

Converting Colors

`RYB(21, 179, 152)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(21, 179, 152) contains.

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Color

RYB(21, 179, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30B315
RGB	48, 179, 21
RGB Percent	19%, 70%, 8%
CMY	0.8118, 0.2980, 0.9176
CMYK	0.73, 0.00, 0.88, 0.30
HSL	110°, 79%, 39%
HSV	110°, 88%, 70%
XYZ	17.4744, 32.9227, 6.1432
YIQ	121.8190, -27.3580, -76.9100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

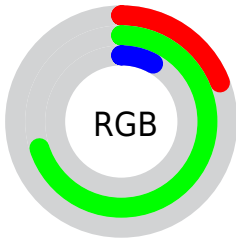
Format	Color
RYB	21, 179, 152
Decimal	3191573
CIELab	64.10, -60.94, 61.39
CIELCh	64, 86.504, 134.789
Yxy	32.9227, 0.3091, 0.5823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281381653 (0xFF30B315)
YUV	121.8190, -49.7038, -64.7393
Hunter-Lab	57.3783, -46.0505, 33.8170

Details

The RYB color **21, 179, 152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **152, 21, 179**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 236, 205**, and **0, 125, 125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3, 179, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 179, 155**.

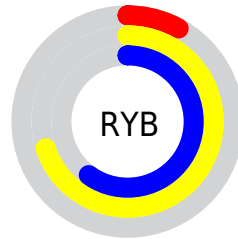
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (70%)

Blue (8%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (60%)

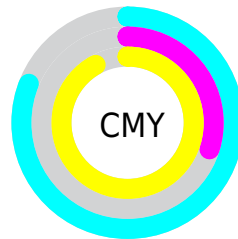


Cyan (73%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (81%)


Magenta (30%)


Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 21, 179, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 21, 179, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 21, 179, 152

 21, 179, 152


255, 255, 255

 0, 152, 152

 84, 236, 205

 0, 125, 125

 111, 255, 220

 0, 99, 99

 139, 255, 218

 0, 73, 73

 167, 255, 216

 0, 51, 51


 196, 255, 215


 0, 23, 23

 225, 255, 225

 0, 0, 0

254, 255, 254

 21, 179, 152

 21, 179, 152

■ 3, 179, 149

■ 39, 179, 155

■ 0, 179, 148

■ 57, 179, 158

■ 75, 179, 161

■ 93, 179, 165

■ 110, 179, 167

■ 128, 179, 170

■ 146, 179, 173

■ 164, 179, 176

■ 182, 179, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 164, 12



21, 179, 152



0, 117, 187

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21, 179, 152



0, 104, 255



255, 60, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 179, 152



152, 21, 179

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 70, 198



21, 179, 152



0, 95, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21, 179, 152



0, 108, 255



204, 114, 255



255, 117, 46

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 179, 152



0, 101, 189



204, 114, 255



255, 55, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 179, 152



172, 232, 222



57, 179, 21



81, 117, 111



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 179, 152



0, 232, 192



21, 141, 179



80, 89, 87



0, 153, 127



0, 26, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 21, 179



192, 0, 232



179, 21, 129



88, 80, 89



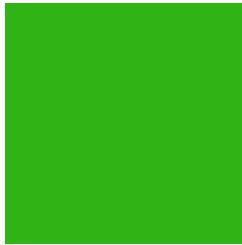
127, 0, 153



21, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 21, 179, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 21, 179, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

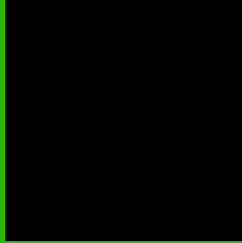
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 21, 179, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 21, 179, 152.

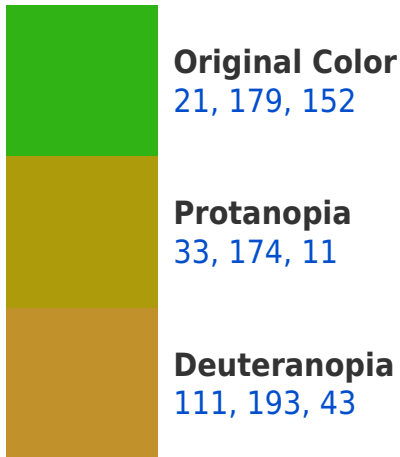


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 21, 179, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
87, 130, 180

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 179, 152



Protanomaly

15, 164, 51



Deuteranomaly

35, 158, 53



Tritanomaly

73, 138, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 179, 152



Achromatopsia

122, 122, 122



Achromatomaly

85, 143, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 21, 179, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 179, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 179, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 179, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 179, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 21, 179, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 179, 21) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 179, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 179, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 179, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 179, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 179,  
21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 21, 179, 152 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 179, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 179,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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