

Converting Colors

`RYB(230, 122, 149)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(230, 122, 149) contains.

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Color

R_YB(230, 122, 149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E67A95
RGB	230, 122, 149
RGB Percent	90%, 48%, 58%
CMY	0.0980, 0.5216, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.35, 0.10
HSL	345°, 68%, 69%
HSV	345°, 47%, 90%
XYZ	45.0175, 32.9120, 32.4137
YIQ	157.3700, 55.7010, 31.2930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

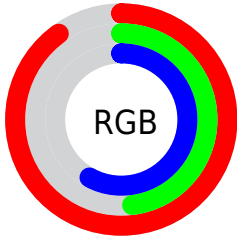
Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 122, 149
Decimal	15104661
CIE Lab	64.09, 44.53, 4.54
CIE LCh	64, 44.766, 5.825
Yxy	32.9120, 0.4080, 0.2983
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293294741 (0xFFE67A95)
YUV	157.3700, -4.1264, 63.6965
Hunter-Lab	57.3690, 39.6734, 6.6592

Details

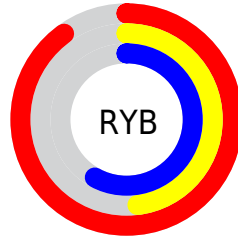
The RYB color **230, 122, 149** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **122, 184, 230**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 177, 203**, and **171, 69, 98** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **230, 99, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 145, 166**.

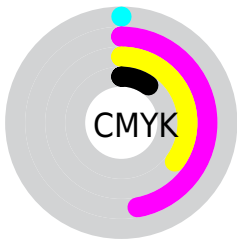
Distribution



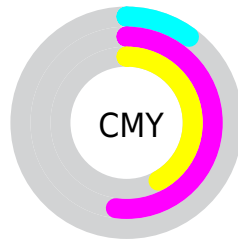
- Red (90%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 230, 122, 149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 230, 122, 149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 230, 122, 149

 230, 122, 149

255, 255, 255

 200, 96, 123

 255, 177, 203

 171, 69, 98

 255, 205, 231

 143, 43, 75

 255, 234, 255

 115, 11, 52

 87, 0, 31


 62, 0, 6

 33, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0


 230, 122, 149

 230, 122, 149


 230, 99, 132

 230, 145, 166

 230, 76, 115

 230, 168, 184

 230, 53, 97

 230, 191, 201

 230, 30, 80

 230, 214, 218

 230, 7, 63

 230, 234, 237

 230, 0, 58

 230, 243, 255

 230, 243, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211, 128, 189



230, 122, 149



227, 131, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230, 122, 149



88, 167, 125



0, 97, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230, 122, 149



122, 184, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 93, 201



230, 122, 149



76, 142, 173

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230, 122, 149



92, 172, 73



0, 92, 176



103, 141, 235

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230, 122, 149



214, 166, 90



0, 92, 176



0, 96, 220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230, 122, 149



255, 219, 228



203, 122, 230



128, 106, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230, 122, 149



255, 112, 148



230, 158, 122



115, 103, 106



179, 0, 45



51, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 122, 149



255, 112, 148



122, 168, 230



115, 103, 106



179, 0, 45



51, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 230, 122, 149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

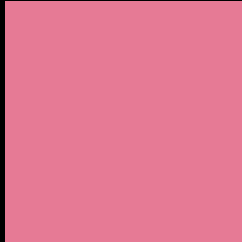
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 230, 122, 149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 230, 122, 149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 230, 122, 149.

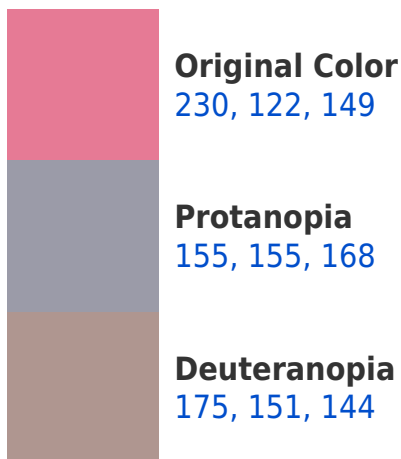


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 230, 122, 149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
229, 125, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

230, 122, 149



Protanomaly

182, 143, 161



Deuteranomaly

195, 140, 146



Tritanomaly

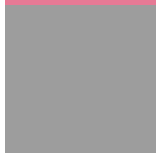
229, 124, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

230, 122, 149



Achromatopsia

157, 157, 157



Achromatomaly

184, 144, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 230, 122, 149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(230, 122, 149) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 122, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 122, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 122, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 230, 122, 149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

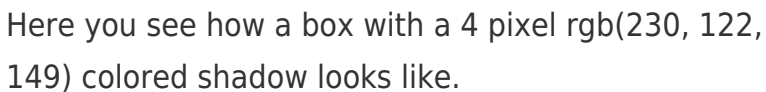
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 122, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 122, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 122, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 122, 149); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 122, 149); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 122, 149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 230, 122, 149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 122, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
122, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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