

Converting Colors

`RYB(221, 129, 163)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(221, 129, 163) contains.

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Color

RYB(221, 129, 163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DD81A3
RGB	221, 129, 163
RGB Percent	87%, 51%, 64%
CMY	0.1333, 0.4941, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.26, 0.13
HSL	338°, 58%, 69%
HSV	338°, 42%, 87%
XYZ	44.2799, 33.7170, 38.8246
YIQ	160.3840, 43.9180, 30.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

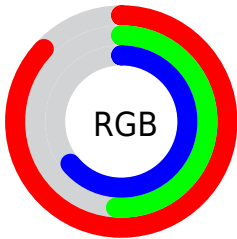
Format	Color
R _Y B	221, 129, 163
Decimal	14516643
CIE Lab	64.74, 39.60, -2.62
CIE LCh	65, 39.689, 356.214
Yxy	33.7170, 0.3790, 0.2886
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292706723 (0xFFDD81A3)
YUV	160.3840, 1.2897, 53.1602
Hunter-Lab	58.0663, 34.5034, 1.0037

Details

The RYB color **221, 129, 163** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **129, 185, 221**, and the grayscale version is **160, 160, 160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 183, 218**, and **164, 77, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221, 107, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 151, 177**.

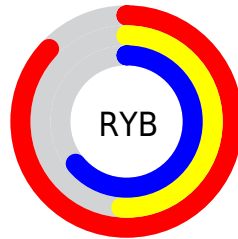
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (51%)

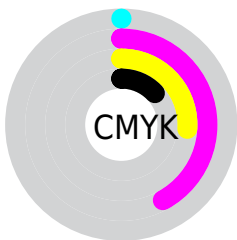
Blue (64%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (64%)

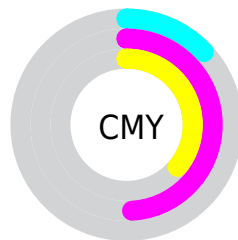


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 221, 129, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 221, 129, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 221, 129, 163

255, 255, 255

 255, 183, 218

 255, 212, 246

 255, 240, 255

 221, 129, 163

 192, 103, 137


 164, 77, 111

 136, 52, 87

 109, 25, 64

 82, 0, 42

 57, 0, 22

 31, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 221, 129, 163

 221, 129, 163

■ 221, 107, 149

■ 221, 151, 177

■ 221, 85, 135

■ 221, 173, 191

■ 221, 63, 121

■ 221, 195, 205

■ 221, 41, 107

■ 221, 217, 219

■ 221, 19, 93

■ 221, 233, 240

■ 221, 0, 82

■ 221, 240, 255

■ 221, 238, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 137, 197



221, 129, 163



225, 131, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



221, 129, 163



92, 164, 108



0, 95, 215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



221, 129, 163



129, 185, 221

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 90, 187



221, 129, 163



106, 163, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



221, 129, 163



130, 184, 85



50, 119, 175



93, 139, 227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



221, 129, 163



217, 148, 107



50, 119, 175



0, 94, 207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



221, 129, 163



255, 224, 236



186, 129, 221



128, 110, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



221, 129, 163



255, 128, 175



221, 141, 129



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 64



46, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 129, 163



255, 128, 175



129, 172, 221



110, 99, 103



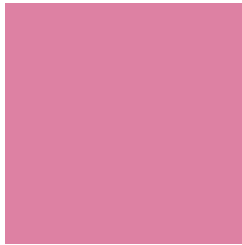
173, 0, 64



46, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 221, 129, 163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

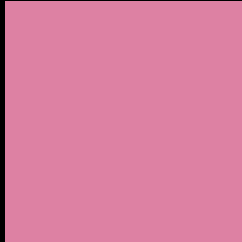
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 221, 129, 163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 221, 129, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 221, 129, 163.

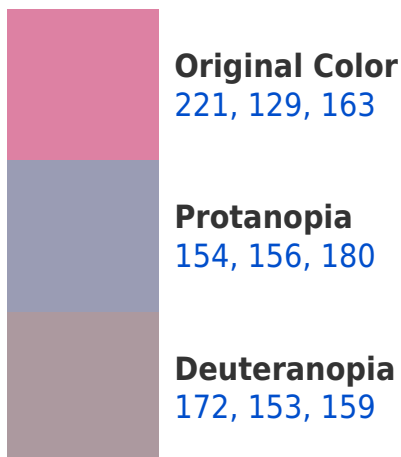



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 221, 129, 163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
219, 133, 143

Trichromacy



Original Color

221, 129, 163



Protanomaly

178, 146, 174



Deuteranomaly

190, 144, 160



Tritanomaly

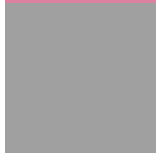
220, 132, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

221, 129, 163



Achromatopsia

160, 160, 160



Achromatomaly

182, 149, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 221, 129, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 129, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 129, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 129, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 129, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 221, 129, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 129, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 129, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 129, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 129, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 129, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 129,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 221, 129, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 129, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
129, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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