

Converting Colors

`RYB(21, 135, 222)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(21, 135, 222) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(21, 135, 222)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15DEAE
RGB	21, 222, 174
RGB Percent	8%, 87%, 68%
CMY	0.9176, 0.1294, 0.3161
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.21, 0.13
HSL	166°, 83%, 48%
HSV	166°, 91%, 87%
XYZ	34.1091, 55.4734, 49.1562
YIQ	156.4290, -104.3880, -57.5400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

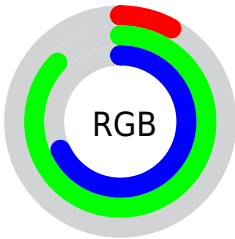
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 135, 222
Decimal	1433262
CIE _{Lab}	79.31, -55.52, 10.91
CIE _{LCh}	79, 56.578, 168.886
Yxy	55.4734, 0.2459, 0.3998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279623342 (0xFF15DEAE)
YUV	156.4290, 8.6625, -118.7712
Hunter-Lab	74.4805, -48.5950, 13.0057

Details

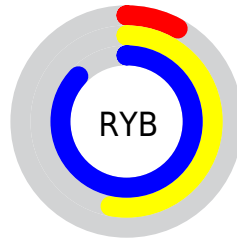
The RYB color **21, 135, 222** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **222, 21, 69**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111, 190, 255**, and **0, 96, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 126, 222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 144, 222**.

Distribution



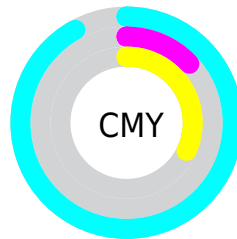
- Red (8%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 21, 135, 222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 21, 135, 222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



21, 135, 222



21, 135, 222

255, 255, 255



0, 109, 193



112, 190, 255



0, 96, 166



144, 200, 255



0, 81, 138



176, 216, 255



0, 68, 112



208, 232, 255



0, 54, 86



239, 247, 255



0, 41, 61



0, 33, 38



0, 0, 0



21, 135, 222



21, 135, 222

■ 0, 126, 222

■ 43, 144, 222

■ 65, 154, 222

■ 88, 164, 222

■ 110, 174, 222

■ 132, 183, 222

■ 154, 193, 222

■ 176, 202, 222

■ 199, 212, 222

■ 221, 222, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 216, 207



21, 135, 222



0, 113, 229

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21, 135, 222



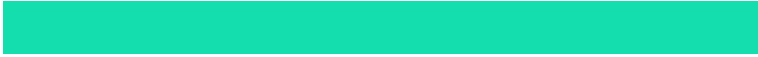
168, 186, 255



255, 193, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 135, 222



222, 21, 69

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 153, 165



21, 135, 222



242, 170, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21, 135, 222



8, 119, 255



255, 154, 218



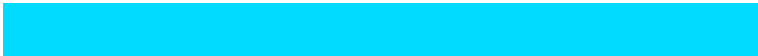
182, 244, 91

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 135, 222



0, 118, 255



255, 154, 218



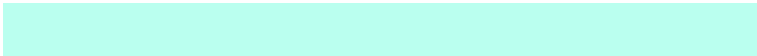
255, 171, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 135, 222



186, 225, 255



21, 222, 172



87, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 135, 222



0, 145, 255



21, 107, 222



101, 107, 112



0, 100, 176



0, 27, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222, 21, 69



255, 0, 60



222, 88, 21



112, 101, 104



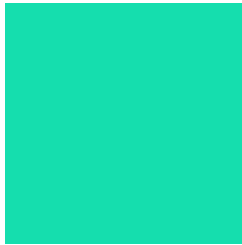
176, 0, 42



48, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 21, 135, 222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

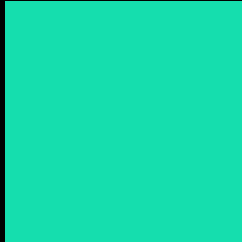
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 21, 135, 222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

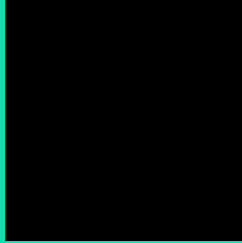
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

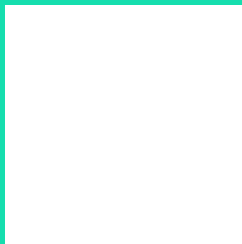
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 21, 135, 222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 21, 135, 222.

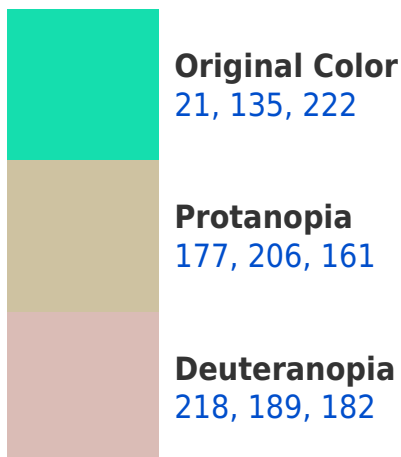


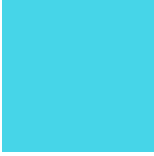
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 21, 135, 222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

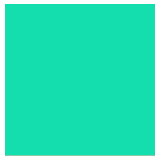
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
70, 146, 232

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 135, 222



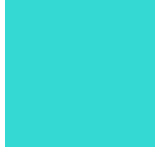
Protanomaly

139, 185, 204



Deuteranomaly

146, 180, 200



Tritanomaly

52, 136, 217

Monochromacy



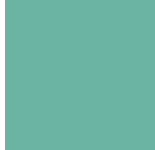
Original Color

21, 135, 222



Achromatopsia

156, 156, 156



Achromatomaly

107, 148, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 21, 135, 222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 222, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 222, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 222, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 222, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 21, 135, 222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 222, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 222, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 222, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 222, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 222, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 222,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 21, 135, 222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 222, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 222,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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