

# Converting Colors

`RYB(228, 184, 225)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(228, 184, 225) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(228, 184, 225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4B8E1
RGB	228, 184, 225
RGB Percent	89%, 72%, 88%
CMY	0.1059, 0.2784, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.01, 0.11
HSL	304°, 45%, 81%
HSV	304°, 19%, 89%
XYZ	62.7260, 56.2112, 78.7780
YIQ	201.8300, 13.0630, 22.0790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

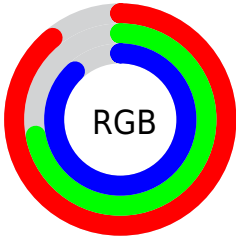
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 184, 225
Decimal	14989537
CIE Lab	79.73, 22.67, -14.49
CIE LCh	80, 26.906, 327.419
Yxy	56.2112, 0.3173, 0.2843
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293179617 (0xFFE4B8E1)
YUV	201.8300, 11.4228, 22.9511
Hunter-Lab	74.9741, 18.1347, -9.8162

# Details

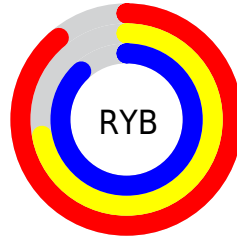
The RYB color **228, 184, 225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **184, 225, 228**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 240, 255**, and **172, 131, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **228, 161, 223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **228, 207, 227**.

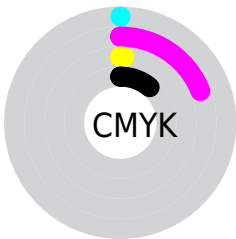
# Distribution



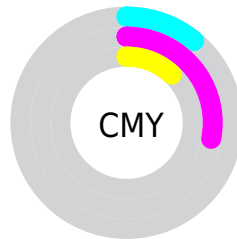
- Red (89%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 228, 184, 225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 228, 184, 225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 228, 184, 225

255, 255, 255

 255, 240, 255

 228, 184, 225

 200, 157, 197

 172, 131, 170

 145, 105, 143

 119, 81, 118

 94, 57, 93

 70, 35, 69

 47, 13, 47

 29, 0, 27

 0, 0, 0

 228, 184, 225

 228, 184, 225

 228, 161, 223

 228, 207, 227

 228, 138, 222

 228, 230, 230

 228, 116, 220

 228, 250, 252

 228, 93, 219

 228, 252, 255

 228, 70, 217

 228, 251, 255

 228, 47, 216

 228, 250, 255

 228, 24, 214

 228, 249, 255

 228, 2, 213

 228, 248, 255

 228, 0, 212

 228, 247, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199, 192, 242



228, 184, 225



245, 180, 201

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228, 184, 225



182, 218, 148



125, 170, 220

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



228, 184, 225



184, 225, 228

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137, 180, 212



228, 184, 225



153, 203, 164

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



228, 184, 225



239, 205, 156



163, 203, 209



135, 178, 239

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228, 184, 225



249, 180, 184



163, 203, 209



127, 170, 212



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228, 184, 225



255, 240, 254



187, 184, 228



128, 119, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228, 184, 225



255, 196, 251



228, 184, 203



115, 103, 114



179, 0, 166



51, 0, 48



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 184, 225



255, 196, 251



184, 212, 228



115, 103, 114



179, 0, 166

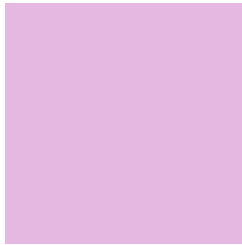


51, 0, 48



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 184, 225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

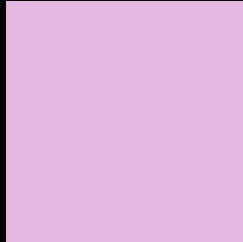
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 184, 225 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 228, 184, 225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 228, 184, 225.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 228, 184, 225.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
228, 184, 225

**Protanopia**  
191, 195, 233

**Deuteranopia**  
205, 193, 223



**Tritanopia**  
225, 188, 203

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
228, 184, 225

**Protanomaly**  
204, 192, 230

**Deuteranomaly**  
213, 190, 224

**Tritanomaly**  
226, 187, 211

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
228, 184, 225

**Achromatopsia**  
202, 202, 202

**Achromatomaly**  
211, 195, 210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 228, 184, 225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(228, 184, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 184, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 184, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 184, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 228, 184, 225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

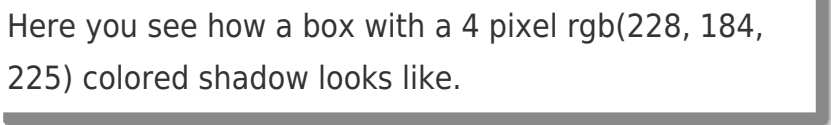
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 184, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 184, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 184, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 184, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 184, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 184,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 228, 184, 225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 184, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
184, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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