

Converting Colors

`RYB(228, 1, 216)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(228, 1, 216) contains.

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Color

`RYB(228, 1, 216)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E401D8
RGB	228, 1, 216
RGB Percent	89%, 0%, 85%
CMY	0.1059, 0.9961, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.05, 0.11
HSL	303°, 99%, 45%
HSV	303°, 100%, 89%
XYZ	44.4004, 21.4736, 66.7704
YIQ	93.3830, 66.2770, 114.9890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

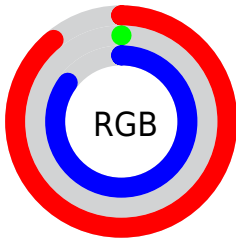
Format	Color
R _{YB}	228, 1, 216
Decimal	14942680
CIE Lab	53.46, 88.55, -50.15
CIE LCh	53, 101.763, 330.473
Yxy	21.4736, 0.3347, 0.1619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293132760 (0xFFE401D8)
YUV	93.3830, 60.4502, 118.0591
Hunter-Lab	46.3396, 89.9362, -52.9929

Details

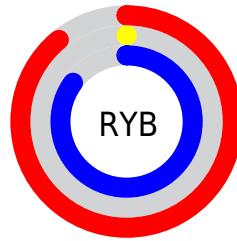
The RYB color **228, 1, 216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **1, 217, 228**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 98, 255**, and **168, 0, 160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **228, 0, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **228, 24, 217**.

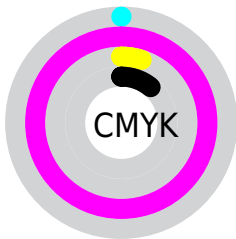
Distribution



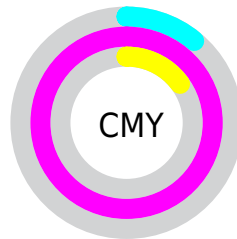
- Red (89%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (11%)





















- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 228, 1, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 228, 1, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 228, 1, 216	 228, 1, 216
 255, 255, 255	 198, 0, 188
 255, 98, 255	 168, 0, 160
 255, 130, 255	 138, 0, 134
 255, 161, 255	 109, 0, 108
 255, 192, 255	 80, 0, 83
 255, 222, 255	 51, 0, 59
 255, 253, 255	 17, 0, 36
	 0, 0, 11
	 0, 0, 0

■ 228, 1, 216

■ 228, 1, 216

■ 228, 0, 216

■ 228, 24, 217

■ 228, 47, 218

■ 228, 69, 220

■ 228, 92, 221

■ 228, 115, 222

■ 228, 138, 223

■ 228, 161, 224

■ 228, 183, 226

■ 228, 206, 227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101, 103, 255



228, 1, 216



255, 0, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228, 1, 216



37, 155, 0



0, 93, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



228, 1, 216



1, 217, 228

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 90, 161



228, 1, 216



0, 147, 88

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



228, 1, 216



221, 136, 0



0, 137, 157



0, 98, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228, 1, 216



255, 0, 74



0, 137, 157



0, 87, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228, 1, 216



255, 179, 251



12, 1, 228



128, 82, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228, 1, 216



255, 0, 242



228, 1, 103



115, 103, 114



179, 0, 169



51, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 1, 216



255, 0, 242



1, 147, 228



115, 103, 114



179, 0, 169



51, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 1, 216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

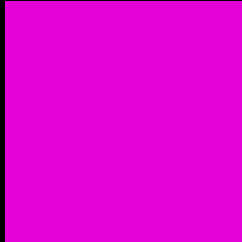
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 1, 216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 228, 1, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 228, 1, 216.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 228, 1, 216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
228, 1, 216

Protanopia
43, 102, 255

Deuteranopia
89, 119, 203



Tritanopia
215, 85, 90

Trichromacy



Original Color

228, 1, 216



Protanomaly

110, 80, 241



Deuteranomaly

140, 82, 208



Tritanomaly

220, 54, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

228, 1, 216



Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93



Achromatomaly

142, 60, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 228, 1, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 1, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 1, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 1, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 1, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 228, 1, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 1, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 1, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 1, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 1, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 1, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 1,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 228, 1, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 1, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 1,  
216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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