149, 212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219, 193, 216**.

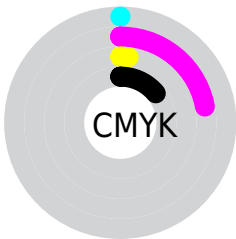
# Distribution



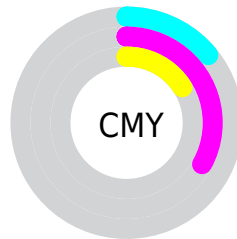
- Red (86%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (16%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 219, 171, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 219, 171, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 219, 171, 214

 219, 171, 214


255, 255, 255

 191, 144, 186

 255, 227, 255

 164, 118, 159

 137, 93, 133

 111, 69, 108

 86, 46, 83

 62, 24, 60


 40, 1, 38


 5, 0, 17

 0, 0, 0

 219, 171, 214

 219, 171, 214

 219, 149, 212

 219, 193, 216

 219, 127, 209

 219, 215, 219

 219, 105, 207

 219, 235, 237

 219, 83, 205

 219, 251, 255

 219, 62, 203


 219, 250, 255

 219, 40, 200

 219, 248, 255

 219, 18, 198

 219, 247, 255

 219, 0, 196

 219, 245, 255

 219, 244, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188, 180, 233



219, 171, 214



237, 167, 188

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219, 171, 214



164, 206, 133



105, 155, 210

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219, 171, 214



171, 214, 219

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 165, 201



219, 171, 214



139, 192, 153

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



219, 171, 214



228, 197, 141



147, 190, 198



117, 164, 231

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219, 171, 214



240, 167, 170



147, 190, 198



107, 154, 202



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219, 171, 214



255, 237, 253



176, 171, 219



128, 117, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219, 171, 214



255, 189, 248



219, 171, 190



110, 99, 109



173, 0, 155



46, 0, 41



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 171, 214



255, 189, 248



171, 201, 219



110, 99, 109



173, 0, 155

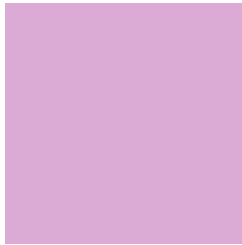


46, 0, 41



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 219, 171, 214 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

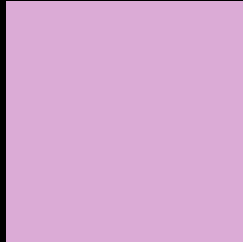
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 219, 171, 214 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

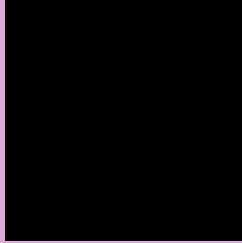
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 219, 171, 214 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 219, 171, 214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 219, 171, 214.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
219, 171, 214

**Protanopia**  
178, 184, 223

**Deuteranopia**  
192, 181, 212



**Tritanopia**  
216, 175, 189

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
219, 171, 214

**Protanomaly**  
193, 180, 220

**Deuteranomaly**  
202, 177, 213

**Tritanomaly**  
217, 174, 198

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
219, 171, 214

**Achromatopsia**  
190, 190, 190

**Achromatomaly**  
201, 183, 199

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 219, 171, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(219, 171, 214) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 171, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 171, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 171, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 219, 171, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 171, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 171, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 171, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 171, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 171, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 171,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 219, 171, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 171, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
171, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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