

Converting Colors

`RYB(232, 176, 205)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(232, 176, 205) contains.

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Color

R_YB(232, 176, 205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8B0CD
RGB	232, 176, 205
RGB Percent	91%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.0902, 0.3098, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.12, 0.09
HSL	329°, 55%, 80%
HSV	329°, 24%, 91%
XYZ	59.8235, 52.6143, 64.7601
YIQ	196.0500, 24.0670, 20.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

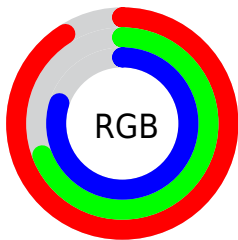
Format	Color
R _Y B	232, 176, 205
Decimal	15249613
CIE Lab	77.65, 24.85, -6.73
CIE LCh	78, 25.744, 344.834
Yxy	52.6143, 0.3376, 0.2969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293439693 (0xFFE8B0CD)
YUV	196.0500, 4.4123, 31.5281
Hunter-Lab	72.5357, 20.2797, -2.1594

Details

The RYB color **232, 176, 205** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 214, 232**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 255**, and **176, 123, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **232, 153, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **232, 199, 216**.

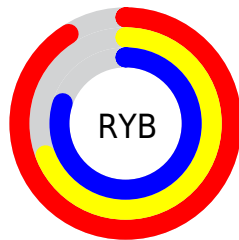
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (69%)

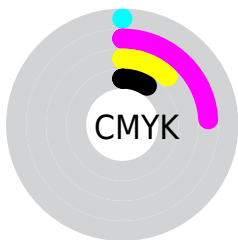
Blue (80%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (80%)

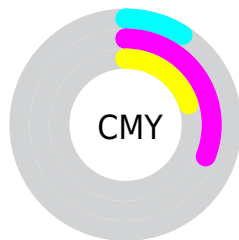


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)


Magenta (31%)


Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 232, 176, 205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 232, 176, 205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 232, 176, 205

 232, 176, 205


255, 255, 255

 204, 149, 178

 255, 232, 255

 176, 123, 151

 149, 98, 125

 122, 73, 100

 97, 50, 76

 72, 27, 53

 48, 5, 32

 27, 0, 7

 0, 0, 0

■ 232, 176, 205

■ 232, 176, 205

■ 232, 153, 194

■ 232, 199, 216

■ 232, 130, 183

■ 232, 222, 227

■ 232, 106, 171

■ 232, 241, 246

■ 232, 83, 160

■ 232, 245, 255

■ 232, 60, 149

■ 232, 244, 255

■ 232, 37, 138

■ 232, 14, 127

■ 232, 0, 120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 182, 226



232, 176, 205



241, 175, 181

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232, 176, 205



149, 197, 146



126, 169, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232, 176, 205



176, 214, 232

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126, 166, 205



232, 176, 205



157, 201, 188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



232, 176, 205



212, 221, 146



144, 183, 205



147, 180, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



232, 176, 205



239, 179, 166



144, 183, 205



123, 167, 218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232, 176, 205



255, 237, 246



202, 176, 232



128, 117, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232, 176, 205



255, 181, 219



232, 176, 178



115, 103, 109



179, 0, 92



51, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 176, 205



255, 181, 219



176, 205, 232



115, 103, 109



179, 0, 92



51, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 232, 176, 205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

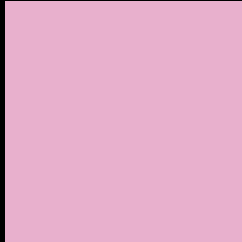
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 232, 176, 205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

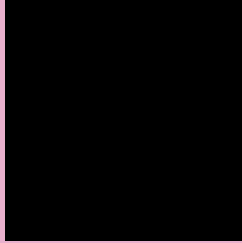
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 232, 176, 205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 232, 176, 205.

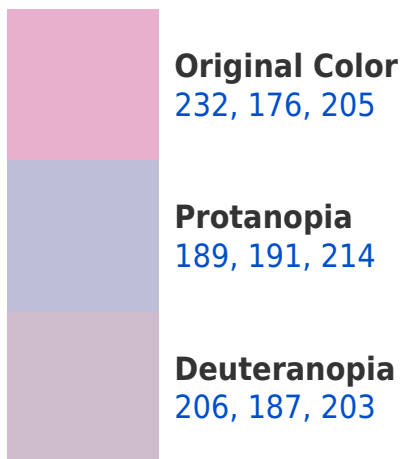



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 232, 176, 205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
230, 178, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color

232, 176, 205

Protanomaly

205, 186, 211

Deuteranomaly

215, 183, 204

Tritanomaly

231, 177, 197

Monochromacy



Original Color

232, 176, 205

Achromatopsia

196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly

209, 189, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 232, 176, 205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(232, 176, 205) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 176, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 176, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 176, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 232, 176, 205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

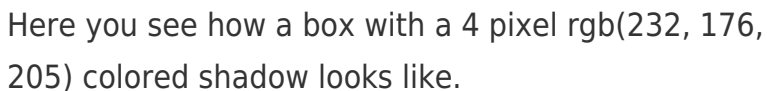
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 176, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 176, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 176, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 176, 205); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 176, 205); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 176, 205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 232, 176, 205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 176, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
176, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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