

Converting Colors

`RYB(220, 102, 113)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(220, 102, 113) contains.

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Color

`RYB(220, 102, 113)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DC6671
RGB	220, 102, 113
RGB Percent	86%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.1373, 0.6000, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.49, 0.14
HSL	354°, 63%, 63%
HSV	354°, 54%, 86%
XYZ	37.2472, 25.9106, 18.6609
YIQ	138.5360, 66.7970, 28.4370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

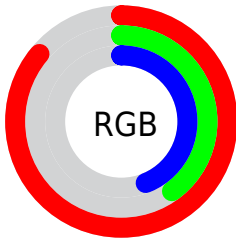
Format	Color
R_{YB}	220, 102, 113
Decimal	14444145
CIE _{Lab}	57.95, 47.13, 16.41
CIE _{LCh}	58, 49.910, 19.196
Yxy	25.9106, 0.4552, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292634225 (0xFFDC6671)
YUV	138.5360, -12.5892, 71.4439
Hunter-Lab	50.9025, 41.5356, 13.8960

Details

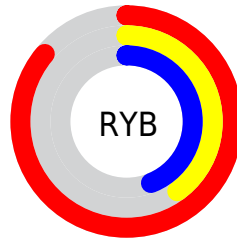
The RYB color **220, 102, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **102, 164, 220**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 156, 165**, and **160, 48, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **220, 80, 93**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **220, 124, 133**.

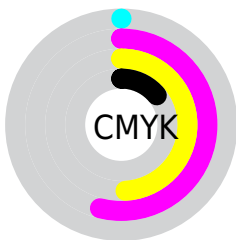
Distribution



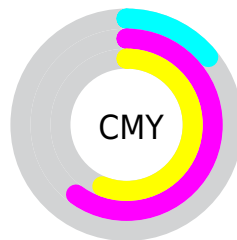
- Red (86%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 220, 102, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 220, 102, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 220, 102, 113


255, 255, 255

 255, 156, 165

 255, 184, 192


 255, 213, 220

 255, 242, 248

 220, 102, 113

 190, 75, 89

 160, 48, 65


 131, 17, 43

 103, 0, 23


 75, 0, 0


 49, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 220, 102, 113


 220, 80, 93


 220, 102, 113


 220, 124, 133


 220, 58, 73

 220, 146, 153

 220, 36, 53

 220, 168, 173

 220, 14, 33

 220, 190, 193

 220, 0, 21

 220, 212, 213

 220, 227, 234

 220, 238, 255

 220, 238, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211, 102, 157



220, 102, 113



207, 132, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



220, 102, 113



80, 155, 150



0, 90, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



220, 102, 113



102, 164, 220

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 89, 204



220, 102, 113



0, 91, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



220, 102, 113



51, 146, 61



0, 82, 167



114, 131, 222

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



220, 102, 113



173, 188, 56



0, 82, 167



0, 90, 220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



220, 102, 113



255, 214, 218



208, 102, 220



128, 103, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



220, 102, 113



255, 92, 107



220, 180, 102



110, 99, 100



173, 0, 16



46, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220, 102, 113



255, 92, 107



102, 146, 220



110, 99, 100



173, 0, 16



46, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 220, 102, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

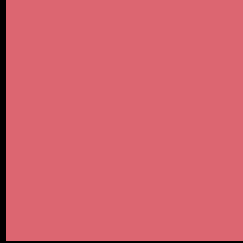
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 220, 102, 113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 220, 102, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 220, 102, 113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 220, 102, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
220, 102, 113

Protanopia
141, 144, 132

Deuteranopia
164, 157, 108



Tritanopia
220, 103, 110

Trichromacy



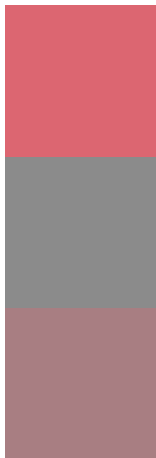
Original Color
220, 102, 113

Protanomaly
172, 126, 125

Deuteranomaly
184, 124, 110

Tritanomaly
220, 103, 111

Monochromacy



Original Color
220, 102, 113

Achromatopsia
139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly
168, 126, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 220, 102, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 102, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 102, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 102, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 102, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 220, 102, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 102, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 102, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 102, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 102, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 102, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 102,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 220, 102, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 102, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
102, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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