

Converting Colors

`RYB(226, 237, 169)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(226, 237, 169) contains.

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Color

R_YB(226, 237, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDCEA9
RGB	237, 206, 169
RGB Percent	93%, 81%, 66%
CMY	0.0706, 0.1922, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.29, 0.07
HSL	33°, 65%, 80%
HSV	33°, 29%, 93%
XYZ	64.1559, 65.0079, 46.7025
YIQ	211.0510, 30.3530, -4.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

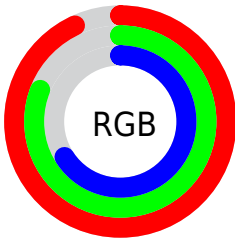
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 237, 169
Decimal	15584937
CIE Lab	84.49, 5.46, 22.42
CIE LCh	84, 23.080, 76.306
Yxy	65.0079, 0.3648, 0.3696
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293775017 (0xFFEDCEA9)
YUV	211.0510, -20.7311, 22.7573
Hunter-Lab	80.6275, 0.9357, 22.0962

Details

The RYB color **226, 237, 169** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **169, 190, 237**, and the grayscale version is **211, 211, 211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224, 255, 224**, and **167, 180, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **222, 237, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 237, 193**.

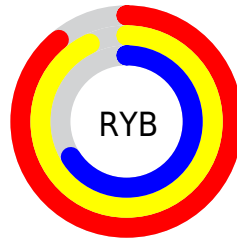
Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (81%)

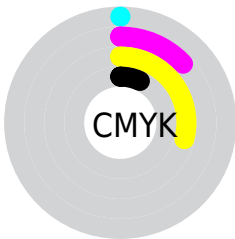
Blue (66%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (66%)

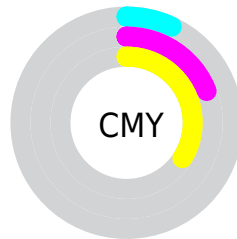


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 226, 237, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 226, 237, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 226, 237, 169

255, 255, 255


 224, 255, 224

253, 255, 253

 226, 237, 169


 194, 208, 142

 167, 180, 117

 140, 153, 92

 112, 126, 68

 85, 100, 45

 60, 75, 24

 30, 52, 0

 29, 18, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 226, 237, 169

■ 226, 237, 169

■ 222, 237, 145

■ 230, 237, 193

■ 220, 237, 122

■ 232, 237, 216

■ 213, 237, 98

■ 237, 238, 240

■ 210, 237, 74

■ 237, 244, 255

■ 206, 237, 50

■ 237, 246, 255

■ 204, 237, 27

■ 200, 237, 3

■ 198, 237, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



252, 206, 180



226, 237, 169



171, 215, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 237, 169



153, 188, 223



229, 201, 241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 237, 169



169, 190, 237

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202, 208, 252



226, 237, 169



154, 192, 242

Square

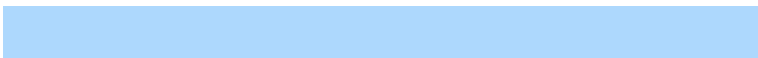
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 237, 169



167, 202, 223



173, 201, 253



248, 196, 222

Rectangle

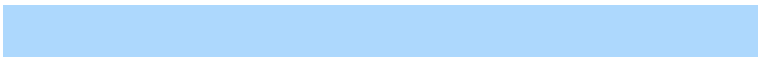
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 237, 169



175, 217, 193



173, 201, 253



220, 204, 246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 237, 169



250, 255, 232



237, 169, 201



126, 128, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 237, 169



242, 255, 168



169, 237, 171



115, 117, 106



153, 181, 0



47, 54, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 190, 237



168, 195, 255



171, 169, 237



106, 109, 117



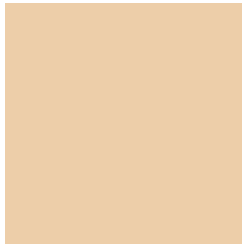
0, 57, 181



0, 17, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 237, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 237, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

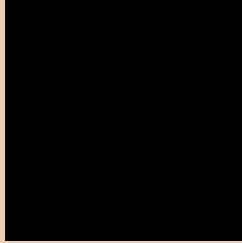
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 226, 237, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 237, 169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 237, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

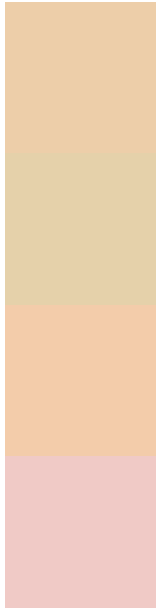
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
242, 200, 215

Trichromacy



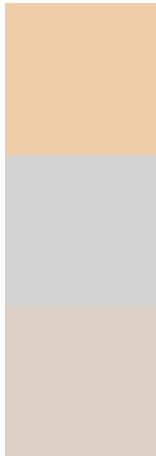
Original Color
226, 237, 169

Protanomaly
200, 229, 170

Deuteranomaly
243, 234, 170

Tritanomaly
240, 202, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color
226, 237, 169

Achromatopsia
211, 211, 211

Achromatomaly
216, 220, 196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 226, 237, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(237, 206, 169) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 206, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 206, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 206, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 226, 237, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 206, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 206, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 206, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 206, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 206, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 206,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 226, 237, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 206, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
206, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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