

# Converting Colors

`RYB(226, 238, 212)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(226, 238, 212) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(226, 238, 212)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEE5D4
RGB	238, 229, 212
RGB Percent	93%, 90%, 83%
CMY	0.0667, 0.1024, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.11, 0.07
HSL	39°, 43%, 88%
HSV	39°, 11%, 93%
XYZ	75.1352, 78.9139, 73.5592
YIQ	229.7530, 10.8210, -3.3790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

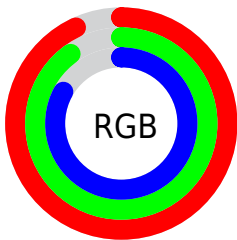
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 238, 212
Decimal	15656404
CIE Lab	91.20, 0.27, 9.33
CIE LCh	91, 9.332, 88.363
Yxy	78.9139, 0.3301, 0.3467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293846484 (0xFFEEE5D4)
YUV	229.7530, -8.7522, 7.2326
Hunter-Lab	88.8335, -4.4837, 13.0879

# Details

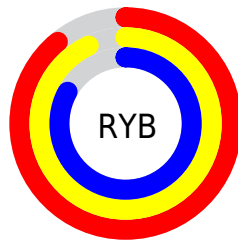
The RYB color **226, 238, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **212, 219, 238**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **169, 182, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 238, 188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238, 238, 236**.

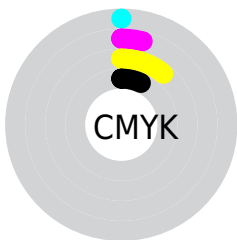
# Distribution



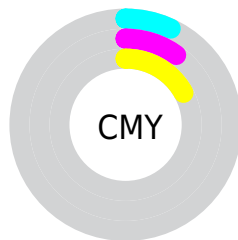
- Red (93%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 226, 238, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 226, 238, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 226, 238, 212

255, 255, 255

■ 226, 238, 212

■ 198, 210, 184

■ 171, 182, 157

■ 143, 155, 131

■ 118, 129, 106

■ 95, 104, 82

■ 70, 80, 59

■ 46, 56, 37

■ 26, 35, 17

■ 5, 7, 0

 226, 238, 212

 226, 238, 212

 214, 238, 188


 238, 238, 236

 204, 238, 164

 238, 243, 255


 193, 238, 141


 238, 246, 255

 181, 238, 117

 238, 247, 255

 172, 238, 93

 160, 238, 69

 148, 238, 45

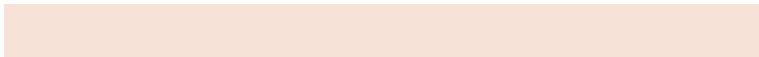
 139, 238, 22

 127, 238, 0

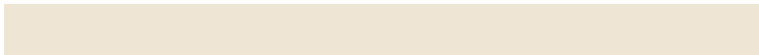
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246, 232, 215



226, 238, 212



214, 232, 218

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



226, 238, 212



208, 222, 238



241, 225, 239

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



226, 238, 212



212, 219, 238

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



231, 228, 245



226, 238, 212



212, 225, 245

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



226, 238, 212



210, 224, 235



220, 228, 247



248, 224, 231

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



226, 238, 212



218, 233, 230



220, 228, 247



238, 226, 242

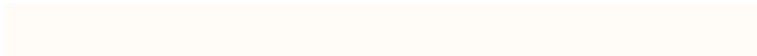


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



226, 238, 212



252, 255, 247



238, 212, 221



125, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

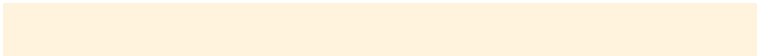


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



226, 238, 212



241, 255, 222



212, 238, 216



114, 120, 108



101, 184, 0



31, 56, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 219, 238



222, 230, 255



216, 212, 238



108, 111, 120



0, 47, 184

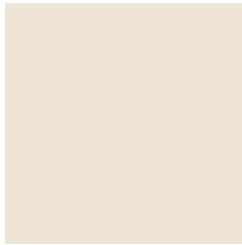


0, 15, 56



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 238, 212 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

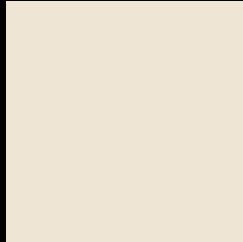
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 226, 238, 212 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

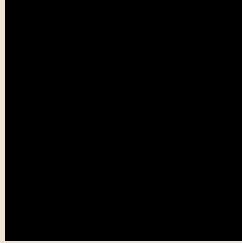
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

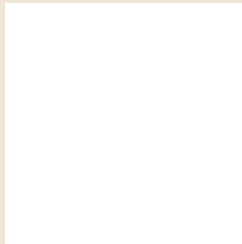
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 226, 238, 212 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 238, 212.

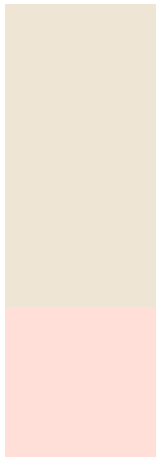


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 226, 238, 212.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
226, 238, 212

**Protanopia**  
226, 238, 212

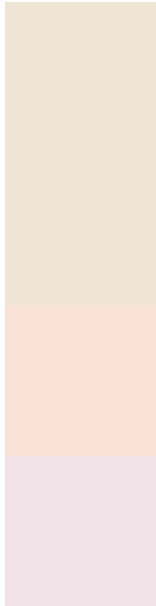
**Deuteranopia**  
255, 225, 215



# Tritanopia

242, 224, 242

# Trichromacy



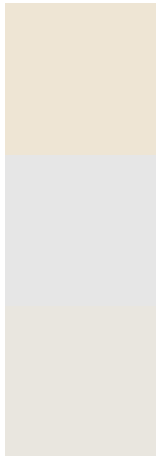
**Original Color**  
226, 238, 212

**Protanomaly**  
226, 238, 212

**Deuteranomaly**  
249, 230, 214

**Tritanomaly**  
241, 226, 231

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
226, 238, 212

**Achromatopsia**  
230, 230, 230

**Achromatomaly**  
227, 233, 223

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 226, 238, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(238, 229, 212) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 229, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 229, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 229, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 226, 238, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 229, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 229, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 229, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 229, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 229, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 229,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 226, 238, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 229, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
229, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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