

Converting Colors

`RYB(222, 22, 118)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(222, 22, 118) contains.

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Color

R_YB(222, 22, 118)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DE1676
RGB	222, 22, 118
RGB Percent	87%, 9%, 46%
CMY	0.1294, 0.9137, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.47, 0.13
HSL	331°, 82%, 48%
HSV	331°, 90%, 87%
XYZ	33.6811, 17.4114, 18.7251
YIQ	92.7440, 88.3840, 72.2560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

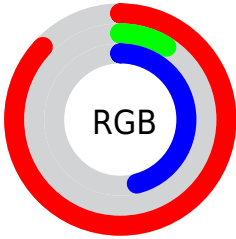
Format	Color
R_{YB}	222, 22, 118
Decimal	14554742
CIE _{Lab}	48.77, 74.62, 0.46
CIE _{LCh}	49, 74.625, 0.353
Yxy	17.4114, 0.4824, 0.2494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292744822 (0xFFDE1676)
YUV	92.7440, 12.4512, 113.3575
Hunter-Lab	41.7270, 71.0591, 2.6024

Details

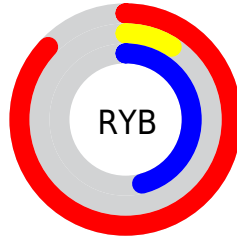
The RYB color **222, 22, 118** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **22, 154, 222**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 98, 170**, and **160, 0, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **222, 0, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **222, 44, 130**.

Distribution



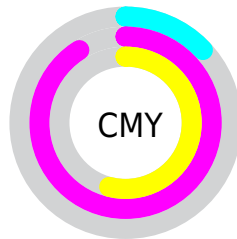
- Red (87%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 222, 22, 118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 222, 22, 118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



222, 22, 118



222, 22, 118

255, 255, 255



191, 0, 93



255, 98, 170



160, 0, 70



255, 128, 197



130, 0, 48



255, 158, 225



100, 0, 28



255, 188, 254



72, 0, 4



255, 218, 255



40, 0, 1



255, 248, 255



0, 0, 0



222, 22, 118



222, 22, 118



222, 0, 107



222, 44, 130

■ 222, 66, 141

■ 222, 89, 153

■ 222, 111, 164

■ 222, 133, 176

■ 222, 155, 187

■ 222, 177, 199

■ 222, 200, 210

■ 222, 222, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190, 60, 180



222, 22, 118



218, 48, 56

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



222, 22, 118



0, 130, 54



0, 86, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



222, 22, 118



22, 154, 222

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 79, 179



222, 22, 118



0, 104, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



222, 22, 118



32, 140, 0



0, 78, 142



0, 82, 244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



222, 22, 118



201, 112, 7



0, 78, 142



0, 84, 213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



222, 22, 118



255, 186, 219



125, 22, 222



128, 87, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



222, 22, 118



255, 0, 122



222, 25, 22



112, 101, 106



176, 0, 84



48, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



222, 22, 118



255, 0, 122



22, 121, 222



112, 101, 106



176, 0, 84



48, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 222, 22, 118 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 222, 22, 118 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 222, 22, 118 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 222, 22, 118.

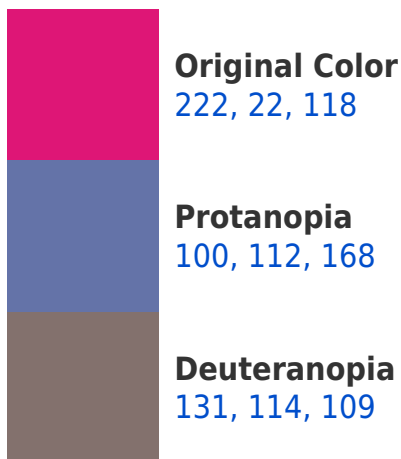


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 222, 22, 118.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
219, 50, 51

Trichromacy



Original Color

222, 22, 118



Protanomaly

144, 81, 150



Deuteranomaly

164, 80, 112



Tritanomaly

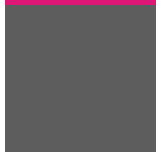
220, 40, 75

Monochromacy



Original Color

222, 22, 118



Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93



Achromatomaly

140, 67, 102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 222, 22, 118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 22, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 22, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 22, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 22, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 222, 22, 118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 22, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 22, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 22, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 22, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 22, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 22,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 222, 22, 118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 22, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222, 22,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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