

# Converting Colors

`RYB(219, 36, 104)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(219, 36, 104) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(219, 36, 104)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB2468
RGB	219, 36, 104
RGB Percent	86%, 14%, 41%
CMY	0.1412, 0.8588, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.84, 0.53, 0.14
HSL	338°, 72%, 50%
HSV	338°, 84%, 86%
XYZ	32.3430, 17.3213, 14.7354
YIQ	98.4690, 87.2400, 59.9440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

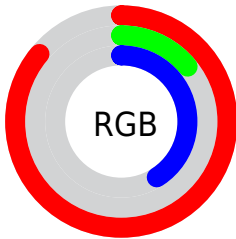
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 36, 104
Decimal	14361704
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.66, 70.36, 8.80
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 70.905, 7.133
Yxy	17.3213, 0.5022, 0.2690
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292551784 (0xFFDB2468)
YUV	98.4690, 2.7268, 105.7057
Hunter-Lab	41.6189, 65.8835, 8.1413

# Details

The RYB color **219, 36, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **36, 148, 219**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 103, 155**, and **157, 0, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **219, 14, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219, 58, 118**.

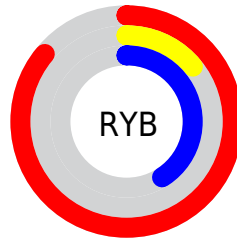
# Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (14%)

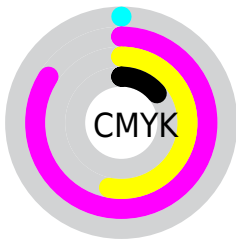
Blue (41%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (41%)

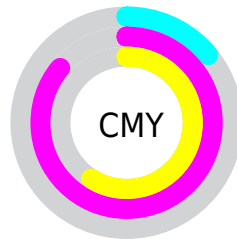


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (86%)


Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 219, 36, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 219, 36, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 219, 36, 104

 219, 36, 104

255, 255, 255

 188, 0, 80

 255, 103, 155

 157, 0, 58

 255, 133, 182

 127, 0, 37

 255, 162, 209

 97, 0, 15

 255, 191, 237

 69, 0, 3

 255, 221, 255

 35, 0, 1

 255, 251, 255

 0, 0, 0

 219, 36, 104

 219, 36, 104

 219, 14, 90

 219, 58, 118

■ 219, 0, 81

■ 219, 80, 132

■ 219, 102, 145

■ 219, 124, 159

■ 219, 146, 173

■ 219, 167, 187

■ 219, 189, 200

■ 219, 211, 214

■ 219, 228, 233

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196, 56, 163



219, 36, 104



209, 65, 46

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



219, 36, 104



0, 132, 71



0, 84, 227

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



219, 36, 104



36, 148, 219

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 80, 187



219, 36, 104



0, 94, 139

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



219, 36, 104



10, 127, 0



0, 74, 141



0, 79, 236

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



219, 36, 104



189, 154, 0



0, 74, 141



0, 84, 217



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



219, 36, 104



255, 191, 215



149, 36, 219



128, 89, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



219, 36, 104



255, 0, 95



219, 60, 36



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 64



46, 0, 17



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 36, 104



255, 0, 95



36, 122, 219



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 64



46, 0, 17



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 219, 36, 104 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 219, 36, 104 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **R Y B 219, 36, 104 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 219, 36, 104.

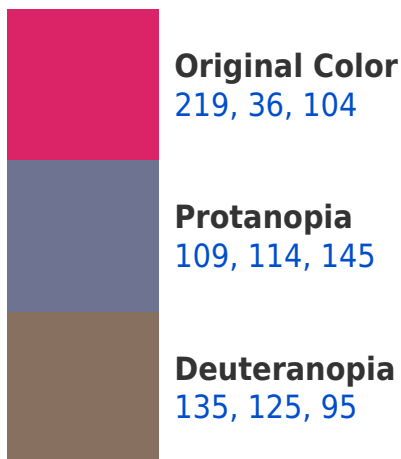


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 219, 36, 104.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

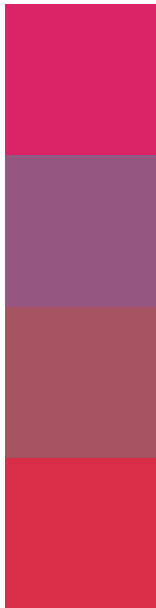
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
217, 52, 53

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

219, 36, 104

**Protanomaly**

149, 86, 130

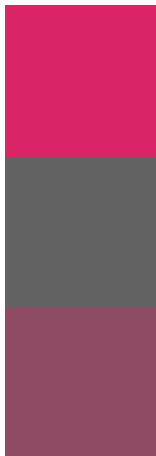
**Deuteranomaly**

166, 84, 98

**Tritanomaly**

218, 46, 72

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

219, 36, 104

**Achromatopsia**

98, 98, 98

**Achromatomaly**

142, 75, 100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 219, 36, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(219, 36, 104) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 36, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 36, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 36, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 219, 36, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 36, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 36, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 36, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 36, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 36, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 36,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 219, 36, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 36, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 36,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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