

Converting Colors

`RYB(226, 190, 128)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(226, 190, 128) contains.

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Color

R_YB(226, 190, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2A680
RGB	226, 166, 128
RGB Percent	89%, 65%, 50%
CMY	0.1137, 0.3491, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.43, 0.11
HSL	23°, 63%, 69%
HSV	23°, 43%, 89%
XYZ	48.8920, 44.9906, 26.5292
YIQ	179.6080, 47.9580, 0.9020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

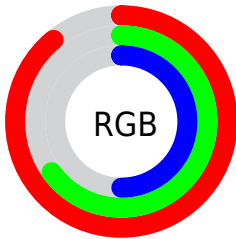
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 190, 128
Decimal	14853760
CIE Lab	72.89, 17.50, 28.34
CIE LCh	73, 33.301, 58.307
Yxy	44.9906, 0.4060, 0.3736
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293043840 (0xFFE2A680)
YUV	179.6080, -25.4427, 40.6858
Hunter-Lab	67.0750, 12.7300, 23.5024

Details

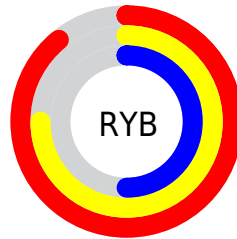
The RYB color **226, 190, 128** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **128, 165, 226**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 255, 181**, and **168, 138, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **226, 182, 105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **226, 198, 151**.

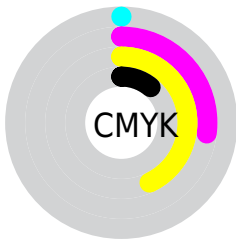
Distribution



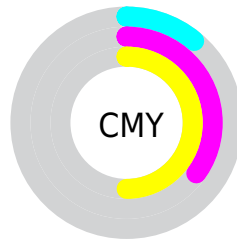
- Red (89%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 226, 190, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 226, 190, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 226, 190, 128


255, 255, 255


 244, 255, 181


 215, 255, 209

 237, 255, 237

 226, 190, 128

 197, 164, 103

 168, 138, 78

 141, 111, 55

 113, 89, 33


 87, 66, 11

 61, 34, 0

 37, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 226, 190, 128

 226, 190, 128

■ 226, 182, 105

■ 226, 198, 151

■ 226, 172, 83

■ 226, 208, 173

■ 226, 164, 60

■ 226, 216, 196

■ 226, 157, 38

■ 226, 223, 218

■ 226, 149, 15

■ 226, 232, 241

■ 226, 144, 0

■ 226, 239, 255

■ 226, 241, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239, 159, 151



226, 190, 128



156, 202, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 190, 128



99, 152, 195



181, 172, 232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 190, 128



128, 165, 226

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135, 167, 239



226, 190, 128



76, 138, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 190, 128



134, 182, 192



92, 149, 230



216, 161, 211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 190, 128



120, 183, 122



92, 149, 230



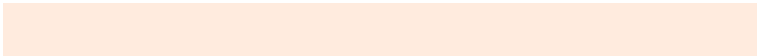
166, 174, 237

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 190, 128



255, 243, 222



226, 128, 188



128, 120, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 190, 128



255, 207, 122



140, 226, 128



112, 107, 101



176, 111, 0



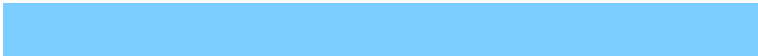
48, 31, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 165, 226



122, 173, 255



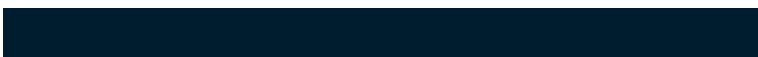
128, 138, 226



101, 105, 112



0, 67, 176



0, 18, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 190, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

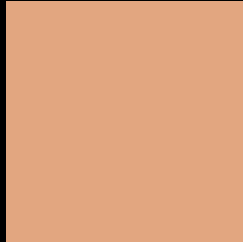
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 190, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

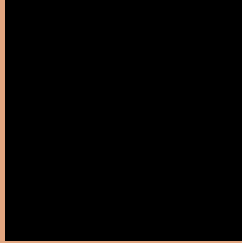
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 226, 190, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 190, 128.







This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 190, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

	Original Color 226, 190, 128
	Protanopia 151, 192, 134
	Deuteranopia 205, 213, 127



Tritanopia
230, 160, 172

Trichromacy



Original Color
226, 190, 128

Protanomaly
183, 204, 132

Deuteranomaly
218, 209, 127

Tritanomaly
229, 163, 156

Monochromacy



Original Color
226, 190, 128

Achromatopsia
180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly
197, 184, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 226, 190, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 166, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 166, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 166, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 166, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 226, 190, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 166, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 166, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 166, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 166, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 166, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 166, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 226, 190, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 166, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
166, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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