

Converting Colors

`RYB(225, 145, 113)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(225, 145, 113) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(225, 145, 113)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E18A71
RGB	225, 138, 113
RGB Percent	88%, 54%, 44%
CMY	0.1176, 0.4593, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.50, 0.12
HSL	13°, 65%, 66%
HSV	13°, 50%, 88%
XYZ	43.1045, 35.3449, 20.1732
YIQ	161.1630, 59.8770, 10.6690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

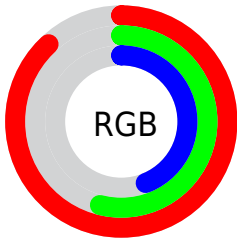
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 145, 113
Decimal	14781041
CIE Lab	66.02, 30.63, 27.39
CIE LCh	66, 41.090, 41.806
Yxy	35.3449, 0.4371, 0.3584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292971121 (0xFFE18A71)
YUV	161.1630, -23.7444, 55.9850
Hunter-Lab	59.4516, 25.3786, 21.4978

Details

The RYB color **225, 145, 113** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **113, 162, 225**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 204, 165**, and **166, 93, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 128, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **225, 160, 136**.

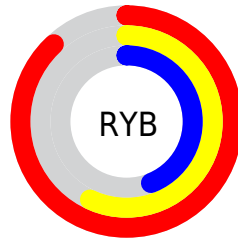
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (54%)

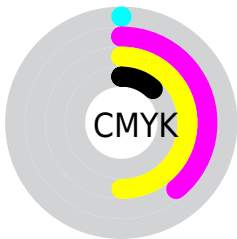
Blue (44%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (44%)

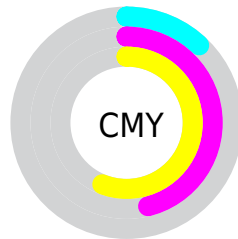


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 225, 145, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 225, 145, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 225, 145, 113

255, 255, 255

 255, 204, 165

 255, 242, 192

 227, 255, 220


 249, 255, 249

 225, 145, 113

 195, 119, 88

 166, 93, 65

 138, 67, 42

 110, 42, 21

 83, 15, 0


 55, 0, 0

 27, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 225, 145, 113

 225, 145, 113

 225, 128, 91

 225, 160, 136

 225, 113, 68

 225, 177, 158

 225, 96, 46

 225, 193, 180

 225, 81, 23

 225, 209, 203

 225, 64, 1

 225, 225, 225

 225, 64, 0

 225, 235, 248

 225, 240, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231, 131, 147



225, 145, 113



190, 203, 90

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



225, 145, 113



79, 142, 178



129, 152, 232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



225, 145, 113



113, 162, 225

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50, 122, 230



225, 145, 113



0, 92, 180

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



225, 145, 113



104, 172, 147



0, 96, 208



183, 145, 216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



225, 145, 113



114, 181, 85



0, 96, 208



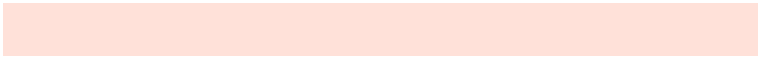
106, 145, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



225, 145, 113



255, 227, 217



225, 113, 201



128, 111, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



225, 145, 113



255, 146, 102



158, 225, 113



112, 103, 101



176, 50, 0



48, 14, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 162, 225



102, 169, 255



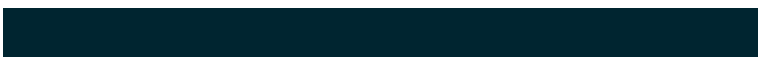
113, 138, 225



101, 106, 112



0, 77, 176



0, 21, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 225, 145, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

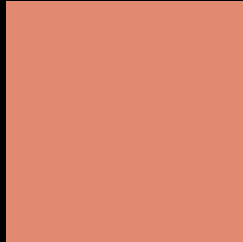
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 225, 145, 113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 225, 145, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 225, 145, 113.

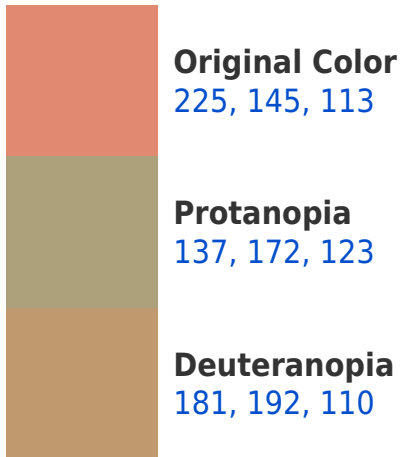



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 225, 145, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

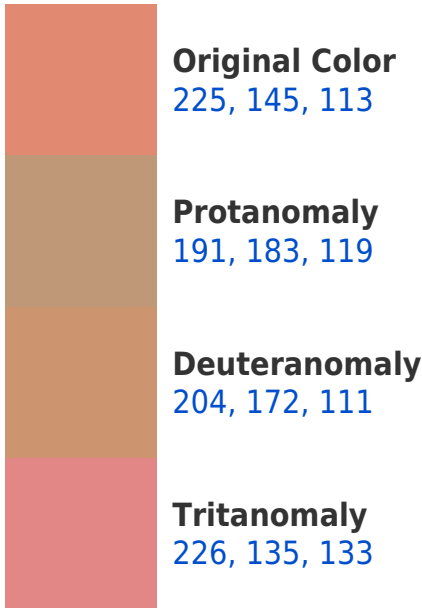
Dichromacy



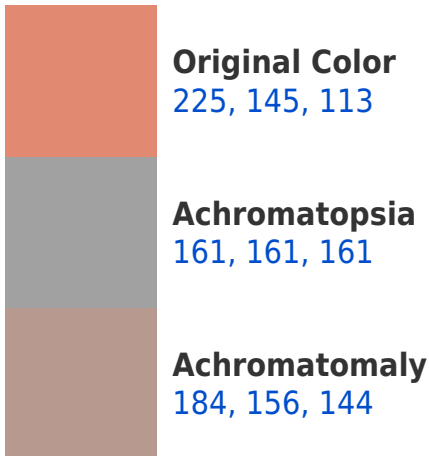


Tritanopia
227, 134, 144

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 225, 145, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 138, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 138, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 138, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 138, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 225, 145, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 138, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 138, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 138, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 138, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 138, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 138,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 225, 138, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 138, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
138, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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