

Converting Colors

`RYB(226, 143, 159)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(226, 143, 159) contains.

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Color

R_YB(226, 143, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E28F9F
RGB	226, 143, 159
RGB Percent	89%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.1137, 0.4392, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.30, 0.11
HSL	348°, 59%, 72%
HSV	348°, 37%, 89%
XYZ	47.4445, 38.3169, 37.6962
YIQ	169.6410, 44.3320, 22.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

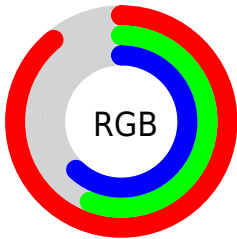
Format	Color
R_{YB}	226, 143, 159
Decimal	14847903
CIE _{Lab}	68.25, 33.47, 4.83
CIE _{LCh}	68, 33.815, 8.211
Yxy	38.3169, 0.3843, 0.3104
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293037983 (0xFFE28F9F)
YUV	169.6410, -5.2460, 49.4268
Hunter-Lab	61.9006, 28.4874, 7.2241

Details

The RYB color **226, 143, 159** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **143, 189, 226**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 198, 214**, and **169, 91, 108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **226, 120, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **226, 166, 177**.

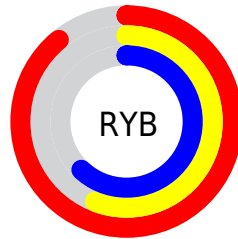
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (56%)

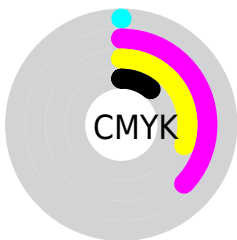
Blue (62%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (62%)

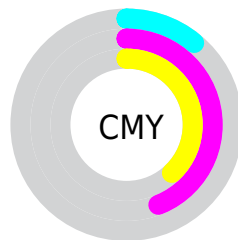


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 226, 143, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 226, 143, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 226, 143, 159

 226, 143, 159


255, 255, 255

 197, 117, 133

 255, 198, 214

 169, 91, 108

 255, 226, 242

 141, 66, 84

 114, 42, 61

 87, 17, 39

 62, 0, 18

 39, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 226, 143, 159

 226, 143, 159

■ 226, 120, 141

■ 226, 166, 177

■ 226, 98, 123

■ 226, 188, 195

■ 226, 75, 104

■ 226, 211, 214

■ 226, 53, 86

■ 226, 230, 233

■ 226, 30, 68

■ 226, 242, 255

■ 226, 7, 50

■ 226, 241, 255

■ 226, 0, 44

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 146, 190



226, 143, 159



223, 151, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 143, 159



117, 176, 147



89, 142, 222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 143, 159



143, 189, 226

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56, 124, 203



226, 143, 159



109, 158, 181

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 143, 159



119, 179, 105



72, 130, 183



137, 159, 227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 143, 159



213, 177, 115



72, 130, 183



74, 134, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 143, 159



255, 227, 232



209, 143, 226



128, 111, 114



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 143, 159



255, 143, 164



226, 179, 143



112, 101, 103



176, 0, 34



48, 0, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 143, 159



255, 143, 164



143, 177, 226



112, 101, 103



176, 0, 34



48, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 143, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

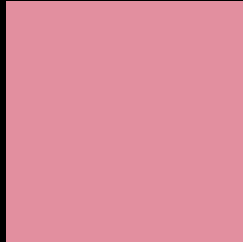
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 143, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 226, 143, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 143, 159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 143, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
226, 143, 159

Protanopia
168, 166, 172

Deuteranopia
187, 162, 156



Tritanopia
226, 144, 155

Trichromacy



Original Color

226, 143, 159

Protanomaly

189, 158, 167

Deuteranomaly

201, 154, 157

Tritanomaly

226, 144, 156

Monochromacy



Original Color

226, 143, 159

Achromatopsia

170, 170, 170

Achromatomaly

190, 160, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 226, 143, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(226, 143, 159) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 143, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 143, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 143, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 226, 143, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 143, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 143, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 143, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 143, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 143, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 143,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 143, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 143, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
143, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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