

# Converting Colors

`RYB(228, 237, 255)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(228, 237, 255) contains.

<b>RYB(228, 237, 255)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(228, 237, 255)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4F2FF
RGB	228, 242, 255
RGB Percent	89%, 95%, 100%
CMY	0.1059, 0.0529, 0.0000
CMYK	0.11, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 95%
HSV	210°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	81.6484, 86.9210, 107.0818
YIQ	239.2960, -12.5170, 1.0750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

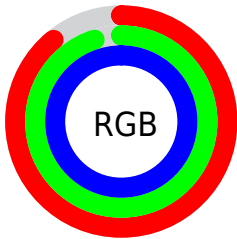
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 237, 255
Decimal	15004415
CIE Lab	94.70, -1.87, -8.02
CIE LCh	95, 8.236, 256.878
Yxy	86.9210, 0.2962, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293194495 (0xFFE4F2FF)
YUV	239.2960, 7.7421, -9.9066
Hunter-Lab	93.2314, -6.8317, -2.8361

# Details

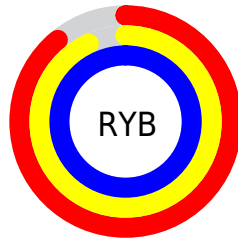
The RYB color **228, 237, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **253, 255, 228**, and the grayscale version is **239, 239, 239**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **172, 181, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 220, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 254, 254, 255.

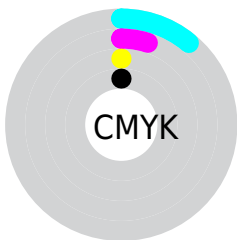
# Distribution



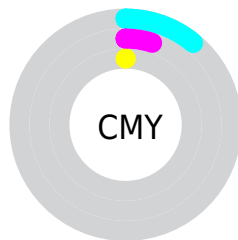
- Red (89%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 228, 237, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 228, 237, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 228, 237, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 228, 237, 255

■ 200, 209, 226

■ 172, 181, 198

■ 146, 155, 171

■ 120, 128, 145

■ 95, 103, 119

■ 71, 79, 94

■ 48, 56, 71

■ 27, 34, 48

■ 3, 12, 27

■ 228, 237, 255

■ 228, 237, 255

■ 203, 220, 255

254, 254, 255

■ 177, 203, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 152, 186, 255

■ 126, 169, 255

■ 101, 152, 255

■ 75, 135, 255

■ 50, 118, 255

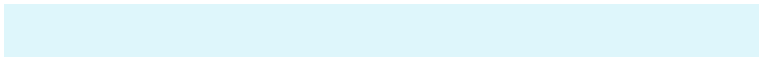
■ 24, 101, 255

■ 0, 85, 255

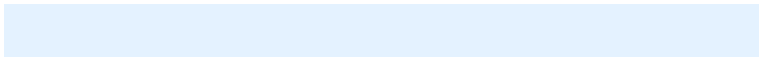
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 235, 251



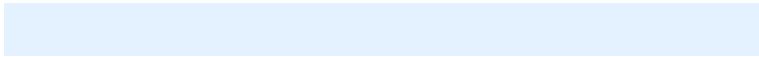
228, 237, 255



237, 239, 255

# Triad

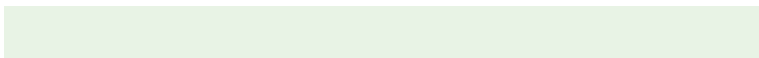
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228, 237, 255



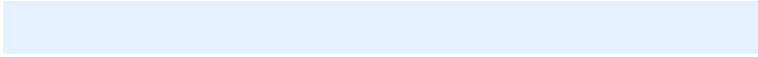
255, 235, 235



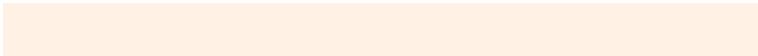
229, 243, 240

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



228, 237, 255



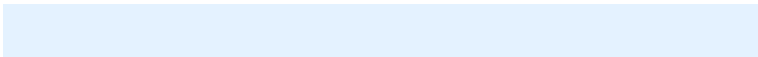
253, 255, 228

# Split Complementary

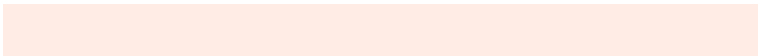
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



