

Converting Colors

`RYB(227, 150, 153)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(227, 150, 153) contains.

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Color

R_YB(227, 150, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E39699
RGB	227, 150, 153
RGB Percent	89%, 59%, 60%
CMY	0.1098, 0.4118, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.33, 0.11
HSL	358°, 58%, 74%
HSV	358°, 34%, 89%
XYZ	48.3347, 40.4435, 35.3959
YIQ	173.3650, 44.9290, 17.2570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

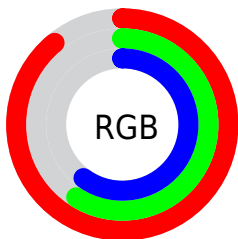
Format	Color
R_{YB}	227, 150, 153
Decimal	14915225
CIE _{Lab}	69.78, 29.34, 10.39
CIE _{LCh}	70, 31.120, 19.495
Yxy	40.4435, 0.3892, 0.3257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293105305 (0xFFE39699)
YUV	173.3650, -10.0399, 47.0379
Hunter-Lab	63.5952, 24.3749, 11.5170

Details

The RYB color **227, 150, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **150, 189, 227**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 205, 207**, and **170, 98, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **227, 127, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **227, 173, 175**.

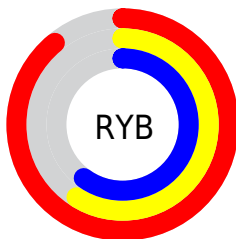
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (59%)

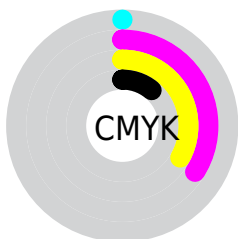
Blue (60%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (60%)

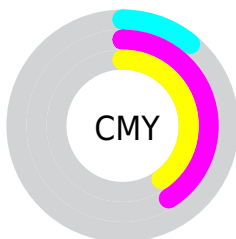


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 227, 150, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 227, 150, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 227, 150, 153

 227, 150, 153

255, 255, 255

 198, 124, 127

 255, 205, 207

 170, 98, 102

 255, 233, 235

 142, 73, 78


 115, 50, 55


 88, 26, 34

 63, 1, 12

 41, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 227, 150, 153

 227, 150, 153

■ 227, 127, 131

■ 227, 173, 175

■ 227, 105, 109

■ 227, 195, 197

■ 227, 82, 88

■ 227, 218, 218

■ 227, 59, 66

■ 227, 234, 241

■ 227, 37, 44

■ 227, 241, 255

■ 227, 14, 22

■ 227, 0, 9

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 150, 182



227, 150, 153



219, 168, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



227, 150, 153



133, 182, 176



118, 156, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



227, 150, 153



150, 189, 227

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84, 140, 213



227, 150, 153



106, 153, 185

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



227, 150, 153



117, 175, 121



81, 134, 188



161, 166, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



227, 150, 153



207, 205, 118



81, 134, 188



105, 150, 223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



227, 150, 153



255, 230, 230



223, 150, 227



128, 112, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



227, 150, 153



255, 150, 155



227, 214, 150



115, 103, 104



179, 0, 7



51, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 150, 153



255, 150, 155



150, 177, 227



115, 103, 104



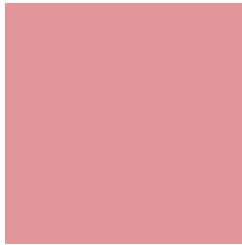
179, 0, 7



51, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 227, 150, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

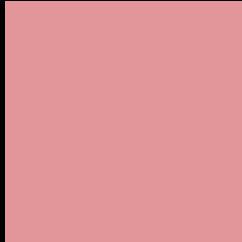
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 227, 150, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 227, 150, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 227, 150, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 227, 150, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
227, 150, 153

Protanopia
176, 176, 164

Deuteranopia
195, 173, 150



Tritanopia
228, 149, 160

Trichromacy



Original Color
227, 150, 153

Protanomaly
195, 163, 160

Deuteranomaly
207, 162, 151

Tritanomaly
228, 149, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
227, 150, 153

Achromatopsia
173, 173, 173

Achromatomaly
193, 165, 166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 227, 150, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 150, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 150, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 150, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 150, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 227, 150, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 150, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 150, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 150, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 150, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 150, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 150,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 227, 150, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 150, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
150, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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