

# Converting Colors

`RYB(228, 62, 244)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(228, 62, 244) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(228, 62, 244)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E43EF4
RGB	228, 62, 244
RGB Percent	89%, 24%, 96%
CMY	0.1059, 0.7569, 0.0431
CMYK	0.07, 0.75, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	295°, 89%, 60%
HSV	295°, 75%, 96%
XYZ	50.0467, 26.4709, 88.0596
YIQ	132.3820, 40.5140, 91.7940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

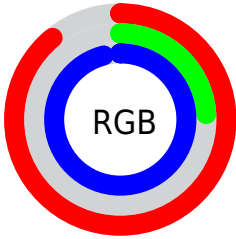
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 62, 244
Decimal	14958324
CIE Lab	58.48, 82.71, -57.92
CIE LCh	58, 100.977, 324.997
Yxy	26.4709, 0.3041, 0.1608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293148404 (0xFFE43EF4)
YUV	132.3820, 55.0277, 83.8570
Hunter-Lab	51.4499, 83.5945, -65.4636

# Details

The RYB color **228, 62, 244** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **62, 244, 228**, and the grayscale version is **132, 132, 132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 126, 255**, and **168, 0, 187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **226, 38, 244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 86, 244**.

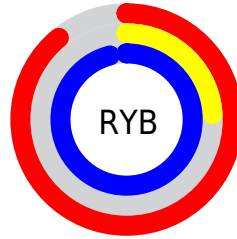
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (24%)

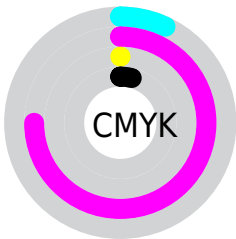
Blue (96%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (96%)

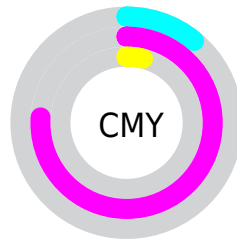


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (76%)


















Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 228, 62, 244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 228, 62, 244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 228, 62, 244	 228, 62, 244
 255, 255, 255	 198, 13, 215
 255, 126, 255	 168, 0, 187
 255, 156, 255	 139, 0, 159
 255, 185, 255	 110, 0, 132
 255, 215, 255	 81, 0, 106
 255, 246, 255	 54, 0, 81
	 20, 0, 57
	 0, 2, 34
	 0, 0, 9

■ 228, 62, 244

■ 228, 62, 244

■ 226, 38, 244

■ 230, 86, 244

■ 224, 13, 244

■ 232, 111, 244

■ 223, 0, 244

■ 234, 135, 244

■ 237, 160, 244

■ 239, 184, 244

■ 241, 208, 244

■ 243, 233, 244

■ 244, 255, 254

■ 244, 255, 252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67, 111, 255



228, 62, 244



255, 0, 160

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



228, 62, 244



72, 184, 0



0, 97, 214

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



228, 62, 244



62, 244, 228

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 103, 175



228, 62, 244



0, 157, 59

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



228, 62, 244



247, 134, 0



0, 162, 169



0, 103, 255

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



228, 62, 244



255, 0, 101



0, 162, 169



0, 90, 184



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



228, 62, 244



250, 199, 255



62, 78, 244



125, 94, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



228, 62, 244



235, 25, 255



244, 62, 171



121, 110, 122



170, 0, 186



53, 0, 59



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 62, 78



255, 25, 46



62, 192, 244



122, 110, 111



186, 0, 16



59, 0, 5



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 62, 244 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

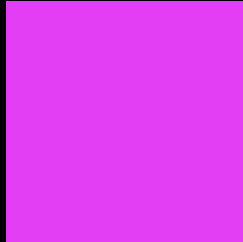
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 228, 62, 244 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

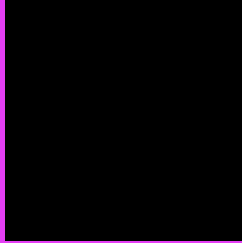
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 228, 62, 244 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 228, 62, 244.

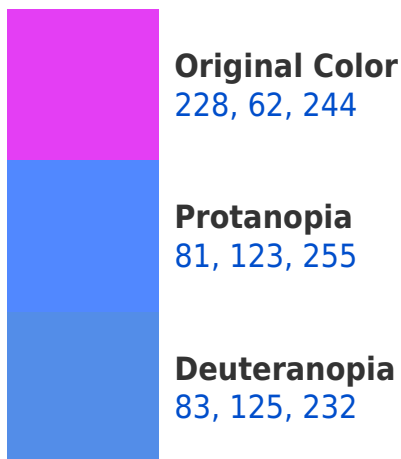



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 228, 62, 244.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
212, 109, 117

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

228, 62, 244



**Protanomaly**

134, 110, 251



**Deuteranomaly**

136, 112, 236



**Tritanomaly**

218, 92, 163

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

228, 62, 244



**Achromatopsia**

132, 132, 132



**Achromatomaly**

167, 107, 173

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 228, 62, 244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 62, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(228, 62, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 62, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 62, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 228, 62, 244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 62, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 62, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 62, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 62, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 62, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 62,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 228, 62, 244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 62, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 62,  
244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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