

# Converting Colors

`RYB(230, 247, 236)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(230, 247, 236) contains.

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# **Color**

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(230, 247, 236)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1F7E6
RGB	241, 247, 230
RGB Percent	95%, 97%, 90%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0314, 0.0980
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.07, 0.03
HSL	81°, 52%, 94%
HSV	81°, 7%, 97%
XYZ	83.8193, 90.9355, 87.9975
YIQ	243.2680, 1.8810, -6.5590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

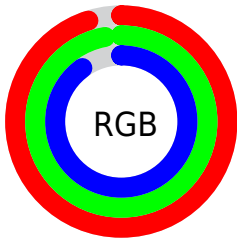
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 247, 236
Decimal	15857638
CIE Lab	96.38, -4.93, 7.47
CIE LCh	96, 8.950, 123.423
Yxy	90.9355, 0.3190, 0.3461
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294047718 (0xFFFF1F7E6)
YUV	243.2680, -6.5411, -1.9890
Hunter-Lab	95.3601, -9.9828, 12.0398

# Details

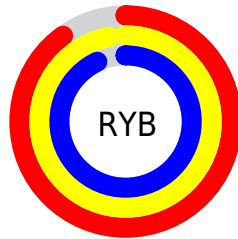
The RYB color **230, 247, 236** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **236, 230, 247**, and the grayscale version is **243, 243, 243**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **175, 191, 181** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 247, 220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **250, 247, 255**.

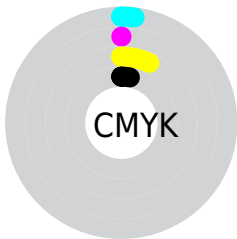
# Distribution



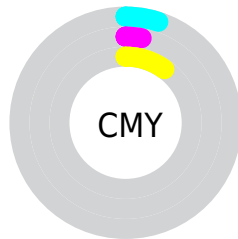
- Red (95%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 230, 247, 236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 230, 247, 236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 230, 247, 236

255, 255, 255


 230, 247, 236

 202, 219, 208


 175, 191, 181

 148, 164, 154

 122, 137, 127

 97, 112, 102

 74, 88, 80

 51, 64, 56

 30, 42, 34

 5, 22, 10

 230, 247, 236

 230, 247, 236

 205, 247, 220

 250, 247, 255

 181, 247, 204

 255, 247, 255

 156, 247, 188

 131, 247, 172

 107, 247, 157

 82, 247, 140

 57, 247, 124

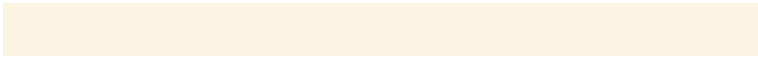
 32, 247, 108

 8, 247, 92

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



237, 251, 227



230, 247, 236



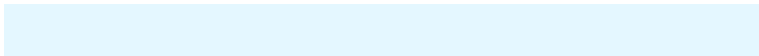
231, 245, 249

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230, 247, 236



228, 239, 255



255, 239, 244

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230, 247, 236



236, 230, 247

# Split Complementary

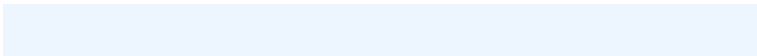
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 240, 253



230, 247, 236



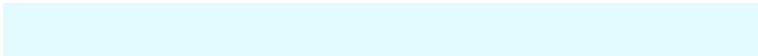
237, 243, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



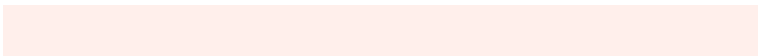
230, 247, 236



224, 238, 254



248, 242, 255



255, 240, 235

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230, 247, 236



227, 241, 250



248, 242, 255



255, 239, 247



# Sweetspot

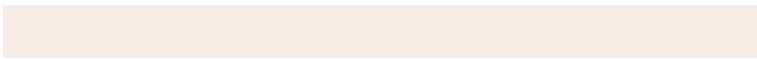
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230, 247, 236



250, 255, 252



247, 239, 230



125, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230, 247, 236



235, 255, 242



230, 247, 244



110, 122, 114



0, 186, 66



0, 59, 21



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 230, 247



242, 235, 255



244, 230, 247



114, 110, 122



66, 0, 186

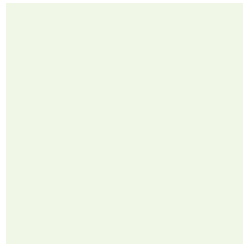


21, 0, 59



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 230, 247, 236 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

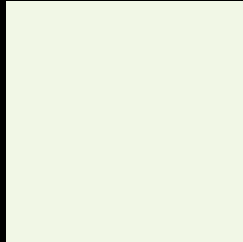
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 230, 247, 236 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

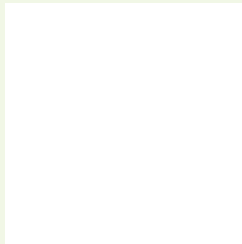
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 230, 247, 236 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 230, 247, 236.

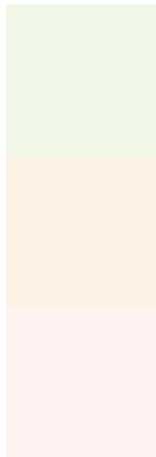


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 230, 247, 236.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
230, 247, 236

**Protanopia**  
245, 253, 228

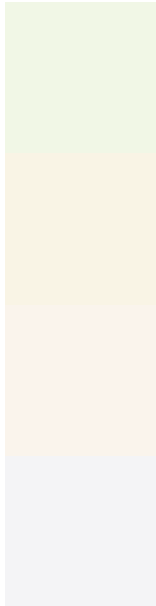
**Deuteranopia**  
255, 242, 240



# Tritanopia

245, 243, 255

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

230, 247, 236

**Protanomaly**

236, 249, 229

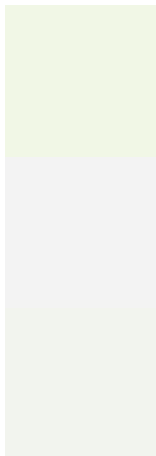
**Deuteranomaly**

247, 250, 236

**Tritanomaly**

244, 244, 246

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

230, 247, 236

**Achromatopsia**

243, 243, 243

**Achromatomaly**

238, 244, 240

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 230, 247, 236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(241, 247, 230) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 247, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 247, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 247, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 230, 247, 236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 247, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 247, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 247, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 247, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 247, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 247,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 230, 247, 236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 247, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
247, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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