

Converting Colors

`RYB(223, 125, 52)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(223, 125, 52) contains.

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Color

R_YB(223, 125, 52)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DF6734
RGB	223, 103, 52
RGB Percent	87%, 40%, 20%
CMY	0.1255, 0.5955, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.77, 0.13
HSL	18°, 73%, 54%
HSV	18°, 77%, 87%
XYZ	35.9174, 25.6682, 6.3102
YIQ	133.0660, 87.8910, 9.5790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

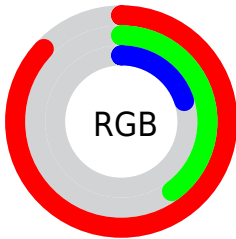
Format	Color
RYB	223, 125, 52
Decimal	14640948
CIELab	57.72, 43.72, 49.71
CIELCh	58, 66.202, 48.664
Yxy	25.6682, 0.5290, 0.3781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292831028 (0xFFDF6734)
YUV	133.0660, -39.9655, 78.8721
Hunter-Lab	50.6638, 37.8834, 28.0801

Details

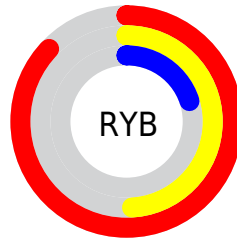
The RYB color **223, 125, 52** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **52, 123, 223**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 188, 102**, and **161, 75, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **223, 113, 30**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 138, 74**.

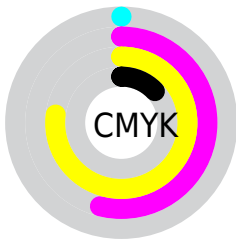
Distribution



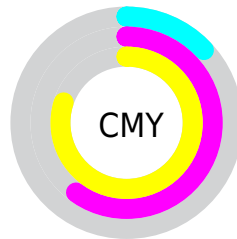
- Red (87%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 223, 125, 52 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 223, 125, 52 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 223, 125, 52  223, 125, 52

255, 255, 255  192, 99, 27

 255, 188, 102  161, 75, 0

 255, 230, 127  131, 26, 0

 226, 255, 154  101, 0, 0

 197, 255, 181  71, 0, 0

 209, 255, 209  46, 0, 2

 238, 255, 238  0, 0, 0

 223, 125, 52  223, 125, 52

 223, 113, 30  223, 138, 74

■ 223, 100, 7

■ 223, 149, 97

■ 223, 96, 0

■ 223, 163, 119

■ 223, 177, 141

■ 223, 189, 163

■ 223, 202, 186

■ 223, 216, 208

■ 223, 226, 230

■ 223, 235, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241, 81, 105



223, 125, 52



81, 184, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



223, 125, 52



0, 97, 164



89, 124, 249

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



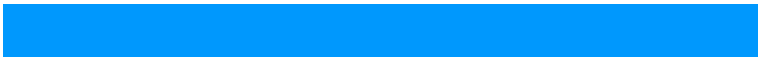
223, 125, 52



52, 123, 223

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 95, 253



223, 125, 52



0, 85, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



223, 125, 52



56, 158, 157



0, 94, 225



186, 106, 216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



223, 125, 52



11, 151, 0



0, 94, 225



0, 90, 254

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



223, 125, 52



255, 222, 196



223, 52, 175



128, 106, 92



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



223, 125, 52



255, 122, 20



99, 223, 52



112, 105, 101



176, 76, 0



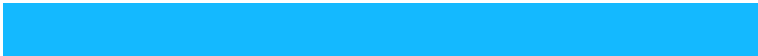
48, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 123, 223



20, 117, 255



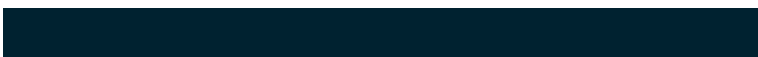
52, 82, 223



101, 106, 112



0, 72, 176



0, 20, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 223, 125, 52 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 223, 125, 52 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

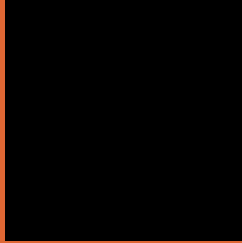
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 223, 125, 52 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 223, 125, 52.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 223, 125, 52.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
223, 125, 52

Protanopia
81, 155, 62

Deuteranopia
106, 174, 44



Tritanopia
225, 97, 104

Trichromacy



Original Color

223, 125, 52

Protanomaly

155, 180, 58

Deuteranomaly

182, 192, 47

Tritanomaly

224, 101, 85

Monochromacy



Original Color

223, 125, 52

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

166, 129, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 223, 125, 52 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 103, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 103, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 103, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 103, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 223, 125, 52 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 103, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 103, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 103, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 103, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 103, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 103,  
52) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 223, 125, 52 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 103, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
103, 52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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