

Converting Colors

`RYB(230, 34, 166)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(230, 34, 166) contains.

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Color

R_{YB}(230, 34, 166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E622A6
RGB	230, 34, 166
RGB Percent	90%, 13%, 65%
CMY	0.0980, 0.8667, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.85, 0.28, 0.10
HSL	320°, 80%, 52%
HSV	320°, 85%, 90%
XYZ	40.0881, 20.7202, 37.9629
YIQ	107.6520, 74.4440, 82.6040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

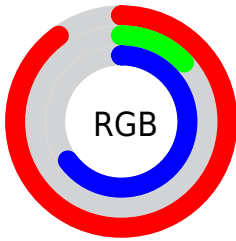
Format	Color
R_{YB}	230, 34, 166
Decimal	15082150
CIE _{Lab}	52.64, 79.10, -22.42
CIE _{LCh}	53, 82.214, 344.177
Yxy	20.7202, 0.4059, 0.2098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293272230 (0xFFE622A6)
YUV	107.6520, 28.7656, 107.2992
Hunter-Lab	45.5195, 77.5423, -17.5838

Details

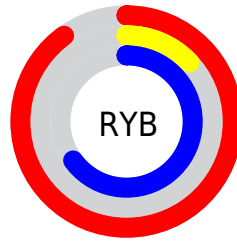
The RYB color **230, 34, 166** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **34, 182, 230**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 106, 221**, and **169, 0, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **230, 11, 158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **230, 57, 174**.

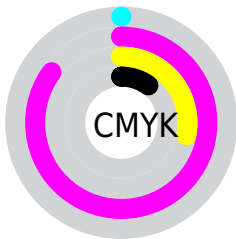
Distribution



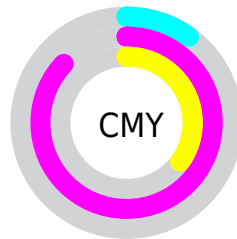
- Red (90%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 230, 34, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 230, 34, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 230, 34, 166

 230, 34, 166

255, 255, 255

 199, 0, 140

 255, 106, 221

 169, 0, 114

 255, 137, 250

 140, 0, 89

 255, 167, 255

 110, 0, 66

 255, 197, 255

 82, 0, 43

 255, 227, 255

 53, 0, 22

 11, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 230, 34, 166

 230, 34, 166

■ 230, 11, 158

■ 230, 57, 174

■ 230, 0, 155

■ 230, 80, 181

■ 230, 103, 189

■ 230, 126, 196

■ 230, 149, 204

■ 230, 172, 211

■ 230, 195, 219

■ 230, 218, 226

■ 230, 238, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167, 87, 228



230, 34, 166



246, 12, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



230, 34, 166



0, 133, 11



0, 91, 224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



230, 34, 166



34, 182, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 78, 158



230, 34, 166



0, 147, 141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



230, 34, 166



124, 183, 0



0, 99, 153



0, 92, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



230, 34, 166



237, 53, 50



0, 99, 153



0, 88, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



230, 34, 166



255, 189, 233



96, 34, 230



128, 88, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



230, 34, 166



255, 0, 172



230, 34, 70



115, 103, 111



179, 0, 120



51, 0, 34

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 34, 166



255, 0, 172



34, 142, 230



115, 103, 111



179, 0, 120



51, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 230, 34, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

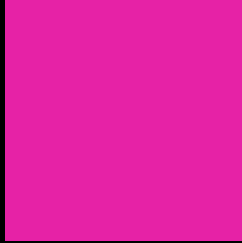
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 230, 34, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 230, 34, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 230, 34, 166.

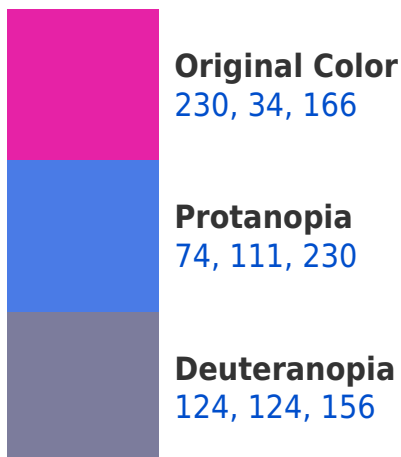


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 230, 34, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
223, 71, 75

Trichromacy



Original Color

230, 34, 166



Protanomaly

131, 91, 207



Deuteranomaly

163, 91, 160



Tritanomaly

226, 58, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

230, 34, 166



Achromatopsia

108, 108, 108



Achromatomaly

152, 81, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 230, 34, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 34, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 34, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 34, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 34, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 230, 34, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 34, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 34, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 34, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 34, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 34, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 34,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 230, 34, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 34, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230, 34,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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