

# Converting Colors

`RYB(229, 236, 188)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(229, 236, 188) contains.

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# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(229, 236, 188)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECD6BC
RGB	236, 214, 188
RGB Percent	93%, 84%, 74%
CMY	0.0745, 0.1612, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.20, 0.07
HSL	32°, 56%, 83%
HSV	32°, 20%, 93%
XYZ	67.6873, 69.5000, 57.4243
YIQ	217.6140, 21.4580, -3.4220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

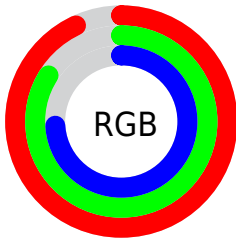
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 236, 188
Decimal	15521468
CIE Lab	86.75, 3.61, 15.57
CIE LCh	87, 15.983, 76.937
Yxy	69.5000, 0.3478, 0.3571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293711548 (0xFFECD6BC)
YUV	217.6140, -14.5997, 16.1245
Hunter-Lab	83.3667, -0.9634, 17.5168

# Details

The RYB color **229, 236, 188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **188, 203, 236**, and the grayscale version is **218, 218, 218**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244, 255, 244**, and **174, 180, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **225, 236, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232, 236, 212**.

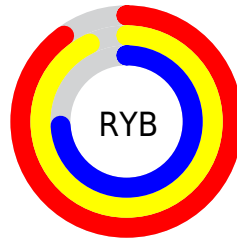
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (84%)

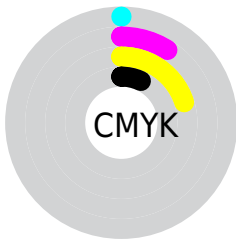
Blue (74%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (74%)

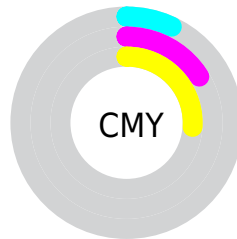


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 229, 236, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 229, 236, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 229, 236, 188

255, 255, 255

 244, 255, 244

 229, 236, 188

 202, 208, 161

 174, 180, 135

 146, 153, 109

 117, 126, 85

 92, 101, 62

 66, 76, 40

 43, 53, 19

 22, 32, 0

 0, 0, 0

 229, 236, 188

 229, 236, 188

 225, 236, 164


 232, 236, 212

 223, 236, 141


 235, 236, 235


 219, 236, 117


 236, 243, 255


 217, 236, 94

 236, 246, 255

 210, 236, 70

 206, 236, 46

 205, 236, 23

 203, 236, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



247, 213, 196



229, 236, 188



189, 220, 188

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



229, 236, 188



179, 203, 226



230, 211, 238

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



229, 236, 188



188, 203, 236

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212, 216, 246



229, 236, 188



181, 206, 239

# Square

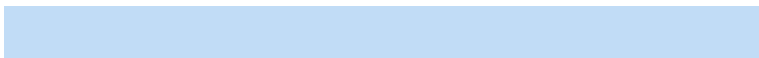
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



229, 236, 188



187, 212, 226



193, 211, 246



244, 207, 224

# Rectangle

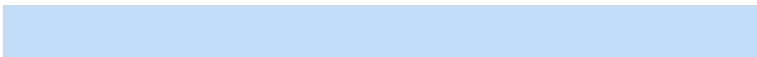
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



229, 236, 188



193, 222, 206



193, 211, 246



225, 212, 241



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



229, 236, 188



253, 255, 240



236, 188, 210



128, 126, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



229, 236, 188



246, 255, 194



188, 236, 190



115, 117, 106



153, 181, 0



47, 54, 0

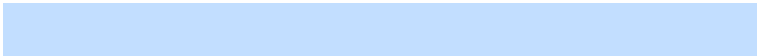


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 203, 236



194, 213, 255



190, 188, 236



106, 109, 117



0, 57, 181

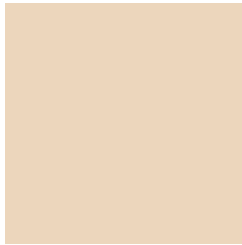


0, 17, 54



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 229, 236, 188 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 229, 236, 188 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

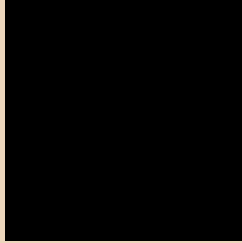
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

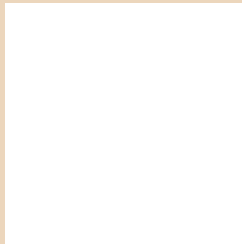
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 229, 236, 188 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 229, 236, 188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 229, 236, 188.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
229, 236, 188

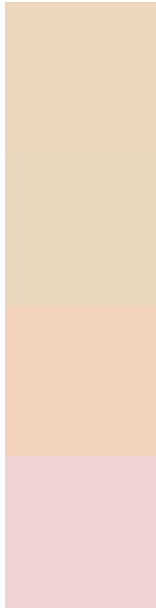
**Protanopia**  
204, 228, 189

**Deuteranopia**  
248, 219, 189



**Tritanopia**  
241, 209, 225

# Trichromacy



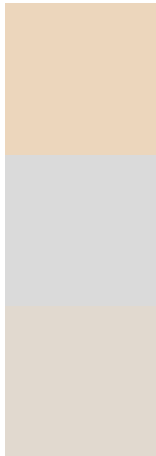
**Original Color**  
229, 236, 188

**Protanomaly**  
212, 231, 189

**Deuteranomaly**  
244, 226, 189

**Tritanomaly**  
239, 211, 212

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
229, 236, 188

**Achromatopsia**  
218, 218, 218

**Achromatomaly**  
221, 225, 207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 229, 236, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 214, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 214, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 214, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 214, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 229, 236, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 214, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 214, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 214, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 214, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 214, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 214,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 229, 236, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 214, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
214, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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