226, 242, 225



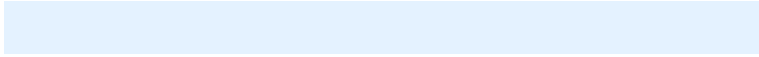
228, 237, 255



255, 239, 228

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



228, 237, 255



254, 235, 244



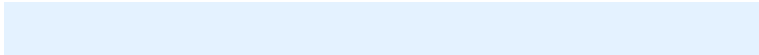
246, 250, 224



225, 237, 244

# Rectangle

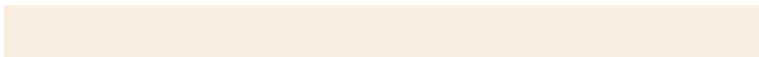
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228, 237, 255



244, 237, 252



246, 250, 224

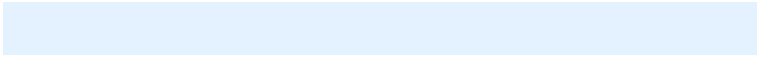


227, 242, 234

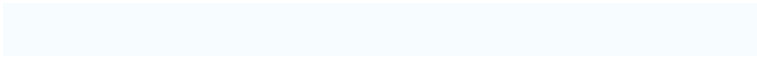


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228, 237, 255



247, 250, 255



228, 246, 255



122, 124, 128



0, 0, 0

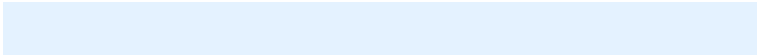


128, 128, 128

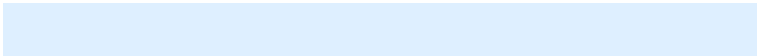


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228, 237, 255



222, 233, 255



228, 228, 255



115, 119, 128



0, 64, 191



0, 21, 64



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 228, 242



255, 222, 238



228, 255, 228



128, 115, 121



191, 0, 96

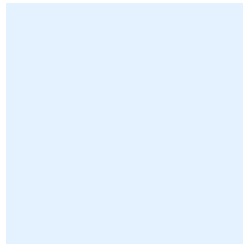


64, 0, 32



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 237, 255 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

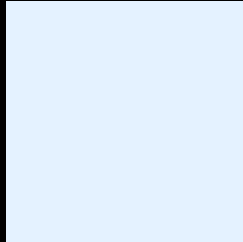
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 237, 255 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

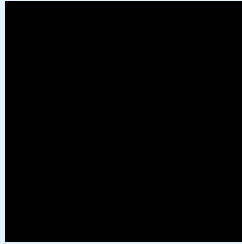
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

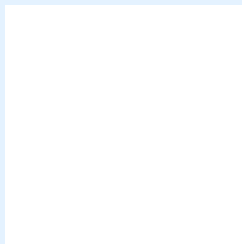
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 228, 237, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 228, 237, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 228, 237, 255.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
232, 238, 255

# Trichromacy



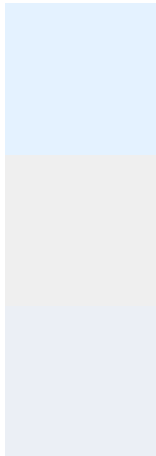
**Original Color**  
228, 237, 255

**Protanomaly**  
236, 239, 254

**Deuteranomaly**  
244, 236, 255

**Tritanomaly**  
231, 238, 255

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
228, 237, 255

**Achromatopsia**  
239, 239, 239

**Achromatomaly**  
235, 238, 245

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 228, 237, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 242, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 242, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 242, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 242, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 228, 237, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 242, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 242, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 242, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 242, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 242, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 242,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 228, 237, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 242, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
242, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor