

Converting Colors

`RYB(221, 211, 213)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(221, 211, 213) contains.

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Color

R_YB(221, 211, 213)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | DDD3D5 |
| RGB | 221, 211, 213 |
| RGB Percent | 87%, 83%, 84% |
| CMY | 0.1333, 0.1725, 0.1647 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.05, 0.04, 0.13 |
| HSL | 348°, 13%, 85% |
| HSV | 348°, 5%, 87% |
| XYZ | 65.1233, 66.7648, 72.4053 |
| YIQ | 214.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

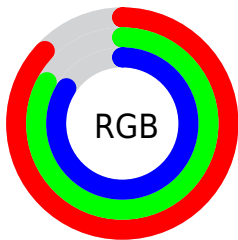
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 221, 211, 213 |
| Decimal | 14537685 |
| CIE Lab | 85.39, 3.79, 0.23 |
| CIE LCh | 85, 3.797, 3.516 |
| Yxy | 66.7648, 0.3188, 0.3268 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292727765 (0xFFDDD3D5) |
| YUV | 214.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 |
| Hunter-Lab | 81.7097, -0.7261, 4.6582 |

Details

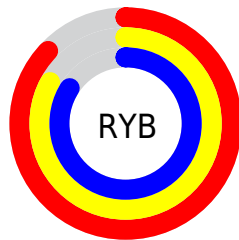
The RYB color **221, 211, 213** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 217, 221**, and the grayscale version is **214, 214, 214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **166, 157, 158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **221, 189, 195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 228, 233**.

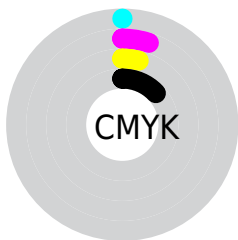
Distribution



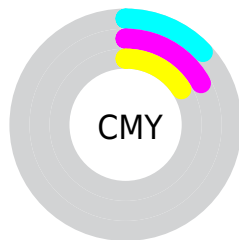
- Red (87%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 221, 211, 213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 221, 211, 213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 221, 211, 213

255, 255, 255

■ 221, 211, 213

■ 193, 183, 185

■ 166, 157, 158

■ 140, 130, 132

■ 114, 105, 107

■ 90, 81, 83

■ 66, 58, 60


■ 44, 37, 38


■ 24, 16, 18


■ 0, 0, 0

 221, 211, 213


 221, 211, 213

 221, 189, 195


 221, 228, 233


 221, 167, 178


 221, 240, 255


 221, 145, 160


 221, 238, 255


 221, 123, 142

 221, 100, 125

 221, 78, 107

 221, 56, 89

 221, 34, 72

 221, 12, 54

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219, 211, 217



221, 211, 213



221, 211, 209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



221, 211, 213



207, 214, 209



207, 212, 220

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



221, 211, 213



211, 217, 221

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205, 210, 217



221, 211, 213



208, 213, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



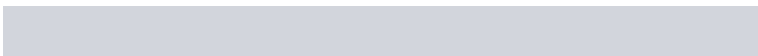
221, 211, 213



210, 216, 206



205, 211, 216



210, 212, 220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



221, 211, 213



220, 214, 208



205, 211, 216



206, 211, 219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



221, 211, 213



255, 252, 253



219, 211, 221



128, 126, 126



0, 0, 0



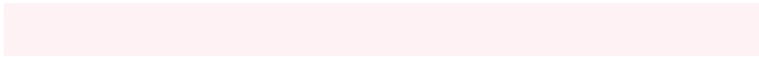
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



221, 211, 213



255, 242, 245



221, 215, 211



110, 103, 104



173, 0, 35



46, 0, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 211, 213



255, 242, 245



211, 215, 221



110, 103, 104



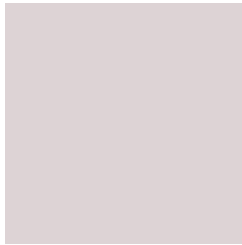
173, 0, 35



46, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 221, 211, 213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

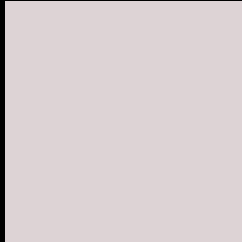
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 221, 211, 213 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

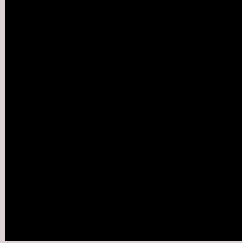
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

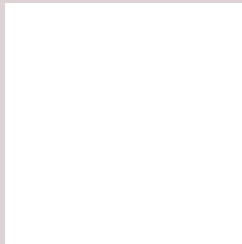
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 221, 211, 213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 221, 211, 213.

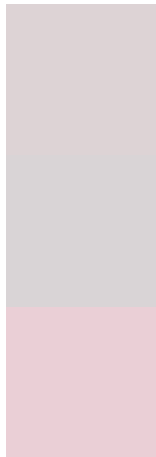


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 221, 211, 213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
221, 211, 213

Protanopia
217, 212, 214

Deuteranopia
234, 207, 214



Tritanopia
223, 209, 226

Trichromacy



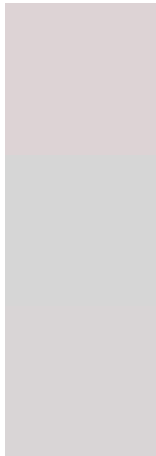
Original Color
221, 211, 213

Protanomaly
218, 212, 214

Deuteranomaly
229, 208, 214

Tritanomaly
222, 210, 221

Monochromacy



Original Color
221, 211, 213

Achromatopsia
214, 214, 214

Achromatomaly
217, 213, 214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 221, 211, 213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 211, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 211, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 211, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 211, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 221, 211, 213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 211, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 211, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 211, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 211, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 211, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 211,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 221, 211, 213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 211, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
211, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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