

# Converting Colors

`RYB(221, 209, 180)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(221, 209, 180) contains.

<b>RYB(221, 209, 180)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(221, 209, 180)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DDC5B4
RGB	221, 197, 180
RGB Percent	87%, 77%, 71%
CMY	0.1333, 0.2275, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.19, 0.13
HSL	25°, 38%, 79%
HSV	25°, 19%, 87%
XYZ	58.0200, 58.5935, 51.4317
YIQ	202.2380, 19.7610, -0.1990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

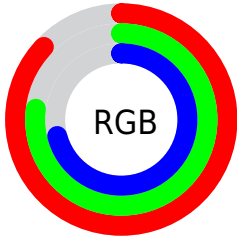
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 209, 180
Decimal	14534068
CIE Lab	81.07, 5.75, 11.60
CIE LCh	81, 12.947, 63.622
Yxy	58.5935, 0.3453, 0.3487
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292724148 (0xFFDDC5B4)
YUV	202.2380, -10.9633, 16.4543
Hunter-Lab	76.5464, 1.3419, 13.7453

# Details

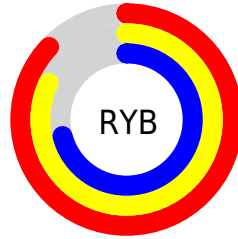
The RYB color **221, 209, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **180, 195, 221**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237, 255, 236**, and **166, 154, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221, 202, 158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 216, 202**.

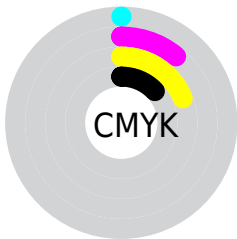
# Distribution



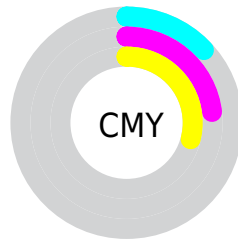
- Red (87%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 221, 209, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 221, 209, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 221, 209, 180

255, 255, 255


 237, 255, 236

 221, 209, 180

 193, 183, 153

 166, 154, 127

 139, 130, 102

 113, 104, 78

 88, 79, 55

 64, 57, 34

 42, 38, 12

 19, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 221, 209, 180


 221, 209, 180

 221, 202, 158


 221, 216, 202

 221, 196, 136


 221, 222, 224

 221, 189, 114


 221, 230, 246


 221, 182, 92


 221, 236, 255


 221, 175, 70

 221, 238, 255

 221, 170, 47

 221, 163, 25

 221, 156, 3

 221, 158, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227, 195, 188



221, 209, 180



189, 210, 177

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



221, 209, 180



173, 193, 209



206, 198, 221

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



221, 209, 180



180, 195, 221

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 199, 225



221, 209, 180



171, 191, 214

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



221, 209, 180



183, 202, 207



177, 194, 223



219, 195, 212

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



221, 209, 180



179, 204, 182



177, 194, 223



201, 199, 223



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



221, 209, 180



255, 250, 240



221, 180, 205



128, 124, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



221, 209, 180



255, 238, 199



184, 221, 180



110, 105, 99



173, 123, 0



46, 32, 0

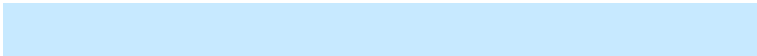


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 195, 221



199, 220, 255



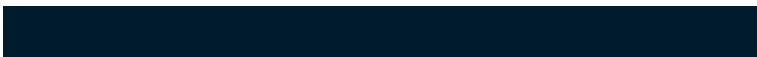
180, 184, 221



99, 103, 110



0, 64, 173



0, 17, 46



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 221, 209, 180 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

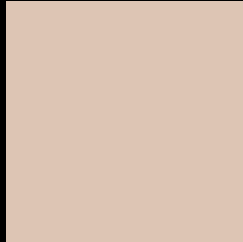
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 221, 209, 180 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

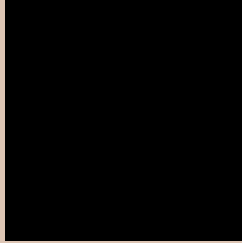
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 221, 209, 180 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 221, 209, 180.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 221, 209, 180.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 221, 209, 180
	<b>Protanopia</b> 195, 210, 182
	<b>Deuteranopia</b> 228, 199, 181



**Tritanopia**  
225, 193, 208

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

221, 209, 180

**Protanomaly**

205, 214, 181

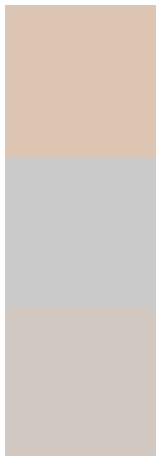
**Deuteranomaly**

225, 202, 181

**Tritanomaly**

224, 194, 198

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

221, 209, 180

**Achromatopsia**

202, 202, 202

**Achromatomaly**

209, 204, 194

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 221, 209, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 197, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 197, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 197, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 197, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 221, 209, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 197, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 197, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 197, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 197, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 197, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 197,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 221, 197, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 197, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
197, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor